Niti

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY AT GOA

MISC. CIVIL APPLICATION NO.2283 OF 2025(F)
IN
PUBLIC INTEREST LITIGATION WRIT PETITION NO.13 OF 2021
AND
PUBLIC INTEREST LITIGATION WRIT PETITION NO.13 OF 2021

GOA TAMNAR TRANSMISSION
PROJECT LTD. ...APPLICANT

Versus

THE GOA FOUNDATION, THR.
ITS SECRETARY, DR CLAUDE
ALVARES .... RESPONDENT

AND
PUBLIC INTEREST LITIGATION WRIT PETITION NO.13 OF 2021
THE GOA FOUNDATION,
THR. ITS SECRETARY,
DR CLAUDE ALVARES .... PETITIONER

Versus

STATE OF GOA,
THR. IT SHCIEF SECRETARY
AND 9 ORS. .... RESPONDENTS

Mr Shivan Desai (through V.C.) and Ms Riya Amonkar, Advocates for the Applicant.

Ms Norma Alvares, Senior Advocate with Mr Om D'Costa, Advocate for the original Petitioner.

Ms Maria Correia, Additional Government Advocate for Respondent Nos.1 to 3 and 5 to 7.

Mr Raviraj Chodankar, Central Government Standing Counsel for

ITEM NO.4 COURT NO.1 SECTION XVII

S U P R E M E C O U R T O F I N D I A
RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS

Civil Appeal Diary No(s). 37942/2014

GOA FOUNDATION TH. SECY. Appellant(s)

VERSUS

STATE OF GOA AND ORS. Respondent(s)
(with appln. (s) for condonation of delay in filing appeal. and office report)

Date : 04/02/2015 This appeal was called on for hearing today.

CORAM :
HON'BLE THE CHIEF JUSTICE
HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE A.K. SIKRI
HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE ARUN MISHRA

For Appellant(s) Mr.Sanjay Parikh,Adv.
Mr.Ritwik Parikh, Adv.
Ms. Anitha Shenoy,Adv.

For Respondent(s)

UPON hearing the counsel the Court made the following
O R D E R

Treat this appeal as an Interlocutory Application in Writ Petition (C) No.202 of 1995, *T.N. Godavarman Thirumulkpad Vs. Union of India & Ors.*, and list it before the Green Bench on 27.02.2015.

In the meanwhile, we direct that the respondents herein will not issue any 'No Objection Certificate(s)' for the conversion of any plot that has natural vegetation with tree canopy density in excess of 0.1 and an area above one hectare.

(G.V.Ramana)
Court Master

Signature Not Verified
Digitally signed by
Ramana Venkata Ganti
Date: 2015.02.06
16:58:13 IST
Reason:

(Vinod Kulvi)
Asstt.Registrar

Respondent No.4.

CORAM : BHARATI DANGRE &
ASHISH S. CHAVAN, JJ

DATE : 16th SEPTEMBER 2025

ORAL ORDER : *(Per Bharati Dangre, J.)*

1. In continuation of the order dated 09.09.2025, passed in Misc. Civil Application taken out by respondent no.9, seeking disposal of the PIL Writ Petition on the ground that it has been rendered infructuous as the petition revolved around the project for the sub-station being constructed in Sangod Village and this proposal having been abandoned, the petitioner/the applicant had even surrendered land to the Government and the sub-station is being constructed on some other site.

In the wake of the request to dispose of the PIL proceedings, Ms Alvares has tendered an affidavit filed by the petitioner and she would fairly submit that the petitioner has no objection in disposing of the petition as she agrees that the same has been rendered infructuous. The affidavit is taken on record. She would only like to invite our attention to the statement made in the application, where the applicant has categorically stated thus:

> *"5. In lieu of the same, Sy No.21/1 and other forest lands as stated in para 15 of the application, namely Sy Nos.22/1 and 24/1-A, have been handed over to the Forest Dept together with an amount of Rs.22,44,80,268 as compensatory afforestation cost together with Net Prevent Value estimation for all areas in Goa*

ITEM NO.4 COURT NO.1 SECTION XVII

S U P R E M E C O U R T O F I N D I A
RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS

Civil Appeal Diary No(s). 37942/2014

GOA FOUNDATION TH. SECY. Appellant(s)

VERSUS

STATE OF GOA AND ORS. Respondent(s)
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Date : 04/02/2015 This appeal was called on for hearing today.

CORAM :
HON'BLE THE CHIEF JUSTICE
HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE A.K. SIKRI
HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE ARUN MISHRA

For Appellant(s) Mr.Sanjay Parikh,Adv.
Mr.Ritwik Parikh, Adv.
Ms. Anitha Shenoy,Adv.

For Respondent(s)

UPON hearing the counsel the Court made the following
O R D E R

Treat this appeal as an Interlocutory Application in Writ Petition (C) No.202 of 1995, *T.N. Godavarman Thirumulkpad Vs. Union of India & Ors.*, and list it before the Green Bench on 27.02.2015.

In the meanwhile, we direct that the respondents herein will not issue any 'No Objection Certificate(s)' for the conversion of any plot that has natural vegetation with tree canopy density in excess of 0.1 and an area above one hectare.

(G.V.Ramana)
Court Master

(Vinod Kulvi)
Asstt.Registrar

Signature Not Verified
Digitally signed by
Ramana Venkata Ganti
Date: 2015.02.06
16:58:13 IST
Reason:

affected by the HTL line including the Sangod plot. The department has commenced work to reforest the Sangod plot.

6. In view of the above facts, and the return of Sy No.21/1 of Sangod village to its forestry status, the petitioner is satisfied with the outcome of these proceedings and the PIL may therefore be disposed of accordingly."

2. Even as per the applicant, for the purpose of undertaking construction of the sub-station, the technical clearance was granted by the TCP department and even the construction licence was issued but since now the project has been abandoned, the PIL petition, according to us, must come to an end.

In the wake of the aforesaid, Misc. Civil Application No.2283/2025(F) is allowed and the PIL Writ Petition is disposed of as infructuous.

ASHISH S. CHAVAN, J. **BHARATI DANGRE, J.**

Signed by: NITI KISHOR HALDANKAR
Designation: Private Secretary
Date: 17/09/2025 11:04:04

against respondent no.2 as in view of this statement respondent no.2, in any event, cannot deal with any of the part of the property in any manner whatsoever henceforth.

6. This leaves for consideration the rights of the third parties namely Respondent nos. 12 to 47, who have been impleaded by virtue of this order. The property is one. Prima facie, atleast therefore, the rights and restrictions applicable to the part of the property sold by respondent no.2 to the third parties would be similar to those in respect of that part of the property sold to respondent no.1. The Government of India, as noted earlier, is re-considering the entire matter which involves the question as to whether the land is a private forest land and whether cutting of hill slopes contrary to the limits prescribed by law is involved. It is for this reason and for the reasons which we will now mention that we are inclined to pass certain interim orders even against Respondent nos. 12 to 47, despite their not being before us today.

7. Mr. Nadkarni, the learned Senior Counsel, appearing on behalf of Respondent no.6, Mormugao Planning and Development Authority, stated that in respect of six plots, permission for construction has been granted. The statement tendered by Mr. Nadkarni is taken on record and marked X-1. The plot owners at serial nos. 1 and 3 to 6, have commenced construction. The plot owner at serial no. 2 has completed the construction.

8. It is pointed out that the owner at serial no.2, namely Mrs. Filomeno Fernandes and Ors., are mundkars. In the circumstances, no reliefs can be granted against them. It is not necessary to implead them either. In fact, no reliefs have been sought against them.

display_pdf.php https://hcservices.ecourts.gov.in/ecourtindiaHC/cases/display_pdf.php

Sangod

Amrut

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY AT GOA

MISC.CIVIL APPLICATION NO.2283 OF 2025 (F)
IN
PUBLIC INTEREST LITIGATION WP NO.13 OF 2021

GOA TAMNAR TRANSMISSION PROJECT LTD ... APPLICANT

Versus

THE GOA FOUNDATION, THR. ITS SECRETARY, DR CLAUDE ALVARES ... RESPONDENT

Mr Shivan Desai and Ms Tahira Menezes, Advocates for the applicant.
Ms Malisa Simone, Advocate for the original petitioner.
Ms Maria Correia, Additional Government Advocate for respondent Nos.1 to 3 and 5 to 7.

CORAM:- BHARATI DANGRE &
ASHISH S. CHAVAN, JJ.

DATED :- 9th September, 2025

P.C.:

Misc. Civil Application No.2283 of 2025 (F) taken out by respondent No.9 seek disposal of the writ petition on the ground that it has been rendered infructuous as the petition revolved around the project for the substation being constructed at Sangod Village and this proposal has been abandoned and even the land is surrendered to the Government and the substation has now been constructed at some other site.

(*a*) trees which have been planted and grown, and are not of spontaneous growth, and

(*b*) are in areas which were not forests earlier, but were cleared for any reason.

2. The State Government, within four weeks from today, is to constitute a committee for identifying all "forests".

3. Those tribals who are part of the social forestry programme in respect of patta lands, other than forests, may continue to grow and cut according to the Government Scheme provided that they grow and cut trees in accordance with the law applicable.

4. Insofar as the plantations (tea, coffee, cardamom etc.) are concerned, it is directed as under:

(*a*) The felling of shade trees in these plantations will be —

(*i*) limited to trees which have been planted, and not those which have grown spontaneously;

(*ii*) limited to the species identified in the TANTEA Report;

(*iii*) in accordance with the recommendations of (including to the extent recommended by) TANTEA; and

(*iv*) under the supervision of the statutory committee constituted by the State Government.

(*b*) Insofar as the fuel trees planted by the plantations for fuel wood outside the forest area are concerned, the State Government is directed to obtain within four weeks, a report from TANTEA as was done in the case of shade trees, and the further action for felling them will be as per that report. Meanwhile, Eucalyptus and Wattle trees in such area may be felled by them for their own use as permitted by the statutory committee.

(*c*) The State Government is directed to ascertain and identify those areas of the plantation which are a "forest" and are not in active use as a plantation. No felling of any trees is however to be permitted in these areas, and sub-paras (*b*) and (*c*) above will not apply to such areas.

(*d*) There will be no further expansion of the plantations in a manner so as to involve encroachment upon (by way of clearing or otherwise) of "forests".

5. As far as the trees already cut, prior to the interim orders of this Court dated December 11, 1995 are concerned, the same may be permitted to be removed provided they were not so felled for Janmam land. The State Government would verify these trees and mark them suitably to ensure that this order is duly complied with. For the present, this is being permitted as a one-time measure.

6. Insofar as felling of any trees in Janmam lands is concerned (whether in plantations or otherwise), the ban on felling will operate subject to any order made in the Civil Appeals Nos. 367 to 375 of 1977

The learned counsel for the original petitioner - Goa Foundation seek some time as according to her, the petition cannot be said to have been rendered infructuous.

We expect her to make submission on the next date of hearing on this aspect.

List the application on 16.09.2025, on the supplementary board.

ASHISH S. CHAVAN, J. **BHARATI DANGRE, J.**

Signed by: AMRUT NAGESH TARI
Designation: Personal Assistant
Date: 10/09/2025 10:39:20

include certification that the timber has come from State Forest Corporation sources; and

(*b*) be undertaken by either the Corporation itself, the Jammu and Kashmir Forest Department or the receiving agency.

7. The State of Jammu and Kashmir will file, preferably within one month from today, a detailed affidavit specifying the quantity of timber held by private persons purchased from State Forest Corporation Depots for transport outside the State (other than for consumption by the DGS & D, Railways and Defence). Further directions in this regard may be considered after the affidavit is filed.

8. No saw mills, veneer or plywood mill would be permitted to operate in this State at a distance of less than 8 kms from the boundary of any demarcated forest areas. Any existing mill falling in this belt should be relocated forthwith.

III. FOR THE STATE OF HIMACHAL PRADESH AND THE HILL REGIONS OF THE STATES OF UTTAR PRADESH AND WEST BENGAL

1. There will be no felling of trees permitted in any forest, public or private. This ban will not affect felling in any private plantation comprising of trees planted in any area which is not a "forest"; and which has not been converted from an earlier "forest". This ban will not apply to permits granted to the right-holders for their bona fide personal use in Himachal Pradesh.

2. In a "forest", the State Government may either departmentally or through the State Forest Corporation remove fallen trees or fell and remove diseased or dry standing timber from areas other than those notified under Section 18 or Section 35 of the Wild Life Protection Act, 1972 or any other Act banning such felling or removal of trees.

3. For this purpose, the State Government is to constitute an Expert Committee comprising a representative from MOEF, a representative of the State Government, two private experts of eminence and the MD of the State Forest Corporation (as Member Secretary), who will fix the qualitative and quantitative norms for the felling of fallen trees and diseased and standing timber. The State shall ensure that the trees so felled and removed are in accordance with these norms.

4. Felling of trees in any forest or any clearance of forest land in execution of projects shall be in strict conformity with the Forest Conservation Act, 1980 and any other laws applying thereto. Moreover, any trees so felled, and the disposal of such trees shall be done exclusively by the State Forest Corporation and no private agency is to be involved in any aspect thereof.

IV. FOR THE STATE OF TAMIL NADU

1. There will be a complete ban on felling of trees in all "forest areas". This will however not apply to:

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY AT GOA

PIL WRIT PETITION No. 64 OF 2021 (FILING)
(LD-VC-CW-312-2020)

THE GOA FOUNDATION
THR. ITS SECRETARY,
DR. CLAUDE ALVARES ..... **Petitioner**

Versus

STATE OF GOA, THR. ITS
CHIEF SECRETARY AND 9 ORS. ..... **Respondents**

Ms. Norma Alvares, Advocates for the Petitioner.

Mr. Devidas J. Pangam, Advocate General with Ms. Maria S. J. Correia, Additional Government Advocate for the Respondents No.1, 2, 3, 5, 6 and 7.

Mr. B. Thaly, Advocate for the Respondent No.7.

Mr. A. D. Bhobe, Advocate for the Respondent No.9.

Coram :- M. S. SONAK &
BHARATI H. DANGRE, JJ.

Date : 11th January, 2021

P.C.

Heard Ms. Norma Alvares, learned counsel for the petitioner, Mr. Devidas J. Pangam, learned Advocate General alongwith Ms. Maria S. J. Correia, learned Additional Government

C E R T I F I C A T E

****

In view of the Affidavit filed by the Secretary of the Society ' THE GOA FOUNDATION ' for the purpose of 3 (B) (4) of the Societies Registration (Goa Amendment) Act,1998, it is hereby certified that the registration of the said Society, registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 under No.23/Goa/86 is hereby renewed for a further period of five years w.e.f. 11-6-2000.

Dated:- 2nd August, 2000.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL SOCIETIES महानिरीक्षकाचे कार्यालय संस्था PANAJI पणजी

(P. V. S. Sardessai)
Inspector General
By -Order

Registration renewed till 11-06-2015
Dated 21/01/2011
Inspector General of Societies/
/District Registrar (North Goa)
By Order
21/1/2011

Office of Inspector General of Societies संस्था महानिरीक्षकाचे कार्यालय

Registration renewed till 11-06-2020
Dated 24-09-2015
24/9/2015

Office of Inspector General of Societies संस्था महानिरीक्षकाचे कार्यालय Panaji

Registration renewed till 11-06-2025
Dated 11-09-2020
11/09/2020

Office of Inspector General of Societies संस्था महानिरीक्षकाचे कार्यालय

Advocate for the respondents no.1, 2, 3, 5, 6 and 7, Mr. B. Thaly, learned counsel for respondent no.7 and Mr. A. D. Bhobe, learned counsel for respondent no.9.

2. According to us, arguable issues are raised and hence we issue Rule in this petition.

3. Insofar as the issue or interim relief is concerned, on behalf of the respondent no.9 affidavit is filed in which it is admitted that presently there is no conversion sanad issued in their favour. The affidavit also proceeds to state that no construction or development activity will be undertaken until such conversion sanad is obtained from the Authorities. Therefore, for the present, there is no subsisting apprehension of the respondent no.9 proceeding with the construction or development activity at the site. At this stage, it is not necessary to make any further orders on the petitioner's prayer for interim relief.

4. Mr. Bhobe, learned counsel for respondent no.9 further states that no sooner the conversion sanad is obtained, copy of the same will be immediately furnished to the learned counsel for the petitioner. At that stage, it will be open to the petitioner to either take out a fresh application seeking interim reliefs or to press for the interim reliefs sought for in this petition.

which is signed by the Deputy Captain of Ports. This report again refers to the measures carried out by the Captain of Ports Department, particularly in relation to random patrolling at various locations at river Mandovi and river Chapora. Extracts from the report dated 16th January, 2020, read as follows :

> *" As per the direction of the High Court to undertake regular and random patrolling during the day and night and ensure the stoppage of illegal sand mining. The Department staff carried out random patrolling at various location sin River Mandovi and River Chapora.*
>
> *1. Today morning, Department vessel is on patrol in river Zuari, departed from Panaji at 6.00 am.*
>
> *2. On 15.01.2020 from 08.00 pm to 11:45, patrolling through Departmental vessel M.V. Shravani at Old Goa, Akhada, Pilgao and Amona. No activities were noticed.*
>
> *3. On 13.01.2020 from 08.30 pm to 110.45 pm, patrolling through Departmental vessel M.V. Shravani at Old Goa, Vessel was kept standby. No activities were noticed.*
>
> *4. On 10.01.2020 from 04.00 to 10.00 am, patrolling through Departmental vessel M.V. Shravani from Panjim to Kothambi. No illegal activities were noticed in the morning hours. However at Volvoi, more than 15 Canoes were noticed taken out of water and kept on the land near the bank.*
> *At Maina, three canoes were taken out of water and kept on the land.*
> *At Amona, five canoes were seen on the land near the bank.*
> *At Khandola, two canoes were seen on the land near the*

5. Learned counsel appearing of behalf of the respondents waive service on Rule. In case any parties wish to file any further pleadings in this matter, they are granted liberty to do so by exchanging the pleadings. The pleadings to be completed within a period of 3 months from today.

6. Once the pleadings are complete, liberty to apply for a fixed date for disposal of this petition.

BHARATI H. DANGRE, J ***M. S. SONAK, J***

msr.

(6) Ex officio: Ms. Sarita Parab

Lakshmi thanked the outgoing Secretary Asha Keny for always being there for PFA including providing financial help to the Vasco shelter when the finances ran low. Earlier she had urged Asha to continue in the post but Asha declined due to family commitments. Lakshmi assured Asha that monies loaned to the Vasco shelter would be retuned as soon as it is possible. Lakshmi also thanked the outgoing committee for all their work.

Norma thanked all the members for attending the meeting in person and on Zoom as well as the outgoing committee members for all the work they had done for PFA. Norma also thanked PFA founding trustee Lakshmi for returning to the Mg Committee after taking a break.

The meeting ended at 6.30 pm

Ms Norma Alvares
President

Ms Lakshmi Gonsalves
Secretary

Mr Satyendra Sonar
Treasurer

NOTARY
Janardhan S. Parshekar
Mapusa Bardez - Goa
Regd. No. 21[illegible]/10
Expiry Date
29/01/2030
GOVT. OF GOA (INDIA)

IN THE HON'BLE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE OF BOMBAY AT PORVORIM, GOA

M.C.A. 2283/2025 [F]

***In* P.I.L. W.P. 13/2021**

GOA TAMNAR
TRANSMISSION PROJECT LTD. **... Applicant**

in

THE GOA FOUNDATION **...Petitioner**

v/s.

THE STATE OF GOA & ORS **...Respondents**

AFFIDAVIT OF THE ORIGINAL PETITIONER

I, Dr. Claude Alvares, Secretary of the Original Petitioner organization, solemnly state and affirm as under:

1. This PIL was filed in October 2020, because Sy No 21/1 of Sangod village, a large area of approx 10 ha. was a forested plot, located in forested area and the same was permitted to be clear-felled in order to set up a sub-station for a proposed High Tension Line (HTL).

2. The Petitioner challenged the exemption granted by the Forest Dept under the Trees Act, with the approval of the Chief Secretary, which enabled the felling of nearly 3,000 forest species on the said plot. The clear felling of the plot was also in violation of a Supreme Court order dated 04.02.2015 which prohibited the conversion of any land of 1 ha and above, having natural tree cover and canopy density of > 10%. Despite there being no conversion sanad, a Technical Clearance from the TCP department and a Construction License for erection of the sub-station were issued. These permissions, together with the tree felling permissions, were also challenged.

3. The violation of the SC order led the petitioner to file contempt proceedings against the project proponent [*Applicant in this M.C.A., original Resp. No. 9*] in the Supreme Court, which proceedings are still pending. The Applicant's statement in para 6 of the application that it has planted 9385 trees in lieu of the 2670 it felled is seriously disputed, as a site visit conducted by the petitioner has revealed that few of the trees have survived. The Hon'ble Supreme Court has been apprised of the same.

4. The construction of the High Tension Line through virgin territory in the Bhagwan Mahavir Wildlife Sanctuary was disallowed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in 2022 which directed that the existing HTL corridor through the sanctuary be used instead for the HTL. Hence the sub-station had to be shifted out of Sangod and a new location was found in Dharbandora. The relevant order of the S.C. in this regard dt. 07.04.2022 is enclosed hereto as **Annexure A-1.**

NOTARY

5. In lieu of the same, Sy No 21/1 and other forest lands as stated in para 15 of the application, namely Sy Nos 22/1 and 24/1-A, have been handed over to the Forest Dept together with an amount of Rs. 22,44,80,268 as compensatory afforestation cost together with Net Prevent Value estimation for all areas in Goa affected by the HTL line including the Sangod plot. The department has commenced work to reforest the Sangod plot.

6. In view of the above facts, and the return of Sy No 21/1 of Sangod village to its forestry status, the petitioner is satisfied with the outcome of these proceedings and the PIL may therefore be disposed of accordingly.

7. I state that the contents of paragraphs 1 (p) - 6 (p) are based partly upon my personal knowledge and official documents/records which I believe to be correct, and partly are my submissions made on legal advice which I believe to be true. No part of it is false and nothing material has been concealed therefrom, and the annexure enclosed is a true and correct copy of its respective original.

Solemnly affirmed at Mapusa, Goa,
this the 15th day of September 2025.

Deponent

Janardhan S. Parsh... Goa
Mapusa Bar... Goa
Regd. No. ...8/10
Expiry Date
09/01/2030

ITEM NO.6 COURT NO.5 SECTION PIL-W

S U P R E M E C O U R T O F I N D I A
RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS

Writ Petition(s)(Civil) No. 202/1995

IN RE : T.N. GODAVARMAN THIRUMULPAD Petitioner(s)

VERSUS

UNION OF INDIA AND ORS. Respondent(s)

[1] INTERLOCUTORY APPLICATION NO. 61370 OF 2021(CEC REPORT NO. 6 OF 2021)[APPLICATION FOR PERMISSION/DIRECTION] WITH INTERLOCUTORY APPLICATION NO. 107884 OF 2021 [APPLICATION FOR DIRECTIONS]AND INTERLOCUTORY APPLICATION NOS. 9110 AND 9113 OF 2022[APPLICATIONS FOR IMPLEADMENT AND DIRECTIONS]AND INTERLOCUTORY APPLICATION NOS. 30853 AND 30858 OF 2022[APPLICATIONS FOR IMPLEADMENT AND PERMISSION TO FILE OBJECTIONS]
IN WRIT PETITION (CIVIL) NO. 202/1995"ONLY" ARE LISTED IN W.P.(C) No. 202/1995 ALONG WITH
IA NOS. 100099 AND 100097 OF 2021 IN C.A NO. 12234-12235 OF 2018 WITH C.P.(c) NO. 938 OF 2021 "ONLY" ON 07.04.2022

WITH
CONMT.PET.(C) No. 938/2021 in C.A. No. 12234-12235/2018 (XVII)

C.A. No. 12234-12235/2018 (XVII)
(IA No. 100099/2021 - APPROPRIATE ORDERS/DIRECTIONS
IA No. 100097/2021 - INTERVENTION/IMPLEADMENT)

Date : 07-04-2022 These matters were called on for hearing today.

CORAM :
HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE L. NAGESWARA RAO
HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE B.R. GAVAI
HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE ANIRUDDHA BOSE

For the parties : By Courts Motion, AOR

Mr. A.D.N. Rao, Sr. Adv [A.C.]
Ms. Aparajita Singh, Sr. Adv [A.C.]
Mr. Siddhartha Chowdhury, Adv [A.C.]

6.1,6.2 Ms. Srishti Agnihotri, AOR
Ms. Sanjana Grace Thomas, Adv.

Mr. Chanchal Kumar Ganguli, AOR

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Mr. Balbir Singh, Ld. ASG
Mr. D.L. Chidananda, Adv.
Ms. Suhasini Sen, Adv.
Ms. Archana Pathak Dave, Adv.
Mr. Salvador Santosh Rebello, Adv.
Mr. Shyam Gopal, Adv.
Mr. Sughosh Subramanyam, Adv.
Mr. G. S. Makker, AOR
Mr. Amrish Kumar Sharma, AOR

West Bengal — Mr. Suhaan Mukerji, Adv.
Mr. Aditya Prakash, Adv.
Mr. Nikhil Parikshith, Adv.
Mr. Vishal Prasad, Adv.
Mr. Abhishek Manchanda, Adv.
Mr. Sayandeep Pahari, Adv.
Mr. Tanmay Sinha, Adv.
M/s. PLR Chambers And Co., AOR

Mr. Anil Kumar, Adv.
Mr. Umang Tripathi, Adv.
Mr. Kamal Mohan Gupta, AOR

Mr. Sanjay Upadhyay, Adv.
Ms. Mayuri Raghuvanshi, AOR
Mr. Eichoe Krishan, Adv.
Mansi Bachani, Adv.

IA 6137/2021 — Mr. Prashant Kumar, AOR
Ms. Chery D'souza, Adv.

Haryana — Mr. Hari Om Yaduvanshi, Adv.
Dr. Monika Gusain, AOR

Kerala — Mr. Nishe Rajen Shonker, AOR
Ms. Anu K. Roy, Adv.
Mr. Alim Anvar, Adv.

Gujarat — Ms. Archana Pathak Dave, Adv.
Ms. Deepanwita Priyanka, AOR

Mr. P. Venkat Reddy, Adv.
Mr. Prashant Kr. Tyagi, Adv.
Mr. P. Srinivas Reddy, Adv.
M/S. Venkat Palwai Law Associates, AOR

Mr. Kaushik Choudhury, AOR

Mr. B. K. Pal, AOR
Mr. Syed Mehdi Imam, AOR

Bihar	Mr. Saket Singh, Adv. Ms. Sangeeta Singh, Adv. Ms. Somyashree, Adv. Mrs. Niranjana Singh, AOR Mr. Chirag M. Shroff, AOR Mr. Abhishek Atrey, AOR Mr. Sarvam Ritam Khare, AOR Mr. Raghvendra Kumar, Adv. Mr. Anand Kumar Dubey, Adv. Mr. Nishant Verma, Adv. Mr. Rajiv Kumar Sinha, Adv. Mr. Simanta Kumar, Adv. Mr. Sunil Saraogi, Adv. Mr. Sandeep kumar Sen, Adv. Mr. Narendra Kumar, AOR
Puducherry	Mr. Aravindh S., AOR Mr. C. Rubavathi, Adv.
IA 100097 & 99/21	Mr. Abhishek Manu Singhvi, Sr. Adv. Mr. Chander Uday Singh, Sr. Adv. Mr. Syed Jafar Alam, AOR Mr. Deep Rao Palepu, Adv. Ms. Parichita Chowdhury, Adv. Mr. Arjun Agarwal, Adv. Mr. Amjid Maqbool, Adv.
IA 9110 & 9113/2022	Mr. Chander Uday Singh, Sr. Adv. Mr. Syed Jafar Alam, AOR Mr. Deep Rao Palepu, Adv. Ms. Parichita Chowdhury, Adv. Mr. Arjun Agarwal, Adv. Mr. Amjid Maqbool, Adv.
Rajasthan	Dr. Manish Singhvi, Sr. Adv. Mr. Arpit Parkash, Adv. Mr. Sandeep Kumar Jha, AOR
U.P	Mr. Ravindra Raizada, Addl. Adv./Sr. Adv. Mr. Rajeev Kumar Dubey, Adv. Mr. Manoj K. Mishra, Adv. Mr. Ashiwan Mishra, Adv. Mr. Kamlendra Mishra, AOR Mr. Avijit Mani Tripathi, AOR Mr. Upendra Mishra, Adv. Mr. P.S. Negi, Adv. Mr. K. V. Kharlyngdoh, Adv. Mr. S.R. Kocchar, Adv.

	Mr. T.K.Nayak,Adv.
	Dr. Joseph Aristotle S.AOR Ms. Nupur Sharma,Adv. Mr. Shobhit Dwivedi,Adv. Mr. Sanjeev Kumar Mahara,Adv.
Meghalaya State Pollution Control Board	Mrs. K. Enatoli Sema, AOR Mr. Amit Kumar Singh, Adv. Ms. Chubalemla Chang, Adv.
Andhra Pradesh	Mr. Mahfooz A. Nazki, AOR Mr. Polanki Gowtham, Adv. Mr. Shaik Mohamad Haneef, Adv. Mr. T. Vijaya Bhaskar Reddy, Adv. Mr. K. V. Girish Chowdary, Adv. Ms. Rajeswari Mukherjee, Adv.
Odisha	Mr. Shovan Mishra, AOR Ms. Bipasa Tripathy, Adv.
M.P.	Mr. Mrinal Elker Mazumdar,AOR Mr. Manish Yadav, Adv. Ms. Pratibha Yadav, Adv. Mr. Prafull Singh Chandel, Adv.
	Mr. Abhimanyu Tiwari, AOR Ms. Eliza Bar, Adv.
Maharashtra	Mr. Rahul Chitnis, Adv. Mr. Sachin Patil, AOR Mr. Aaditya A. Pande, Adv. Mr. Geo Joseph, Adv. Ms. Shwetal Shepal, Adv.
State of Goa IA 9110 & 9113/22	Mr. Nalin Kohli, Adv. Ms. Ruchira Gupta, Adv. Mr. Ravindra Ashok Lokhande, AOR
6.2	Mr. Nalin Kohli, Adv. Ms. Ruchira Gupta, Adv. Mr. Shishir Deshpande, AOR

UPON hearing the counsel the Court made the following

O R D E R

Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Limited (for short "GTTPL") is a transmission licensee selected through a tariff based competitive bidding (TBCB)

process to establish a Transmission system for "Additional 400 Kv feed to the State of Goa and Additional System for power evacuation from generation projects pooled at Raigarh (Tamnar) Pool on Build, Own, Operate and Maintain (Boom) basis"(Project).

One of the key transmission elements forming part of the Project is the loop-in loop-out (LILO) of one circuit of the Narendra (Existing) - Narendra (New) 400 Kv D/C quad line at Xeldem (NN Line). The NN Line passes through the States of Karnataka and Goa.

The Project connects the southern region (Sangod/Xeldem) with the Northern Goa region (Mapusa) through the NN Line.

By report No.6 of 2021, Central Empowered Committee has made certain observations and recommendations relating to the Goa Tamnar Transmission project for laying of electric lines under the transmission scheme. CEC was of the opinion that the project proposed by the GTTP would be detrimental to the fragile ecosystem of the Western Ghats.

CEC has examined the permission granted by the Standing Committee of National Board for wildlife granting approval for the Project. CEC was of the view that instead of clearing canopy of virgin forest cover along 10.50 km long corridor with 46 m ROW in

Goa State, the proposed 400 Kv line should be drawn along the existing 220 Kv corridor line in Goa State after establishing 400 Kv corridor connectivity between Mapusa and Sangod and 220 Kv line between Sangod and Xeldem. According to CEC, this course of action would ensure adequate supply of power to southern Goa region 100 MW of power now being received from ramagundam through 220 Kv line is temporarily disrupted during the construction phase of 400 Kv line between Narendra and Sangod.

CEC further recommended that the project proposal in respect of Karnataka part should also be suitably amended so as to make use of 110/220 Kv line corridor which will ensure that the commitment given by Power Grid and CEA to the Karnataka Government that no further transmission line shall be laid in the area is not violated. The modification that has been proposed by the CEC would be in the interest of forest and wildlife in the ecologically fragile and biodiversity in these parts. Finally, CEC recommended that direction should be given to the Ministry of Power, Government of India, Goa State Electricity Department and GTTPL to redraw and modify the alignment of additional 400 Kv line corridor between Narendra (existing) - Sangad (new) in the State of Goa and Karnataka in the light of the observations and recommendations made in Report 6 of 2021.

I.A.Nos.9110 of 2022 and 9113 of 2022:

These Interlocutory applications have been filed by GTTPL seeking appropriate orders regarding the recommendations made CEC in Report No. 6 of 2021 by requiring realignment of the loop-in loop-out (LILO) of one circuit of the Narendra (Existing) – Narendra (New) 400 Kv D/c quad line at Xeldem (NN Line) including whether they are binding and must be implemented by the Applicant.

In the alternative, GTTPL also said that the original route envisaged for the loop-in loop-out (LILO) of one circuit of the Narendra (Existing) – Narendra (New) 400 Kv D/c quad line at Xeldem (NN Line) without any realignment as recommended in the Central Empowered Committee's Report No.6 of 2021 dated 23.04.2021.

Mr.C.U.Singh, learned senior counsel appearing for the GTTPL submitted that there would be no objection for compliance of the recommendations made by CEC in its report No.6 of 2021.

Mr.Prashant Bhushan, learned counsel appearing for the Goa Foundation also submitted that there can be no objection for the implementation of the recommendations made by the CEC in respect of realignment of the transmission line.

After examining the report No.6 and hearing the learned counsel for the parties, we approve the recommendations made by CEC in Report No.6 and direct suitable steps to be taken in accordance with the recommendations made therein. Consequent to the acceptance of the report submitted by CEC, the recommendation made by National Board for wildlife dated 07.04.2020 is set aside.

Ms. Srishti Agnihotri, learned counsel appearing for the Goa Foundation vehemently submitted that hearing of this matter should not have a bearing on the contempt petition filed by Goa Foundation in respect of felling of trees by GTTPL for constructing a sub station. It is made clear that the said contempt petition and the applications filed by GTTPL shall be decided on their own merits.

I.As and Pending application(s), if any, shall stand disposed of accordingly.

IA NO. 107884/2021 and IA NOS. 30853 AND 30858/2022.

List on 21.04.2022 at 3.00 p.m. as part-heard.

Additional documents, if any, be filed in the meanwhile.

CONMT.PET.(C) No. 938/2021 in C.A. Nos. 12234-12235/2018
C.A. No. 12234-12235/2018:

Adjourned.

(B. Parvathi)
Court Master

(Anand Prakash)
Court Master

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY AT GOA.

Misc. Civil Application No. /2025

In

PIL Writ Petition No. 13/2021

GOA TAMNAR TRANSMISSION
PROJECT LTD ...APPLICANT

IN

THE GOA FOUNDATION ... PETITIONER

V.

STATE OF GOA & ORS. ...RESPONDENTS

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Place: Porvorim, Goa

Date: 25/08/2025

Adv. for Applicant

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY AT GOA

Misc. Civil Application No. /2025

IN

PILWP/13/2021

GOA TAMNAR TRANSMISSION

PROJECT LTD

Through its Authorised Representative;

ARIF BASHIR,

Aged 34 years, Indian National,

Having office at Flat No. 1

Sea Breeze Apartment,

DB Marg, Miramar- Panaji, Goa ...APPLICANT

IN

THE GOA FOUNDATION,

THR. ITS SECRETARY,

DR CLAUDE ALVARES ...PETITIONER

Vs.

NOTARY
MR. HEMANT PATIL
PALGHAR, DIST. PALGHAR,
MAHARASHTRA
EXPIRE ON
02-02-2029
GOVT. OF INDIA

2

1. **STATE OF GOA, THR. ITS CHIEF SECRETARY**
   Through its Chief Secretary,
   c/o Secretariat, Porvorim, Goa

2. **TREE OFFICER CUM DY. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS**
   Forest Department,
   North Goa Division
   Ponda Goa 403401

3. **PRINCIPAL CHIEF CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS**
   Van Bhavan, Altinho,
   Panaji, 403001-Goa

4. **MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FORESTS AND CC THR. DY. INSPECTOR GENERAL OF FORESTS (CENTRAL)**
   Through Dy. Inspector of General of Forests (Central)

NOTARY GOVT. OF INDIA

Ministry of Env. Forests & CC,
Regional Office (SZ), Kendriya Sadan, 4th Floor, E & F wing,
17th Main Road, Koramangala II Block,
Bengaluru 560034

5. **DY. TOWN PLANNER**
Town & Country Planning Department,
Taluka Office – Quepem/Sanguem/Dharbandora
Quepem, Goa

6. **THE CHIEF TOWN PLANNER (PLANNING)**
Town & Country Planning Department,
2nd Floor, Dempo Towers, Patto Plaza, Panaji, Goa 403001

7. **ADDL. COLLECTOR (PONDA)**
Office of Collector,
Ponda, Goa

4

8. PANCHAYAT OF MOLEM
THR. ITS SECRETARY
Through its Secretary,
Mollem, Goa

9. GOA TAMNAR
TRANSMISSION PROJECT
LTD.
With Office at : A2/2, New
Horizons, DB Marg, Panaji
403001 Goa

10. P. KRISHNAMURTHY
Former Principle Secretary to
the Chief Minister of Goa,
Through Chief Secretary,
Government of Goa,
Secretariat,
Porvorim, Bardèz-Goa. 403521

...RESPONDENTS

APPLICATION FOR APPROPRIATE ORDERS

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOUR

1. Applicant was awarded the transmission project for laying additional 400kv feed to Goa and additional

system for power evacuation from generation projects pooled at Raigarh (Tamnar pool)(transmission Project). The transmission project will pass through 7 districts of states i.e Goa, Karnataka and Chhattisgarh benefitting lives of over 1.2 crores of population.

2. One of the lands acquired by the Applicant to the knowledge of the State Government for substation was a land of 1,03,050 sq. mts situated at Sangod bearing Sy. No. 21/1 of village Sangod (***hereinafter referred to as the said land***).

3. The above Petition arises out of the said original proposed plan of the Applicant for setting up of a substation in the said land. In respect of the said land, the Applicant herein had applied for conversion sanad under Section 32 of Goa Land Revenue Code to enable it to erect a substation at the said land.

4. As a part of the procedure for processing the application for conversion sanad, the file was processed for NOC from Forest Department and Town & Country Planning Department (hereinafter referred to as the TCP Department).

5. In the interregnum, Applicant applied for tree cutting permission to fell 2670 trees before the Forest Department in terms of Goa, Daman & Diu preservation of Tree Felling Act. Since tree cutting involved an area of more than 20 ha, considering the nature of the land and the project which was in public interest, the exemption was granted under Section 31 of the Trees Act by the concerned Forest Department.

6. Vide letter dated 25/04/2019, the Forest Department granted permission to the applicant to fell trees and in terms of the said permission, Applicant had felled the trees and had further planted 9385 trees which were more than those directed to be planted. The

same is evidenced by the compliance letter dated 06/10/2020 filed in the forest department.

7. For the purpose of undertaking construction of the substation, Applicant was granted Technical Clearance dated 18/10/2019 by the TCP department and Construction License dated 05/10/2020 by the Village Panchayat of Mollem.

8. By the above Petition, the Petitioner challenged the approval granted to the Applicant under section 31 of the trees act, tree cutting permission dated 25/04/2019, Technical Clearance dated 18/10/2019 by the TCP department and Construction License dated 05/10/2020.

9. The fundamental premise of the challenge was the interim order dated 04/02/2015 passed by the Apex Court in Civil Appeal prohibiting the State Government from issuing NOC in respect of lands

NOTARY
MR. HEMANT PATIL
PALGHAR DIST. PALGHAR
MAHARASHTRA
EXPIRE ON
02-02-2023

having an area of 1 ha and canopy density of more than 1%.

10. It bears mentioning Writ Petition No. 495 of 2010 was filed by Goa Foundation before the Hon'ble High Court challenging the criteria adopted for demarcation and identification of private forest. In the said petition, Goa Foundation had alleged that the criteria of Canopy density of 40% should be reduced to 10% based on the Judgment of the Supreme Court and a fresh demarcation should be done. The said petition was admitted and the Hon'ble High Court had accepted the statement made by the Government that pending disposal of petition, no NOCs for conversion of an area of 5 hectare and having a tree canopy density of more than 10% shall be granted. By Order dated 17/10/2013, the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay at Goa transferred the said W. P. No. 495/2010 to the National Green Tribunal (WZ) at Pune. The said petition was registered as Application No. 14 & 16(THC) of 2013 (WZ). The said

application was heard and disposed of by NGT vide Judgment and Order dated 30/07/2014. In the said Judgment, the Tribunal has held that change in criteria for identification of forest i.e. from 40% canopy density to 10% canopy density is not mandated.

11. Aggrieved by the said Judgment and Order, Goa Foundation filed a Civil Appeal Nos. 12234-35 of 2018 in before the Supreme Court wherein The Hon'ble Supreme Court passed an interim order restraining Forest Department from granting NOCs for conversion of an area of 1 hectare and having a tree canopy density of 0.1.

12. The said appeal was directed to be registered as an IA in the Godavarman SLP. Considering the [illegible] of the issue involved the Applicant herein filed an IA in the said matter seeking appropriate orders to proceed with the works. The above issue about the

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criteria of private forest has been finally decided in Judgment dated 24/01/2024 passed in Writ Petition (Civil) No. 202 of 1995 with Civil Appeal Nos. 12234-35 of 2018 wherein the abovementioned criteria as adopted by the Goa Government is accepted by the Hon'ble Supreme Court. And therefore, the prohibition for development does not survive. Annexed hereto and marked as **"Annexure A-1"** is a copy of the Judgment dated 24/01/2024 passed in Writ Petition (Civil) No. 202 of 1995 with Civil Appeal Nos. 12234-35 of 2018.

13. In the interregnum, applicant herein, explored the option of an alternate location for a substation and identified a land at Dharbandora to construct GIS substation and surrendered the said land to the State Government for afforestation.

14. The Dharbandora substation is constructed with cutting edge GIS technology and is the first GIS

substation at 400kv capacity at Goa. The said substation is commissioned and charged in the month of November, 2024.

15. Further, the State of Goa has also submitted a report pursuant to the CONMT.PET.(C) No. 938/2021 in C.A. No. 12234-12235/2018 (XVII) (IA No. 115589/2024 concurring to the fact that Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Limited has handed over Survey No. 21/1, 22/1 and 24/1-A of Sanood Village of Dharbandora Taluka for Compensatory Afforestation to the Goa Forest Department. Further, an amount of Rs. 22,44,80,268/- has also been deposited with the Goa Forest Department for carrying out Compensatory Afforestation. It is further stated that the Goa Forest Department had commenced the afforestation measures from the month of June, 2024 by planting saplings of good endurance, consisting of twenty different forestry species suitable to the site conditions, details

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MR. HEMANT PATIL
PALGHAR DIST PALGHAR
MAHARASHTRA
Regd. 7727
EXPIRE ON
02-02-2029
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thereof have also been given and the CAMPA Executive Committee of the concerned states are required to monitor the afforestation activities under Section 19 of the Compensatory Afforestation Act, 2016 and thus the objections are duly filed before the Hon'ble Supreme Court for the same and the matter was last listed on 04.12.2024 and to be listed.

16. In light of above, the controversy raised in the above Petition does not survive. The above Petition is rendered infructuous. As stated earlier, the above Petition was in respect of the project for the substation being constructed at Sangod which proposal has been abandoned by the Applicant.

PRAYERS

It is therefore humbly prayed that this Hon'ble Court be:

a) Pleased to pass appropriate orders disposing of the said petition as infructuous.

Date: 20/8/25

Place: Porvorim - Goa

GOA TAMNAR TRANS. PROJECT LIMITED

Applicant

RAMANAND

Adv. for Applicant

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Date	20/8/2025

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IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY AT GOA

Misc. Civil Application No. /2025

In

PIL Writ Petition No. 13/2021

GOA TAMNAR TRANSMISSION PROJECT LTD ...APPLICANT

IN

THE GOA FOUNDATION ... PETITIONER

V.

STATE OF GOA & ORS. ...RESPONDENTS

AFFIDAVIT

I, Arif Bashir, son of Bashir Ahmed Dar, aged 34 years, Indian National, having office at Flat No. 1 Sea Breeze Apartment, DB Marg, Miramar- Panaji, Goa, the Authorised Representative of the Applicant above named, do hereby on solemn affirmation state and submit as under:

NOTARY SH. HEMANT PATIL PALGHAR DIST. PALGHAR MAHARASHTRA Regd. 727 EXPIRE ON 02-02-2029 NOTARIAL NOTARIAL

NOTARY SH. HEMANT PATIL PALGHAR DIST. PALGHAR MAHARASHTRA Regd. 727 EXPIRE ON 02-02-2029 NOTARIAL NOTARIAL NOTARIAL

NOTED 7475/2025
Page No. 2 To 2
Date 20/08/2025

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1. I say that I have filed the above Application in this Hon'ble Court, seeking certain reliefs as prayed for therein. I have averred facts and made submissions therein.

2. I say that the contents of paragraphs Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4pt, 5, 6, 7, 8pt, 10pt, 11pt, 12pt, 13, 14 and 15pt of the present Application are true to my knowledge and belief derived from the records maintained by the company; and the contents of paragraph Nos. 4pt, 8pt, 9, 10pt, 11pt, 12pt, 15pt and 16 of the present Application are based on legal submissions and/or inferences of facts, which I believe to be true.

3. I say that the contents of paragraphs No. 1 and 3 above are true and correct to my knowledge.

TOTAL NO OF PAGES 01 TO 2

Solemnly affirmed at Porvorim, Goa.

On this day of August 2025

DEPONENT

NOTARY
MR. HEMANT PATIL
PALGHAR, DIST. PALGHAR,
MAHARASHTRA
Regd. 7227
EXPIRE ON
07-02-2029
GOVT. OF INDIA

I KNOW THE DEPONENT
WHO SIGNED BEFORE ME
Witness as to Signature only
Document(s) not prepared
Reviewed of Advice upon

BEFORE ME

MR. HEMANT P. PATIL
20/8/2025
ADVOCATE & NOTARY
(GOVT. OF INDIA)
Off. Oswal Empire, Boisar,
Sundaram Apt, Bldg. No. 1/4,
Gate No. 4, Boisar, Tal. Palghar,
Dist. Palghar, Maharashtra-401501.

A.C.L. Identified by:

NOTED & REGISTERED
AT Serial No 7475 /2025
Register No 04 Dated 20/8/25
This Document Contains
Total 02 Pages

Annex A-1

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2024-INSC 59

REPORTABLE

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF INDIA

CIVIL APPELLATE JURISDICTION

WRIT PETITION (CIVIL) NO.202 OF 1995

IN RE:

T.N. GODAVARMAN THIRUMULPAD ...PETITIONER(S)

VERSUS

UNION OF INDIA AND OTHERS ...RESPONDENT(S)

WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO. 12234-35 of 2018

GOA FOUNDATION ...APPELLANT

VERSUS

STATE OF GOA AND OTHERS ...RESPONDENTS

JUDGEMENT

Aravind Kumar, J.

1. The present civil appeals arise out of common order dated 30.07.2014 passed by the National Green Tribunal (Western Zone) Bench, Pune[1] in Application No.14 (THC) of 2013 (WZ) and

Signature Not Verified
Digitally signed by Rajni Mukhi
Date: 2024.01.24 17:14:37 IST
Reason:

[1] Hereinafter to be read as "NGT".

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Application No.16 (THC) of 2013 (WZ) filed by the appellant, whereunder the NGT has disposed of both the applications on the ground that the issue of determination of criteria for the identification of 'forest' forms part of the proceedings in *TN Godavarman Case*[2] which is presently seized by this Court and hence, granted liberty to the appellant to approach this Court for the remedy. Therefore, the appellant has filed the present civil appeals under Section 22 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010,[3] seeking the modification of such criteria.

2. We have heard the arguments of Mr. Sanjay Parikh, Senior Advocate for the Appellant assisted by Ms. Srishti Agnihotri, Ld. Advocate, Mr. Nalin Kohli, Ld. Advocate for State of Goa assisted by Mr. Sanjay Upadhyay, Ld. Advocate, Ms. Suhashini Sen, Ld. Advocate for Union of India and Mr. Mukul Rohatgi, Ld. Senior Advocate for impleading applicant, perused the case-papers.

FACTUAL MATRIX IN BRIEF

3. The challenge in the present appeals revolves around the criteria issued by the Respondent(s) i.e., the State of Goa and Others

[2] In Re: TN Godavarman Thirumulpad (Writ Petition No.202 of 1995).
[3] Hereinafter to be referred as "NGT Act, 2010".

for the identification of 'forests' in the State, hence, it is important to trace the history of adoption of these criteria which are under challenge before us. Accordingly, in the subsequent paragraphs we have traced the brief history of these criteria.

4. Pursuant to the Judgement of the High Court of Bombay in ***Shivanand Salgaocar v. Tree Officer & Ors.***[4] declaring the application of the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980[5] to all lands, whether government or privately owned, the Conservator of Forests, State of Goa, in 1991 set out the guidelines for identifying '*forest*' in private properties. Vide letter dated 04.10.1991 the attention of the Ministry of Environment and Forest (MoEF) was sought on the said guidelines with a request to issue suitable guidelines to implement the FCA 1980 on the basis of the aforesaid decision of the Bombay High Court. The guidelines were as follows:

> *"Criteria for application of Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 to private forests.*
>
> *i) Extent of area: Long term viability of a piece of forest land is an important consideration. Obviously, very small patches of forest cannot be viable in the long run from conservation Point of view. Therefore, a minimum extent of area will have to be determined to which the Forest (Cons.) Act, 1980 would be applicable in private and revenue areas not recorded as 'forest'. I propose that this area should be at least 5 hectares. It is not worthy that the*

[4] Writ Petition No.162 of 1987.

[5] Hereinafter to be read as "FCA 1980".

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Forest (Cons.) Act, 1980 and guidelines made there under do not prescribe any such minimum area for application of the Act.

ii) *Proximity and/or contiguity: The proximity of the private forests concerned to a larger forest area and / or its contiguity with the later area should also be an important aspect to consider while examining such areas.*

iii) *Composition of crop: It is important to prescribe minimum standards in terms of crop composition in order to distinguish forest species from horticultural species. This is particularly relevant in State like Goa where occurrence of large number of cashew, jackfruit and coconut trees in private areas is a common feature. We may perhaps prescribe that at least 75 of the crop should comprise of forest species.*

iv) *Crown density: It would not be meaningful to apply the Forest (Cons.) Act, 1980 to degraded and open areas under private ownership. Therefore, a minimum crown density of 40% may be adopted as a standard assessing the applicability of the Act in such private and revenue areas which are not recorded as 'forests' in the land records." [Emphasis supplied]*

5. By an order dated 12.12.1996 in ***T.N. Godavarman Thirumulpad v. Union of India***[6], this Court explained that the word "forest" for the purpose of Section 2(i) of the FCA 1980 must be understood according to its dictionary meaning, and would cover *"all statutorily recognised forests, whether designated as reserved, protected or otherwise"*. This Court further explained that the term "forest land", occurring in Section 2 would include not only "forest" as understood in the dictionary sense, but also *"any area recorded as forest in the Government record irrespective of the ownership"*.

[6] (1997) 2 SCC 267.

6. Further, this Court vide order dated 12.12.1996 in *TN Godavarman Case* (*supra*) directed all the States to constitute an expert committee for the following tasks:

> *"(i) Identify areas which are "forests", irrespective of whether they are so notified, recognised or classified under any law, and irrespective of the ownership of the land of such forest;*
>
> *(ii) identify areas which were earlier forests but stand degraded, denuded or cleared; and*
>
> *(iii) identify areas covered by plantation trees belonging to the Government and those belonging to private persons."*

7. The Government of Goa, to implement the said order, constituted the *Sawant* Committee in 1997[7] which identified a total of 46.89 sq. kms as private forest. Thereafter the *Karapurkar* Committee was constituted in 2000[8] to identify the remaining areas. Since the *Karapurkar* Committee suggested a revisit to exclude some of the forest areas already identified by the Sawant Committee, the present appellant herein, Goa Foundation, filed Writ Petition (Civil) No.181 of 2001[9] before this court challenging the appointment of the *Karapurkar* Committee. Meanwhile, the *Karapurkar* Committee submitted its final report and identified 20.18 sq. kms of private forests. Both the Committees for identification of an area as private forest followed the

[7] Under the Chairmanship of Shri SM Sawant on 24.01.1997.
[8] Under the Chairmanship of Dr. H. Karapurkar on 04.09.2000.
[9] Goa foundation v. State Government of Goa.

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same criteria as was formulated by the Forest Department of Goa in 1991. However, the task of both the Committees was incomplete as some areas were left unidentified. This Court vide order dated 10.02.2006 disposed of the W.P. (C) No.181 of 2001 in following terms:-

> *".....bulk of private forests in the State of Goa still remains to be identified and the same is being sacrificed in collusion with developers and vested interest persons and no action has been taken by the State Government to set up a fresh committee that will bring a finality to the order dated 12.12.1996 passed in WP Civil No. 202/1995. In substance, the prayer in the application is for appointment of another committee or for consideration of the issue by the Central Empowered Committee to identify the private forests. These issues, we are afraid, do not arise out of the writ petition which has become infructuous on Karapurkar Committee and Sawant Committee having submitted their reports. In case, the petitioner has any further relief to seek, it may, in accordance with law, file a fresh substantive petition before an appropriate forum which would be considered on its own merits".*

8. As a result of the order dated 10.02.2006, the present appellant i.e., Goa Foundation, filed Writ Petition No.334 of 2006 for directions to the State Government of Goa to complete the process of identification of forest and to identify the degraded forest lands in accordance with this Court's order dated 12.12.1996.

9. The State Government appointed two new Committees[10] to identify the remaining areas of private forests in North and South Goa

[10] The North Goa District Committee headed by K.G. Sharma and the South Goa District Committee headed by P.V. Sawant on 03.02.2010.

districts that had not been identified by the previous Committee(s). The criteria used by these Committees to identify private forest were same as adopted earlier.

10. Further, the Appellant filed another Writ Petition being W.P. No.495 of 2010 before the High Court of Bombay, seeking the quashing of criteria pertaining to the canopy density which should not be less than 0.4. It was the Appellant's case that the non-consideration of forest areas having canopy density of 0.1-0.4 (10-40%) was contrary to the criteria allegedly accepted by this Court in the order dated 28.03.2008[11]. Hence, appellant claimed that category of open forest or degraded forest having canopy density of 10-40% were totally omitted from the identification process. Subsequently the petition was amended and the criteria of minimum 5 (five) Hectare was also challenged in view of the affidavit filed by the Forest Survey of India[12] wherein the forest cover was defined as being *"all lands more than 1 ha in area, with tree canopy density of more than 10% irrespective of ownership and legal status"*. Meanwhile, by a notification dated 27.11.2012, the

[11] TN Godavarman Thirumulpad v. Union of India & Ors. (2008) 7 SCC 126.
[12] Hereinafter to be read as "FSI"

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State of Goa again constituted two Committees[13] to identify the balance areas of private forests that had not been covered by the previous Committees. The criteria for identification of forest lands were same as followed earlier.

11. The Bombay High Court vide order dated 17.10.2013 transferred both the Writ Petitions[14] to the NGT which were renumbered as Application No.14 (THC) of 2013[15] and Application No.16 (THC) of 2013[16]. The NGT by the impugned order has set aside both the applications and hence the appellant is before this Court.

12. It is pertinent to mention that this Court vide order dated 04.02.2015, converted the Civil Appeal No.37942 of 2014 filed by Goa Foundation in IA No. 3845 of 2015 in WP No. 202 of 1995 and passed the following directions:

> *"In the meanwhile, we direct that the respondents herein will not issue any 'No Objection Certificate' for the conversion of any plot that has natural vegetation with tree canopy density in excess of 0.1 and an area above one hectare."*

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[13] The North Goa Forest Division Committee headed by V.T. Thomas and the South Goa Forest Division Committee headed by Francisco Araujo.
[14] W.P. No. 495 of 2010 & W.P. No. 334 of 2006.
[15] Writ Petition No. 495 of 2010.
[16] Writ Petition No. 334 of 2006.

13. It is pertinent to note that the present appeal originally came to be filed on 19.11.2014 as Civil Appeal No.37942 of 2014 assailing the final judgment dated 30.07.2014 passed by NGT. Thereafter, this Court vide Order dated 04.02.2015 converted the Civil Appeal No.37942 of 2014 filed by present appellant to I.A. No.3845 of 2015 in the proceedings before this Court in W.P. No.202 of 1995 (*T.N. Godavarman case).* Vide order dated 04.02.2015, this Court issued a direction to State of Goa to not issue any 'No Objection Certificate' for conversion of any plot that has natural vegetation with tree canopy density in excess of 0.1 and an area above one hectare. Subsequent to Order dated 04.02.2015 of this Court, Respondent No.1 (i.e., State of Goa) filed I.A. No.40261 of 2017 for modification and clarification of Order dated 04.02.2015 of this Court. Thereafter, on 25.10.2018, this Court vide order dated 25.10.2018 passed in W.P. No.202 of 1995 directed to restore I.A. No.3485 filed by present appellant to its original status of a civil appeal and further it directed that I.A. No.40261 of 2017 filed by Respondent No.1 will be heard along with the said civil appeal. Accordingly, I.A. No.3845 in W.P. No.202 of 1995 came to be re-numbered as Civil Appeal No.12234-12235 of 2018, which are the present civil appeals for adjudication before us. In the present civil

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appeals, I.A. No.116495 of 2022, came to be filed by Confederation of Real Estate Developer's Association of India (hereinafter referred to as "CREDAI"), seeking permission to be impleaded as party respondent, along with the said I.A., CREDAI has also filed I.A. No.116496 of 2022, wherein the impleading party sought vacation of Order dated 04.02.2015. Accordingly, the respondents in the present civil appeals along with the impleading party (i.e., CREDAI) are seeking to challenge the reliefs prayed for by the present appellant and have also sought vacation of the *ex-parte* interim order dated 04.02.2015 passed by this Court in W.P. No.202 of 1995.

DISCUSSION PERTAINING TO IMPUGNED JUDGEMENT DATED 30.07.2014 PASSED BY NGT:

14. It was the contention of the appellant before the NGT that the subject applications raised the issue of identification and demarcation of private forests in the State of Goa as a result of this Court's order dated 12.12.1996 in ***TN Godavarman Case*** (*supra)* as per which the State Governments were required to identify and demarcate the forest area and degraded forest areas.

15. The appellant stated before NGT that there was no basis for criteria No.(iii) in the guidelines of 1991, which related to canopy density, as there are several forest areas, which are presently degraded and having canopy density of less than 0.4 but which were originally dense or medium dense forests and which must, accordingly, be identified as forests. It was also submitted that such lands cannot be unilaterally diverted to non-forestry purpose except with the prior approval under the FCA 1980. It was submitted that if criteria No.(iii) was accepted there would be no compliance with the directions given in terms of reference No.2 of the order dated 12.12.1996.

16. To back its contentions, the appellant relied upon this Court's order dated 28.03.2008[17] wherein this court while deciding the matters relating to Net Present Value (NPV) and compensatory afforestation costs accepted the report submitted by the Central Empowered Committee (CEC) titled "*Supplementary Report of CEC in IA No.826 & IA No.566 regarding calculation of Net Present Value (NPV) payable on Loss of Forest Lands of Different Types in non-forest purpose*". This Court had accepted the CEC's recommendations on certain economic values, proposed for Calculating the NPV and costs

[17] Order in Writ Petition No.202 of 1995

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for Compensatory Afforestation (CA), involved in diversion of dense, moderate dense and open forest.

17. The appellant further relied upon the FSI Report, according to which, forest vegetation in the country falls specifically in three mutually inclusive canopy density classes:

i. Very Dense Forest (with crown density) 0.7 to 1.

ii. Moderate dense Forest (with crown density) 0.4 to 0.7.

iii. Open forest (with crown density) 0.1 to 0.4.

18. It was, therefore, argued by the appellant before NGT that for the purpose of implementation of the FCA 1980, all the authorities including this Court, have clearly accepted that the areas of natural vegetation, having tree canopy density varying anywhere between 0.1 to 0.4, are to be considered as forest for the purpose of applicability of FCA 1980 and thereafter determination of NPV and CA. This aspect of enlarging the scope of criteria No.3 will be an essential step, as the report of the FSI, 2009 showed that the category of open forest (crown density of 0.1 to 0.4) is almost the same in extent, as both the categories of very dense forest and moderate dense forests are put together.

19. With regard to criteria No.(ii), which requires Minimum 5 Ha, the appellant had argued that the said criteria is defeating the purpose and mandate of FCA 1980 and the order of this Court dated 12.12.1996.

20. It was submitted before the tribunal that the FSI in its affidavit dated 23rd March 2011, submitted that it defines 'forest cover' as being all lands, more than 1 ha area, with a tree canopy density of more than 10% irrespective of ownership and legal status. Such lands may not necessarily be recorded as forest areas. Therefore, the appellant sought the following reliefs in the Application No.14 (THC) of 2013:

> *"For an order quashing the criteria nos. 2 & 3 of the Forest guidelines/criteria and the order of the Respondent No. 1, if any, approving the same".*

21. In the application No.16 (THC) of 2013, the appellant submitted that in ***TN Godavarman's*** case *(supra),* this Court had issued various directions, vide its order dated 12.12.1996. It was the grievance of the appellant that the *Sawant* and *Karapurakar* Committees had not identified the areas, which were earlier forests but now stand degraded, denuded or cleared as per the directions of this Court. The appellant submitted that these Committees have not dealt with this issue or even formulated suitable criteria or framework for notifying such degraded

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forest areas and therefore, the appellant prayed for following relief(s) in Application No.16 (THC) of 2013:

> • *For an order directing the Govt of Goa to complete the process of identification of private forest in the State, within a time bound period in terms of Apex Court's order dated 12.12.1996 and report compliance;*
>
> • *For an order directing the Govt. of Goa to complete the process of notifying the degraded forest within the State i.e., the areas which were earlier forest but stand degraded, denuded or cleared, in terms of Apex Court's order dated 12.12.1996 and report compliance.*

22. The Forest Department, Government of Goa, Respondent No.4, submitted that in the case of ***Shivananda Salgaonkar (supra)***, the High Court of Bombay, Goa Bench, in the judgement delivered on 27th November 1990 held that *"since the term 'forest' is not defined in the Forest (Conservation) Act, the term has to be taken as per the dictionary meaning"*. Pursuant to this judgement, the forest department framed guidelines in 1991, for identifying the forest in private properties. These guidelines were submitted to the Ministry of Environment and Forest (MoEF), Government of India on 04.10.1991 for their response.

23. The Forest Department further submitted that pursuant to the orders of this Court, dated 12.12.1996, the State Govt. had appointed

Sawant Committee for the purpose of identification of forest lands in the State of Goa on 24th January 1997, which submitted its report on 8th December 1999. The Committee was given task to identify areas which are 'forest' irrespective of whether they are so notified, recognized or classified under any law and irrespective of ownership of land of such forest and to identify areas which were earlier forests but stand degraded, denuded or cleared.

24. Since no cut off was given for the tasks, Committee decided 1980 year in which the Forest Act was promulgated, to be the benchmark for Government forest lands. Subsequently, another Expert Committee was appointed on 4th September, 2000 for further identification of private forest, which also submitted its report on 16.02.2002.

25. The respondent further submitted that the *Sawant* Committee has already obtained data on clearings and diversion made on Government forest lands for various purposes from 1980 and identified that total 13.078 Ha of forest Land has been diverted for various purposes. It was claimed that the Expert Committees have already considered all aspects of the Apex Court direction dated 12.12.1996.

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26. The respondent further submitted that the State had already defined the forest identification criteria based on the scientific basis considering various aspects as a policy decision and also, these two Expert Committees are functioning effectively and the work of identification of private forest area, is being carried out expeditiously and considering the above, the respondent had opposed both the applications.

27. The MoEF, Respondent No.2 stated that pursuant to the judgement in ***Lafarge Umiam Mining Pvt. Ltd. Vs. Union of India and ors.***[18], it was directed to prepare a comprehensive policy for inspection, verification and monitoring and overall procedure related to grant of Forest Clearance (FC) and Identification of Forest in consolidation with States and the process will likely take some more time and only after finalization of such comprehensive policy, the Ministry will be in position to put forth its stand as regards criteria, which is to be applied for identification of forests and further pleaded for sufficient time to place the stand of Ministry before the Tribunal.

[18] (2011) 7 SCALE 242

28. The Forest Survey of India, Respondent No.3 submitted before the NGT that FSI has mandated to conduct survey and assessment of the Forest resources in the country. It was submitted that India's States of Forest Report is published by the Respondent No.3 and in the said report forest cover is defined being of lands more than 1 Ha in area, with tree canopy density of more than 10% irrespective of ownership and legal status. Such lands may not necessarily be recorded as forest areas. It also includes the orchards, bamboo and palm.

29. **Issues framed by NGT:**

- *Whether the Tribunal has jurisdiction to consider and alter or newly fix the forest identification criteria?*
- *Whether the forest identification criteria set out by the Govt of Goa, needs modification, as prayed in the applications?*
- *Whether the Tribunal can issue directions for expediting forest identification and demarcation process, as prayed in the application?*
- *Whether the applications are barred by limitation?*

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FINDINGS OF NGT IN THE IMPUGNED JUDGEMENT:

30. Having referred to the earlier pronouncements of this Court the Tribunal observed in paragraph 38 of the impugned order that all the States have formed Expert Committees for identification of forest and have submitted progress reports to this Court by evolving their own methodology for forest identification criteria. As such it was of the view that it would not be in the domain of the tribunal to render opinion with regard to the method of identification to be adopted for fixing the criteria for determining private forest to be adopted by State of Goa and answered point No.1 formulated by it in the negative.

31. In so far as the timeline to be fixed for expediting forest identification and its demarcation process is concerned, the tribunal took note of the fact that out of 256 square kilometres forest area, the work has been completed in respect of 67 square kilometres by the two Committees and as such called upon the Chief Secretary of Goa to call for a meeting of all the concerned and work out time bound action plan for early completion of forest identification and its demarcation within next six (6) weeks and submit a time bound program to the tribunal within 8 weeks thereof. All other reliefs sought for in the application of

the appellant came to be denied. Hence the appellant has approached this Court by way of the present civil appeal.

CONTENTIONS ON BEHALF OF THE APPELLANT IN THE PRESENT APPEAL:

32. It is the contention of learned counsel appearing for the appellant that the tribunal erred in not passing an order on merits on the premise that the issue is seisin before this Court. It is further contended that WP No.495 of 2010 was filed challenging the criteria of minimum 40 per cent canopy density for identification as forest land. In the teeth of the order of this Court dated 28.03.2008 passed in batch of IA's filed in WP No.202 of 1995 ***(T.N. Godavarman)*** in which the petition was amended and the minimum 5 (five) hectares area was also challenged in view of FSI's affidavit which stated that minimum 1 (one) hectare of area and minimum 10 per cent canopy or the criteria adopted by FSI for identifying the forest cover in India and this writ petition was transferred to the tribunal. Hence, it is contended that identification of private forests on the basis of criteria accepted by FSI and by this Court in the order of 2008 passed for determining NPV also to be adopted and followed for identification of forest, which would be in the interest of

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protection of environment and also a step for implementing the order dated 12.12.1996 passed by this Court as it has remained unmet by the State of Goa.

33. By referring to the three interim orders, namely 17.12.2006 and 26.03.2012 passed by the High Court and the order dated 04.02.2015 passed by this Court, it is contended that authorities have been injuncted from issuing conversion Sanad for any private properties with tree cover in excess of 0.1 all having natural vegetation and tree canopy density in excess of 0.1 and area above 1 (one) hectare which would clearly indicate that in order to protect the environment this relief was essential and so as to prevent any further degradation of the forest by its destruction.

34. It is also contended that to meet the mandate of the order dated 12.12.1996 the identification and demarcation of private forest area on the basis of 1 (one) hectare and 10 percent (0.1) canopy density is an exercise which must be carried out for meeting the said criteria which would be over and above the identification of forest area done on the criteria that is 75 per cent forest species, 40 per cent canopy density and 5 (five) hectare of area, as the objective is to ensure restoration (and not

diversion) of such forest area to their original status. Hence, contending if such identification is done on the basis of this criteria, it would sub-serve the interest of conservation and protection of environment and in a given case the Central/State Government can grant 'prior permission' within the provisions of FCA 1980 if it considers that such diversion is necessary in public interest and it would be in consonance with the principle of sustainable development. In this background the objection of the State of Goa to the criteria of the FSI to identify the open forest that is 0.1 canopy density and the area above 1 (one) hectare would not stand to reason. Elaborating the submissions, he would contend that the ISFR has identified 552 square kilometres on the basis of criteria fixed by it and if the said criteria is not adopted it would reduce the open forest area in the State of Goa to an extent of 552 square kilometre. Hence, he prays for the petition being allowed.

35. As mentioned in the submissions of the Appellant in the preceding paragraphs, to summarise, the Appellant herein prays for revisiting the criteria for identification of private forest/deemed forest on private lands in the State of Goa, by using the parameters used by FSI, that is based on 0.1 density forest in an area of 1 (one) ha.

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CONTENTIONS ON BEHALF OF RESPONDENT NO.(S) 1,4,5,6,7 & 8 ALONG WITH CONTENTIONS OF THE IMPLEADING PARTY I.E., CREDAI.

36. The respondents have sought the modification and vacation of the above-mentioned order in the IA No.40261 of 2017 filed by them, and further have made submissions and raised various grounds for the dismissal of the present Civil Appeal Nos.12234-12235 of 2018. The respondents have urged that the Stay Order dated 04.02.2015 of this Court, has continued to operate for over eight years, which is impacting several developmental works in the State of Goa. In addition to this, by way of their Counter Affidavit, and numerous submissions made during the hearing of the present appeals, the Senior Counsel has raised several grounds for the dismissal of the present appeals and for vacation of the Order dated 04.02.2015.

37. Respondent No(s). 1,4,5,6,7 and 8, along with the impleading party i.e., CREDAI, have sought the vacation of the *ex parte* interim order dated 04.02.2015 passed by this Court in the present appeal, and they have also opposed the grant of relief sought by the Appellant in its appeal. In furtherance of this, the learned Senior Counsel for Respondent No.(s) 1,4,5,6,7 and 8 along with the learned Senior

Counsel for the impleading party, i.e., CREDAI have raised various grounds and made elaborate submissions for the dismissal of the present appeals, which have been recorded by us in the subsequent paragraphs.

38. The respondent(s) contended that the criteria for identification of forest has attained finality and cannot be challenged on the principles of *res judicata*. It was submitted that the criteria for identification of forest on private land was determined in 1991 pursuant to the Judgement of the Bombay High Court dated 27.11.1990 in ***Shivanand Salgaonkar case*** *(supra)*.

39. It was further submitted that the criteria for identification of forests, which forms the basis of the reports filed by the *Sawant, Karapurkar* and *Sharma* Reports, were first proposed by the Forest Department of the State of Goa, in 1991. The Forest Department had proposed a crown density of 40% and a minimum area of 5 (five) Ha since it was not viable in the long run for the forest department to conserve small patches of forest land, as is evident from the letter dated 04.10.1991, and from the Affidavit filed by the State of Goa before this Court on 21.08.2012.

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40. The counsel for the respondents contended that the aforesaid criteria formulated in 1991 was adopted by the State of Goa (*Sawant* and *Karapurkar* Committees) pursuant to the order dated 12.12.1996 passed by this Court in ***T.N. Godavarman*** *(supra),* however, despite being aware of the same, the Appellant did not challenge it. The respondents further contend that the State of Goa, on 08.12.1997 issued a public notice, which delineated the following criteria for the purpose of classifying "Forest":

i. 75% of the tress composition should be forestry species.

ii. The area should be contiguous to the Govt. Forest and if in isolation, the minimum area should be 5 ha.

iii. Canopy density should not be less than 0.4.

41. The learned counsel for the respondents contended that the public notice dated 08.12.1997, has also not been challenged by the present appellants Further, the Appellant had an opportunity to challenge the same before this Court in ***Goa Foundation Case (supra)***[19], wherein it had raised grievances about the *Karapurkar* Committee report, however, it did not do so, and the said proceedings

[19] Writ Petition No. 181 of 2001.

were thereafter disposed of as being infructuous on account of the filing of the *Karapurkar* report, by an order dated 10.02.2006.

42. Further, the counsel for the respondents have contended that Civil Appeal is *ex facie* barred by *res judicata* inasmuch as the very party that has preferred the same had sought to revisit the criteria twice before and failed. The respondents have pointed out to us that the Appellant preferred a Writ Petition before the High Court of Bombay at Goa disputing the criteria so adopted, and its application to a housing project. In an appeal preferred against the same, this Court in ***Tata Housing Development Corporation v. Goa Foundation (2003) 11 SCC 714*** strongly disapproved any departure from such criteria and adoption of a new criteria.

43. The learned counsel has submitted that this Court in ***Tata Housing (supra)***, after examining the reports of the *Sawant* Committee, recorded the genesis of the criteria, and also took note of its facets. Further, the learned counsel has laid emphasis on paragraph 13 of the judgement in ***Tata Housing (supra)***, wherein this Court disapproved the approach of the High Court in accepting a new criterion, in what it termed as giving a "complete go-by" to the existing criteria.

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Accordingly, the counsel for the respondents contends that in sum and substance the pre-existing criteria received the imprimatur of this Court in ***Tata Housing (supra)***, hence, the principle of *Res Judicata* would apply and the present challenge to the criteria for identification of Forest deserves to be dismissed on this ground alone. The relevant paragraph 13 has been extracted below:

> *"13. From a bare perusal of the Third Interim Report, it would appear that the three criteria laid down in the Second Interim Report of the Sawant Committee have been given a complete go-by and in relation to the appellants' plot altogether different criteria have been adopted. The course adopted by the Committee in taking into consideration different criteria while examining an individual case of the appellants' plot was wholly unwarranted, especially when the Committee in its Report has not assigned any reason for making the deviation."*

44. The learned counsel for the respondent further contended that another judgment i.e., ***Nisarga v. Asst. Conservator of Forests*** *OA No.19 (THC) of 2013*, was concealed by the Appellant. The learned counsel submitted that the Appellant herein, approached the NGT arguing that the minimum canopy density to be adopted as a criterion ought to be 0.1 (i.e. 10%). It was submitted that the basis of this argument was identical to that advanced in this appeal, inasmuch as the Indian State of Forests Report, 2009 (ISFR) was relied upon to suggest that the said report had classified lands with canopy density between

10% to 40% as open forests. In other words, it was urged by the Appellant that even such lands were forest nonetheless. The NGT rejected this argument based on the judgment of this Court in ***Tata Housing (supra)***. The learned Counsel emphasized on the point that, the Appellant herein chose not to appeal the said judgment before this Court, and has allowed the same to attain finality. The counsel for the respondents submitted that Appellant cannot now be allowed to reagitate the very same issue on the very same basis before this Court.

45. The counsel for the respondent accordingly submitted that, criteria adopted by the State of Goa ought not to be interfered with; and the order dated 04.02.2015 passed by this Court directing a restraint on the grant of conversion *sanads* in the State of Goa ought to be vacated since the criterion for the identification of forest in the State of Goa has become final and binding, its variation having been rejected in ***Tata Housing (Supra)*** and ***Nisarg (Supra)*** by this Court and the NGT respectively.

46. The counsel for the respondent has submitted that the sheet anchor of the instant appeal is the formula adopted by this Court for the computation of NPV in ***T.N. Godavarman Thirumalpad v. Union of***

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India[20], and in turn the reliance by this Court on the report of Ms. *Kanchan Chopra*, which in turn relies on the Indian State of Forests Report, 2008 (ISFR) issued by the FSI. It is submitted that ISFR has classified canopy density into 3 kinds, namely, very dense, moderately dense, and open. Furthermore, this Court while fixing the NPV rates has fixed them per Hectare, basis which the Appellant contends that even 1 (one) Ha of land can be a forest. It is submitted that the Appellant sought to change the criteria for a private forest in Goa to a minimum area of 1 (one) Ha, and also a minimum canopy density of 0.1 which was the least denominator employed by the ISFR in classifying an open forest for the purposes of fixing NPV rates. The counsel for the respondents urged and emphasized that this argument of the Appellant is misconceived as it fails to take into account that the private forest criteria not only in Goa but throughout the country is distinct from that for government lands. Importantly, government land of even 1 (one) Ha can be a forest, and accordingly can attract the imposition of NPV. Moreover, this Court in ***T.N. Godavarman Thirumalpad (87) v. Union of India***[21] observed that the criteria for NPV must be worked out on economic principles and hence it is submitted that this can have no

[20] (2008) 7 SCC 126.
[21] (2006) 1 SCC 1.

nexus with identification. Furthermore, the NPV imposition also encompasses government forests which could even be of 1 (one) Hectare. Hence, it is understandable that the NPV criteria is per Hectare i.e., it conceives of NPV being imposed even for government forests of 1 (one) Ha.

47. The counsel for the respondent further contends that this Court has never directed the adoption of NPV norms as those for identification of private forests. To suggest that the NPV norms be today adopted as the criteria for private forests would be nullifying the exercise conducted by the State of Goa in terms of the express order of this Court dated 12.12.96. Above all, the order of this Court, in directing each State to constitute its own Expert Committee expressly accepted that there can be no uniform criteria for such identification across the country. Lastly, in this regard, the counsel for the respondents contended that no State in the country has adopted the NPV norms for classification of land as private forests, and if the Appellant's plea is accepted it would create dual legal regimes, namely, one in Goa and one in rest of the country.

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48. The respondents further contends that if the criteria are implemented, this would also roughly mean that if there are 10 to 20 planted trees in an area of 10,000 sq. metres, it will be a 'deemed forest' and prior approval from the Central Government under the FC Act would be required. The respondent also drew our attention to the case of Re: Constitution of *Park-Anand Arya v. Noida*[22] wherein the 3-Judge bench of this Court had stated that if such criteria is agreed, then most of Delhi would be forest.

49. The learned counsel on behalf of the respondent(s) submits that there are enough safeguards in the State of Goa for protection of trees. The Goa Daman and Diu Preservation of Trees Act, 1984 is strictly enforced in this regard. The respondent further submits that the Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change Guidelines as well as the Scheduled Tribe and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 have been clear and unambiguous where it has exempted the application of FCA 1980 on areas which are less than 1 (one) ha and where not more than 75 trees have to be cut vide letter

[22] (2011) 1 SCC 744 Para 30.

dated 03.01.2005 of Ministry of Environment and Forest and also Section 3(2) of the Forest Rights Act, 2006.

50. The learned counsel for the respondent(s) submits that the parameters used by FSI is to map the forest cover and the tree cover in India. This is distinguished from the Forest area and forest land which has been dealt with by this court in the *Godavarman case (supra)* in detail since 12.12.1996. The counsel drew our attention to the definition of 'Forest Cover' given by the FSI based on the "Minimum Mappable Area" available with FSI from Satellite Data. At present, the Minimum Mappable Area available to FSI for forest cover assessment is 1 (one) hectare since 2001 based on the resolution of satellite data. Prior to 2001, the Minimum Mappable Area for forest cover was 25 hectares from India State of Forest Report 1989 to India State of Forest Report 1999 and the same was 400 ha in 1987. The India State of Forest Report, 2017 which clearly shows that the FSI is describing the term 'forest cover' in all its India State of Forest Reports based on the "Minimum Mappable Area" available to them through Satellite Data only based on the technological status and not on any other parameters. Thus, description of the forest cover by FSI was based on the availability of high resolution of Satellite data which has advanced/improved over

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period of time. Thus, in future, due to technical advancement, FSI might be able to map minimum forest area even less than 1 (one) hectare. However, the States cannot keep on changing the criteria for identification of deemed forests based on such parameters which have been set for an entirely different purpose. Therefore, respondent(s) submit that there is no-co-relation between the parameters set by FSI for identifying deemed forest based on Minimum mappable area and identification of the said area by respective states under the FCA 1980, in view of the Judgment dated 12.12.1996 in ***TN Godavarman case (supra)***, of this Court.

51. Further, the learned counsel for the respondents submits that if the 0.1 density argument is acceded by this Court, then every 10,000 sq. metres plot which has 10 to 20 trees would have to be determined as a forest and a cumbersome prior clearance would be required on every private land. They also submit that the State of Goa is placed uniquely in the Geographical ecosystem whereas per FSI, the total area under forest cover is about 60.2% under Forest Cover and another 8% as tree cover. This is almost three times the national average and twice the national goal. Thus, in addition to the 68% forest and tress cover, there are areas under the Coastal Regulation Zone Notification; areas under

Ecologically Sensitive Area; areas under riverine and other wetlands; areas of no development where gradient is 25%. In other words, no, or very minimal area would be available for any future development. Hence, they submit the approach of the appellant would amount to punishing those people who have diligently planted trees on the private land for increasing the green cover of Goa.

52. The counsel for the respondent(s) also drew our attention to Part II of the ***Lafarge Judgement*** *(supra)* relating to Guidelines to be followed in future cases dealing with disputes regarding what constitutes a forest, wherein it is stated that if the project proponent makes a claim regarding the status of the land being non-forest and if there is any doubt then the site shall be inspected by the State Forest Department along with the regional office of Ministry of Environment & Forest to ascertain the status of forest, based on which the certificate in this regard would be issued. In all such cases, it would be desirable for the representative of the State Forest Department to assist the Expert Appraisal Committee. In view of the above, if there is any doubt on the criteria for identification of forests, it is the State Forest Department and the Regional Office of Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change, which would be the deciding authority.

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53. The counsel on behalf of the respondent(s) lastly submits that the criteria for identifying the forests and the process therein by different States is under an Order of this Court dated 12.12.1996 in the *TN Godavarman case (supra)*. This Court mandated that the State Government to evolve the criteria as per their local situation and considering the fact that Forest, being a concurrent subject, needs to be determined as such by the State Government for applicability of the FCA 1980.

54. In the light of the above submissions, learned counsel for the respondent(s) pray for dismissal of the appeals.

DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS:

55. Having heard learned advocates appearing for the parties, we are of the considered view that the following points would arise for our consideration:

1. Whether the impugned order of the tribunal requires to be affirmed or reversed?

2. Whether any further directions requires to be issued in the facts and circumstances? And if so, what directions or orders?

3. What order?

RE: POINT NO.1

56. At the outset, it requires to be noticed that the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in Writ Petition No.162 of 1987, disposed of on 27.11.1990, had taken note of the guidelines issued for division of forest area for non-forest purposes under the FCA 1980 and pursuant to the same the State of Goa proposed certain criteria for identifying forest and the consequent application of the FCA 1980 to private forest. The then existing criteria are as follows: -

i. 75% of the tree composition should be forestry species.

ii. The area should be contiguous to the government forest and if in isolation the minimum area should be 5 (five) hectares;

iii. The canopy density on the plot should not be less than 0.4.

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Subsequently, this Court in *T.N. Godavarman Case (supra)*[23] vide order dated 12.12.1996 directed the State Governments to constitute within 1 (one) month an Expert Committee to: -

i. Identify the areas which are "forest", irrespective of whether they are so notified, recognized or classified under any law and irrespective of ownership of the land of such forest;

ii. Identify areas which were earlier forests but stand degraded, denuded or cleared and;

iii. Identify areas covered by plantation trees belonging to private persons.

57. Pursuant to the same the Government of Goa constituted *Sawant* Committee with terms of reference as indicated in Para 5 of ***TN Godavarman case*** *(supra)* by order dated 12.12.1996, the said Committee adopted the criteria (referred to herein above as then existing) which was also based upon the ***Shivanand Salgaocar's case*** *(supra)*. The criteria so determined was published in public notice dated

[23] (1997) 2 SCC 267

08.02.1997 and this was not challenged by anyone including the appellant herein.

58. It would be apt and appropriate to note at this juncture that in the matter of ***Tata Housing*** *(supra)* this Court had an occasion to consider the said criteria and to examine as to whether the report of the *Sawant* Committee is to be accepted or otherwise and the question so formulated in that regard reads as under: -

> *"11. Thus, the question which falls for consideration of this Court is whether the High Court was justified in accepting the Third Interim Report of the Sawant Committee and allowing the writ application on the basis thereof. For deciding this question, it would be necessary to refer to the Second Interim Report of the Sawant Committee in which it has laid down three criteria for classifying any land as "forest". Relevant portions of the said Report run thus:*
> *"After the formation of the Committee, it was first decided to get the forest cover through NRSA, Hyderabad but seeing the time involved and nature of interpretation, it was decided to carry out the exercise through physical verification by the departmental staff only. Nature of interpretation means the satellite data gives the natural green cover which includes most of the plantation/seasonal crops such as cashew, coconut, areca nut etc. For the purpose of classifying 'forest' such growth cannot be considered. The Committee has taken the stand that for considering any area as forest:*
> *(i) 75% of its composition should be forestry species.*
> *(ii) The area should be contiguous to government forest and if in isolation the minimum area should be 5 hectares.*
> *(iii) The canopy density should not be less than 0.4.*
> *The above criteria which was in existence with the Forest Department, Government of Goa has been approved by the Government of Goa.*
>
> ***
>
> *Based on the satellite imageries, toposheets, the areas outside the government forests have been marked on the map and the forest officials have done the physical verification of such areas applying the above criteria.*
>
> ***

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The Committee has procured the maps of 1978 from the Town and Country Planning Department which have been prepared based on the aerial photographs of 1960 and toposheets of 1960. In these maps natural green cover has been shown but again it does not either speak about the density or the species composition.... This natural green cover (pvt.) outside the government forests being very high compared to the figure likely to be arrived at by the Committee finally under the classification of private forests, it is obvious as this private green cover includes all types of vegetation and of all density class including cashew crop which may not be fitted into the criteria taken for identification of private forests."

59. After having examined the records of the Sawant Committee, this Court in ***Tata Housing*** *(supra)* observed that the three criteria prescribed in the 2nd Report was just and proper and in conclusion it has been held: -

"12. From a bare perusal of the aforesaid passages from the Second Interim Report of the Sawant Committee it would appear that the Committee had categorically laid down three criteria for identifying a land to be forest and it had rejected the Satellite Imagery and Toposheets of 1960 and Nature Green Cover Maps as the relevant criteria for classifying any land to be forest. In the Third Interim Report of the Sawant Committee in which it was reported that the appellants' plot was a forest, curiously enough, the three criteria referred to above, which were earlier followed by the Committee for holding a land to be a forest land, were abandoned. Instead, the Third Interim Report laid down principally the following criteria:
(i) Satellite Imagery and Toposheets of 1960.
(ii) Report of the Sub-Committee for maintaining Nature Reserve Green Belt around cities, particularly with reference to the map prepared for nature reserve on hill slopes.
(iii) Enumeration of the plants in a 50-metre-wide belt adjoining the boundaries of the appellants' plot on three sides i.e. the north, east and west, but excluding the south side which had a huge public structure admeasuring 1000 sq metres."

18. This being the position, we are of the view that the Third Interim Report of the Sawant Committee, having been based upon

the criteria which were rejected by it in its previous report, cannot be accepted as there was no ground for making a departure therefrom while submitting the Report in relation to the appellants' plot. The Committee was not justified in holding the appellants' plot to be a forest land on the basis of an altogether different criteria for which there is no reasonable nexus, especially when none of the three criteria laid down in the Second Interim Report has been adhered to. Thus the High Court was not justified in accepting the Third Interim Report of the Sawant Committee and concluding on the basis thereof that the appellants' plot was a forest."

60. These aspects were well within the knowledge of the petitioner/appellant herein inasmuch as they were parties to the proceedings in ***Tata Housing*** *(supra)*. Therefore, they cannot feign ignorance about the reports of the Expert Committees. Also, the appellant, asserting a public cause, cannot be considered unaware of the criteria proposed by the Committee. These criteria as recommended by the Committee were published in the public notice dated 08.02.1997 and have been a subject of agitation by the appellant/petitioner across various forums. Hence, the appellant/petitioner having not raised its little finger to the criteria as prescribed and published in the public notice dated 08.02.1997 is estopped from raising the said issue at this stage. On this short ground itself the appeal has to fail and appellant has to be non-suited. However, in the teeth of contentions having raised with the merits of the case, we do not propose to nip this litigation at the bud but propose to examine the claim on its merits so as to avoid

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any repetitive litigation in future and ensuring finality in such matters with the object of putting an end to the litigation that has arisen in this regard.

61. The appellants have also made valiant attempts to buttress their arguments with regard to the criteria to be adopted for determination of an area to be declared as forest by relying upon the pronouncement of this Court in ***T.N. Godavarman Thirumulpad Vs. Union of India***[24] by its order dated 26.09.2005 whereunder the concept of NPV was verified to determine economic loss caused on account of deforestation. Hence, we deem it proper to extract the relevant paragraph of the said order and it reads as under: -

> *"49. Regarding the parameters for valuation of loss of forest, we may only note as to what is stated by the Ministry of Environment and Forests, Government in its handbook laying down guidelines and clarifications up to June 2004 while considering the grant of approval under Section 2 of the FC Act. Dealing with environmental losses (soil erosion, effect on hydrological cycle, wildlife habitat, microclimate upsetting of ecological balance), the guidelines provide that though technical judgment would be primarily applied in determining the losses, as a thumb rule, the environmental value of one hectare of fully stocked forest (density 1.0) would be taken as Rs 126.74 lakhs to accrue over a period of 50 years. The value will reduce with density, for example, if density is 0.4, the value will work out at Rs 50.696 lakhs. So, if a project which requires deforestation of 1 hectare of forest of density 0.4 gives monetary returns worth over Rs 50.696 lakhs over a period of 50 years, may be considered to give a positive cost-benefit ratio. The figure of assumed environmental value will change if there is an increase in the bank rate; the change will be*

[24] (2006) 1 SCC Page 1.

proportional to percentage increase in the bank rate. Ms Kanchan Chopra, while conducting a case study of Keoladeo National Park in respect of economic valuation of biodiversity at the Institute of Economic Growth, Delhi as a part of the Capacity 21 Project sponsored by UNDP and MoEF, Government of India examined the question as to what kind of values are to be taken into consideration. As per the study, different components of biodiversity system possess different kinds of value : (1) a commodity value (as for instance the value of grass in a park), (2) an amenity value (the recreation value of the park), and/or (3) a moral value (the right of the flora and fauna of the park to exist). It is recognised that it is difficult to value an ecosystem, since it possesses a large number of characteristics, more than just market-oriented ones. It also leads to the need to carry out a biodiversity valuation both in terms of its market linkages and the existence value outside the market as considered relevant by a set of pre-identified stakeholders. It is, however, evident that while working out the biodiversity valuation, it is not trees and the leaves but is much more. Various techniques for valuing biodiversity that have been developed to assess the value of living resources and habitats rich in such resources have been considered by the author for her case study while considering the aspect of value, their nature and stakeholders' interest. Insofar as the value of ecology function in which the stakeholders or scientists, tourists, village residents, non-users, the nature of value is — regulation of water, nutrient cycle, flood control. These instances have been noted to highlight the importance of the biodiversity valuation to protect the environments. The conclusions and the policy recommendations of the author are:

"Biodiversity valuation has important implications for decision-making with respect to alternative uses of land, water and biological resources. Since all value does not get reflected in markets, its valuation also raises methodological problems regarding the kinds of value that are being captured by the particular technique being used. Simultaneously, in the context of a developing country, it is important to evolve methods of management that enable self-financing mechanisms of conservation. This implies that biodiversity value for which a market exists must be taken note of, while simultaneously making sure that the natural capital inherent in biodiversity-rich areas is preserved and values which are crucial for some stakeholders but cannot be expressed in the market are reflected in societal decision-making.

A focus on both the above aspects is necessary. It is important to take note of the nature of market demand for aspects of biodiversity that stakeholders, such as tourists, express a revealed preference for by way of paying a price for it. Simultaneously, it is important to examine the extent to which a convergence or divergence exists between value perceptions of this and other categories of stakeholders. It is in this spirit that two alternative

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methodologies are used here to arrive at an economic valuation of biodiversity in Keoladeo National Park. The travel-cost methodology captures the market-linked values of tourism and recreation. It throws up the following policy implications:
1. Keeping in mind the location of the park and the consequent joint product nature of its services, cost incurred locally is a better index of the price paid by tourists. It is found that demand for tourism services is fairly insensitive to price. A redistribution of the benefits and costs of the park through an increase in entry fee would not affect the demand for its services.
2. Cross-substitution between different categories of stakeholders can improve the financial management of the wetland. A part of the proceeds can go to the local management. Also, high-income tourists, scientists and even non-users with a stake in preservation can pay for or compensate low-income stakeholders for possible loss in welfare due to limits on extraction and use.
3. However, the limit to such a policy is determined by the number of visitors and their possible impact on the health of the wetland. Such a constraint did not appear to be operational in the context of the present park.
Identification and ranking of values of different aspects of biodiversity resources as perceived and expressed by different categories of stakeholders namely scientists, tourists, local villagers and non-users is an important object in the process of valuation. In the KNP study, a fair degree of congruence in respect of ecological function value and livelihood value is discovered to exist in the perceptions of diverse groups. Stakeholders as diverse as scientists, tourists, local villagers and non-users give high rankings to these uses."

It has been so held hereunder that a Committee is to be constituted to formulate base on which NPV could be calculated. It has been further held that the NPV has to be worked out on economic principles.

62. Pursuant to the afore-stated directions by this Court, the Committee so constituted had examined the recommendations of the Central Empowered Committee which was accepted and the NPV rate was fixed for a period of three years. The said Committee classified

forest into three types, namely, (i) very dense; (ii) moderately dense and; (iii) open, which was based on the maps prepared by NRSC, Hyderabad. It would be pertinent to note that the appellant is attempting to import the figure of 1 (one) hectare in place of 5 (five) hectares (as indicated in the prescribed criteria by State of Goa) solely on the ground that the NPV cost therein was determined by this Court on per hectare basis. It is relevant to observe that the analogies employed to calculate the forest coverage area, which the appellant is attempting to introduce, may be incongruent and unrelated to the identification or demarcation of forest area. This process necessitates the application of a distinct yardstick. The process of identification has been gone into by the experts as reflected from the *Sawant* Committee report and accepted by this Court in ***Tata Housing*** *(supra)*. Hence, it would not be apt and appropriate for us to sit in the arm chair of the experts and to substitute our opinion or that of the appellants in contrary distinction to the opinion expressed by the experts and as such we refrain from doing so. As a consequence of the same the contention raised by the appellants cannot be accepted and it deserves to be rejected and accordingly, it stands rejected.

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63. In fact, the process of physical demarcation of such forests in the State of Goa seems to have attained finality by virtue of the reports. The Final Report prepared by *Deep Shikha* Committee as also known as Private Forest Review Report identified 46.11 sq. km. of area as private forest which has been accepted by the Tribunal in OA No.479 of 2018 vide Order dated 18.08.2020 and the appeal filed by the State of Goa against the said order in Civil Appeal No.01 of 2021 which has been dismissed by this Court by order dated 01.02.2021. In other words, the issue relating to identification and demarcation of private forests in the State of Goa has attained finality on three criteria as indicated herein *supra* pertaining to forest tree composition, contiguous forest land and minimum area should be 5 (five) hectares and canopy density should not be less than 0.4. In the teeth of the afore-stated facts and the orders passed by the Tribunals as affirmed by this Court, the State of Goa has issued a gazette notification on 22.09.2022 notifying 46.11 sq. km. as private forest.

64. It is also curious to note that on the one hand the appellant has been challenging the criteria adopted by *Sawant* and the *Karapurkar* Committees for identification of private forest land in the State of Goa

before this Court and simultaneously has relied upon the said criteria adopted by these Committees before the Tribunal in this regard. The order of the tribunal dated 21.01.2015 rendered in OA No.22 of 2013 (Western Bench) title as *'Goa Foundation Vs. Union of India and Others'* can be looked up.

65. At the cost of the repetition, it requires to be noticed that appellant is seeking a change in the criteria being followed by State of Goa for identification and demarcation of forest under private ownership or private forest by contending that State should follow the same criteria for identification of forest land as is being used by FSI, Dehradun for describing "forest cover" i.e., all lands more than one hectare area with 10% irrespective of land use, ownership and legal status. This exercise is being carried out by FSI, primarily for assessment of forest and tree cover and monitoring the period change based on satellite remote sensing to:

i. Prepare State of Forest report on State-wise Forest cover biennially, providing assessment of latest forest cover in the country and monitoring changes therein;

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ii. Conduct inventory in forest and non-forest areas and develop database on forest tree resources and prepare thematic maps;

iii. Support State/UT Forest Departments in forest resources survey, mapping and inventory.

In fact, para 1.3 of the report published by FSI in 2017, the distinction in the term 'Forest Cover' and 'Forest Area' has been stated as under:

> *"The term "Forest Cover" as used in Indian State of Forest Report refers to all lands more than one hectare in area with a tree canopy of more than 10%, irrespective of land use, ownership and legal status. It may include even orchards, bamboo, palm etc and is assessed through remote sensing. On the other hand, the term 'Recorded Forest Area' or 'Forest Area" refers to all the geographical areas recorded as 'Forests' in government records. Recorded forest area mainly consists of Reserved Forests (RF) and Protected Forests (PF), which have been notified under the provisions of Indian Forest Act, 1927 or its counterpart State Acts. Beside RFs and PFs, the recorded forest area may also include all such areas, which have been recorded as forests in the revenue records or have been constituted so under any state Act or local laws.*
>
> *Recorded Forest area may have blank areas with tree density less than 10 % such as degraded lands, wetlands, rivers, riverbeds, creeks in mangroves, snow covered areas, glaciers and other snow covered .areas, alpine pastures, cold deserts, grasslands etc. As per the definition of forest cover, such areas are excluded from the assessment of the forest cover. On the other hand, there are areas outside the recorded forests with tree patches of one hectare and more with canopy density above 10%. For example plantations on the private community lands, road, rail and canal sides, rubber, tea and coffee plantations etc. Such areas also constitute forest cover and are li included in the forest cover assessment. "*

66. Upon examining the FSI Report, a clear distinction emerges between 'Forest Cover' and 'Recorded Forest Area.' 'Forest Cover' encompasses all lands exceeding 1 (one) hectare in size with a tree canopy exceeding 10%, regardless of land use, ownership, and legal status. This category may encompass various features like orchards, bamboo groves, palm plantations, etc., and is evaluated through remote sensing techniques. Conversely, the term 'Recorded Forest Area' or 'Forest Area' refers to all geographic areas officially designated as 'Forests' in government records. Recorded forest areas primarily include Reserved Forests (RF) and Protected Forests (PF), which are notified under the provisions of the Indian Forest Act, 1927, or equivalent State Acts. In addition to RFs and PFs, the recorded forest area may also cover regions recorded as forests in revenue records or established as such under any State Act or local laws.

67. The State of Goa is one of the smallest States in the country having geographical area of 3,702 sq. km. As per the India State of Forest Report, 2017 published by FSI, the forest cover of Goa is 2,229 sq. km. which is 60.21% of the total geographical area of the State. It is three times higher than the National Forest Cover which is 21.54%.

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If the tree cover of the State is included which is 323 sq. km. the total forest and tree cover of Goa works out to be 2,552 sq. km. which is 68.94% of the geographical area of the State. As rightly pointed out by Mr. Kohli, learned Senior Counsel appearing for the State of Goa the change of existing criteria in determining the deemed forest would have a negative impact on the conservation measures being undertaken hitherto and the reasons enumerated in paragraph 15 could support the said contentions. It reads as thus: -

> *(i) All open forest area (10% to 40 % canopy density} under private ownership shall be identified as deemed forest in the state of Goa, whereas most of this open forest area is habitation area having trees planted traditionally by the people around. their houses for meeting their daily needs of food, fruits, firewood, small timber, agriculture implement etc.*
>
> *(ii) If a person wants to plant 10 trees preferred by him like Mango, Tamarind, teak, jackfruit, chickoo, kathal, etc in his own land of one hectare for the above mentioned needs it will cross the threshold of 0.1 canopy density and be declared as private forests.*
>
> *(iii) It will be a huge disincentive for the small land owners, whose lands will fall under private forest and they will be compelled to seek approval under FCA, 1980 from the Central Government for every parcel of land which may discourage the people of Goa to plant, protect and conserve trees on their lands. Such land owners would lose their right to use their own land for their bona fide needs in view of stringent conditions as laid down in various provisions of the FCA, 1980.*
>
> *(iv) This criteria being independent of ownership, will also attract almost all of the government, private office and residential complexes, educational and other institutions since one hectare criteria with 0.1 canopy density will be applicable to the entire state of Goa.*
>
> *(v) The people, who have cleared the forest / trees on their land before 1996, would appear to be in advantageous position in the eyes of private forest owners.*

(vi) It may give a wrong message to private land holders to not only destroy existing forests/ tree vegetation but there would be no incentive for planting trees or helping in their conservation in view of the restrictions being placed on the usage of their own land.

(vii) As per order dated 12.12.1996 passed by this Hon'ble Court in T. N. Godavarman Vs Union of India, W.P No.202/1995, Govt. of Goa initiated the process of identification of private forests in true spirit following the existing criteria. It is being confirmed using satellite imageries and ground verification by a Review Committee at present. These criteria as mentioned in above para number 4 were formulated by State of Goa way back in 1991 based on the High Court of Bombay order in Writ petition No.162/1987, Shivanand Salgaonkar Vs. Tree officer & others. And it has taken almost two decades to identify and demarcate this private forest area on the ground, which is still not complete and is being done presently by the Review Committee. Reducing the criteria to 0.1 Canopy Density and 1 Hectare will again restart the process to bring large number of private lands with few trees under private forests thereby adversely impacting even the small land owners who have protected trees in good spirit.

(viii) It will be a huge burden on small land owners (i) to find alternative land for Compensatory Afforestation and (ii) to pay Net Present Value (NPV) for his own small bonafide needs such as extension/ construction of even one room use of even small part of his land, and for planting of trees by removal of existing trees on his own land under CA.

(ix) It will put serious pressure on available land for development of the State and bonafide aspirations of its people including conservation imperatives.

(x) In the State of Goa, geographically available land of 3702 Sq. Km has been divided into Eco Zone 1, Eco Zone 2 and Developable Zones, under the Regional Plan Goa 2021 under the Town and Country Planning Act, 1974. In so far as Eco Zone- 1 IS concerned, it comprises Forest (Protected/Reserved/National Park/Wildlife Sanctuaries), Mangrove Forest, identified Private Forests till 2008, Water Bodies/nallas/ponds and paddy fields/khazan lands. Eco Zone 1 constitutes 50.94 % of the geographical area of the State and is completely a 'No Development Zone'. In so far as Eco Zone- 2 is concerned, it comprises orchards, natural cover, cultivable land, salt pans and fish farms/mud flats. Eco Zone-2 constitutes 31.42% of the geographical area of the State where development is restricted to the land use which is completely regulated. Together Eco Zone 1 & 2 constitutes 82.37% of the geographical area of the State leaving behind 17.63% of land as Developable Zones in which also development is regulated and restricted. A copy of the forest cover map of state of Goa as per India State of Forest Report,

2017, FSI Dehradun is annexed hereto and marked as Annexure – B.

68. It is necessary to mention at this juncture, the application of criteria cannot be universally standardized across the country, as it is contingent upon the specific geography and geographical conditions prevalent in each State. Each State possesses its distinctive geographical features, and as a result, the criteria may vary from one State to another. In this regard, it would be apt to consider the criteria/parameters formulated by various States to identify the private forest as indicated in the affidavit filed on behalf of the respondent No. 1, 4 to 8 dated 07.05.2019 are as under:

State	Description of the Criteria/parameters
Andhra Pradesh and Telangana	All private lands bearing natural tree growth **more than 0.40 density** and having an extent of **10 hectares**, shall be treated as forest subject to the conditions that it should not adversely affect customary rights of 'Tribal Land owners'.
Arunachal Pradesh	Areas recorded as forest in the government records were only treated as forests for the purpose of the FC Act. Expert committee did not formulate any parameter to classify an area as 'forest' by dictionary meaning.
Assam	Minimum forest area of **Ten hectare** and more under private ownership were treated as 'forest' by dictionary meaning.
Chhattisgarh and Madhya Pradesh	A patch of land irrespective of their ownership will be deemed as 'forest' if (a) Its area is not less than **10 hectares.**

	(b) It is covered with naturally growing timber, fuel wood and yielding trees. (c) Average number of trees standing on it is **200 or more tree per hectare.**
Goa	A patch of land irrespective of their ownership will be deemed as forest if a. 75% of the crop composition of such lands should be of from forest species and b. Area should be either be contiguous to Government Forest land or in isolation the minimum area so identified should be **5 hectares**. In case of mangroves, area less than 5 hectares is also considered a forest whether or not in contiguity to Government Forest land. c. Minimum **0.40** canopy density.
Himachal Pradesh	Compact blocks of wooded land above **5 ha** in extent.
Karnataka	a. Government land parcels with area of **2 hectares** and above, minimum density 50 naturally grown trees per hectares of girth at breast height 30 cm and above b. Block plantations on Government lands with area of 2 hectares and above having minimum density of 100 planted trees per hectares of 30 cm and above girth at breast height and c. Private lands with area of **5 hectares** & above, minimum density of 50 naturally grown trees per hectares of 30 centimetres and above girth at breast height.
Maharashtra	Following parameters were followed a. An area which falls under the definition of word 'forest' and b. All the mangroves shall be treated as 'forest'
Meghalaya	An area would be 'forest' if it is a compact or continuous tract of minimum **4 hectares** land, irrespective of ownership, and where-

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	a. More than **250** naturally growing trees per hectare of 15 cm and highest diameter at breast height (DBH) over bark are present or b. More than 100 naturally growing bamboos clumps per hectare are present in case of the tracts containing predominantly sympodial bamboo.
Odisha	Those areas which are **5 hectares** or more in extent in one continuous patch of private land covered with plantations and/or natural growth.
Rajasthan	Area not less than **5 hectares** and having not less than **200 plants** per hectare were treated as 'forest' by dictionary meaning.
Sikkim	Contiguous patch of minimum **10 hectares** area having more than **0.40 crown density** were treated as 'Forest' by dictionary meaning.
Uttar Pradesh	Minimum **3 hectares** area with minimum **100 trees** per hectare in Vindhya & Bundelkhand region and minimum **2 hectares** area with minimum 50 trees in Terai & Plain areas were treated as 'Forest' by dictionary meaning, subject to the following conditions; a. Trees means naturally grown perennial trees b. Shrubs will not be counted among trees c. Minimum area of land will be based on gata-wise d. In case of private land, in case a gata is registered in name of several persons in the form of minjumula, then area of each minjumula will be considered for area limit. e. Plantations raised on government and private land will not be considered as forest.
West Bengal	Compact patches of minimum **1 hectare** area having minimum crown density of **0.40** were treated as 'forest' by dictionary meaning.
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	Private/Government areas with minimum **5 hectares** or more having tree vegetation with species variations and required stocking area to be treated as 'forest' by dictionary meaning.

69. In view of the above, we summarise our discussion as under:

i. *Firstly,* the existing criteria for identification of private forests in the State of Goa are adequate and valid, hence, they require no alteration. The Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change guidelines, as well as the Scheduled Tribes & other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006, are clear and unambiguous, as they have exempted the application of the Forest Conservation Act, 1980, on areas that are less than 1 hectare and where not more than 75 trees have to be cut. Reference can be made to the communication dated 03.01.2005 of MoEF. Further, it can be noticed if the criteria i.e., the canopy density of 0.4 and minimum area of 5 ha is reduced to 0.1 and 1 ha as contended, respectively, it will result in the plantations of coconut, orchards, bamboo, palm, supari, cashew, etc., grown by farmers on their private lands into the category of 'private forest'. The effect would be that even for a minor development on the concerned land, the permission of the

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Government under the FCA 1980, for the landholders, would become indispensable. It would be of necessity to note that none of the States have adopted the criteria proposed by the appellant, namely the 0.1 density criteria, as it would result in opening a pandora's box, and it would result in all the States undertaking the task of reassessing the forest area all over again which has since been settled on the basis of existing criteria.

ii. *Secondly*, it has been noticed that appellant is attempting to take a contrary stand on the issue of criteria for the identification of forests, namely, suggesting a change in criteria for the identification of deemed forests under private ownership. On the one hand, the appellant is challenging the criteria adopted by the *Sawant* and *Karapurkar* Committees for the identification of *inter alia* private forests and on the other hand has relied on the same criteria adopted by these two committees for the identification of forests, including private forests, before the Tribunal, as has been observed by the Tribunal in its judgement rendered in O.A. No.22 of 2013 on 22/01/2015

in the matter of ***Goa Foundation v Union of India & Others*** and in O.A. No.479 of 2018 in the matter of ***Goa Foundation v State of Goa & Others***. Thus, appellant cannot be permitted to approbate and reprobate. The appellant has also failed in its endeavour to have the second interim report of the *Sawant* Committee and the criteria laid down thereunder to be revisited in ***Tata Housing*** (***supra***) and before the Tribunal in ***Nisarga*** (***supra***). In fact, appellant and another NGO had argued before the Tribunal in ***Nisarga*** (***supra***) that the criteria ought to be 10% canopy density, which did not find favour with the Tribunal in the teeth of ***Tata Housing (supra)***, and said order passed in ***Nisarga*** (O.A. No.19 of 2013) has attained finality.

iii. *Thirdly,* this Court vide its order dated 12.12.1996 had expressly delegated the task of identifying forest areas to Expert Committees to be constituted by State Governments, thereby recognising that there can be no uniform criteria for such identification across the country.

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70. In light of the above conclusion, we are of considered view that the present appeals would not merit acceptance and accordingly same stand rejected and the impugned order dated 30.07.2014 is upheld. Consequently, the interim order dated 04.02.2015 passed in I.A. No.3845 of 2015 in WP No.202 of 1995 is vacated. I.A. No.40261 of 2017 filed by Respondent No.1 and I.A. No.116496 of 2022 filed by the impleading party (CREDAI), are allowed. We also place on record the valuable assistance rendered by Mr. K. Parameshwar as *Amicus Curiae.*

.....J.
(B.R.Gavai)

.....J.
(Aravind Kumar)

.....J.
(Prashant Kumar Mishra)

New Delhi,
January 24, 2024

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY AT GOA

PIL WRIT PETITION NO._____ OF 2020

The Goa Foundation .....Petitioners

V/s

State of Goa &ors ..... Respondents

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Place: Mapusa

Date: 27.10.2020

Advocate for Petitioners

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY AT GOA

PIL WRIT PETITION NO._____ OF 2020

The Goa Foundation .....Petitioners

V/s

State of Goa &ors ..... Respondents

SYNOPSIS AND LIST OF DATES

This Petition is filed in public interest to challenge the development of an electrical substation on Sy.No.21/1 in Sangod village in contravention of the Regional Plan 2021 which has zoned the land as natural cover, No-Development Slope and paddy fields. No conversion can be granted for such land in view of the order of the Supreme Court dated 4.2.2015. The petition therefore also challenges the destruction of a patch of natural forest located on the said plot based on entirely fraudulent permissions, and for its restoration, apart from penalties.

Petitioner shows that not a single one of the actions of the various authorities allowing clear felling of the entire plot of over 10 ha appears to be bona fide if seen from the records produced in the PIL. Hence this PIL.

LIST OF DATES AND EVENTS

Sr. No	Date	Particulars of events or documents if any	Annexure and Page
1.	04.02.2015	The Supreme Court of India: "In the meanwhile, we direct that the respondents herein will not issue any 'No Objection Certificate(s)' for the conversion of any plot that has natural vegetation with tree canopy density in excess of 0.1 and an area above one hectare." *(Civil Appeal Diary No. 37942/2014)*	
2.	15.06.2017	Prior approval of the Govt. of India under section 68(1) of the Electricity Act, 2003 is granted to M/s Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Limited, an SPV for the scheme "Additional 400 kV Feed to Goa and Additional System For Power Evacuation from Generation Projects pooled at Raigarh (Tamnar) Pool."	
3.	13.07.2018	On an application made by M/s GTTPL for the grant of transmission license under Section 14 and 15(1) of the Electricity Act, 20013, the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission, New Delhi orders that transmission license be granted to M/s GTTPL to establish "Additional 400 kV Feed to Goa and Additional System For Power Evacuation from Generation Projects pooled at Raigarh (Tamnar) Pool" on build, own, operate and maintain (BOOM) basis.	
4.	31.07.2018	M/s Goa Tanmar Transmission Project Limited purchases Sy No 21/1 of Sangod Village via	

		sale deed. The plot acquired admeasures 10.35 ha and comprises of 2800 trees, amounting to a canopy density of over 80% (0.8) .	
5.	09.10.2018	M/s GTTPL submits an application in Form B under the Preservation of Trees Act, 1984 to the Tree Officer (Dy. Conservator of Forests) for the clear felling of 2670 trees on Sy No 21/1 of Sangod village. 90 percent of the trees to be felled are forestry species.	
6.	16.10.2018	M/s GTTPL's application is returned by the DCF (North) on the ground that under the PT Act, "no permission can be granted to any person from the same area on more than two occasions during the same year subject to a maximum area of a hectare at a time." M/s GTTPL is requested to restrict the felling upto 1 HA and submit afresh.	
7.	17.10.2018	M/s GTTPL writes to the DCF (North) seeking to justify a minimum area of 130,000 sq mts is required and that they could not reduce the required area which is designated as per IS norms.	
8.	14.11.2018	The North Goa Forest Division initiates a note (and file) for the approval of the Government under Section 31 of the PT Act, to exclude the	

		operation of Section 9 of the PT Act for Sy No. 21/1 of Sangod Village.	
9.	28.11.2018	Under Section 164 of the Electricity Act, 2003, the Central Electricity authority confers to M/s GTTP, "all powers which the telegraph authority possesses under the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 with respect to placing telegraph lines and post for the purposes of a telegraph established or maintained, by the Government or to be so established or maintained."	
10.	26.12.2018	The Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister, approves the project under Section 31 of the PT Act on behalf of the CM under the words "Chief Minister has approved."	
11.	__.01.2019	The file is resubmitted to the Government for approval by the DCF North, in view of the fact that the decision is granted based on a circular (13/3/90-FOR dated 15.11.1991) which is not applicable when the land in question belongs to a private party.	
12.	04.02.2019	Despite the circular not being applicable, the Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister again approves the project under Section 31 of the PT	

		Act, on behalf of the CM under the words "CM has approved".	
13.	25.04.2019	DCF grants permission to the Tanmar project for the clear felling of 2670 trees in Sy. No. 21/1 situated at Sangod Village despite the action being in utter disregard of the Supreme Court's order dated 4.2.2015.	
14.	18.10.2019	Town and Country Planning Department issues a technical clearance for carrying out the work of "establishment of substation power plant, construction of residential units, pump house, well and Badminton Court.." on land zoned as Natural Cover, No Development Slope, Paddy field as per RGP-2021 in Sy No 21/1 of Sangod Village.	
15.	05.10.2020	A construction License is unilaterally issued by the Sarpanch of the village of Sangod, without a panchayat resolution. The License is not signed by the Secretary.	
16.	October 2020	Writ Petition is filed	

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY AT GOA

PIL WRIT PETITION NO._____ OF 2020

The Goa Foundation .....Petitioners

V/s

State of Goa &ors ..... Respondents

QUESTIONS FOR DETERMINATION

&

LIST OF ACTS & AUTHORITIES

1. Whether any development can be carried out when it is not in conformity with the statutory land use zoned under the Regional Plan 2021?

2. Whether the authorities could grant an approval for tree felling under the Goa Preservation of Trees Act, when they ought to have obtained prior approval under the Forest Conservation Act, 1980?

3. Whether the order excluding the entire Survey number from the purview of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act, 1984 would withstand legal scrutiny in the face of it being issued not under the signature of the Forest Minister (also CM) but under the signature of the principal secretary to the Chief Minister.

4. Whether any conversion of such lands can be permitted in view of the SC order dated 4.2.2015?

Date: 27 .10.2020 Advocate for the Petitioners

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY AT GOA

PIL WRIT PETITION NO._____ OF 2020

IN THE MATTER OF ARTICLES 21, 48A, 51 A(g), & 226 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA AND RULE 4(e) of THE BOMBAY HC PIL RULES;

AND

IN THE MATTER OF THE PROVISIONS OF THE GOA TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT, 1974;

AND

IN THE MATTER OF ORDER PURPORTED TO BE ISSUED BY THE GOA GOVERNMENT FOR EXCLUSION OF SY.NO 21/1 OF SANGOD VILLAGE, WITHIN LIMITS OF VILLAGE PANCHAYAT OF MOLLEM

DHARBANDORA TALUKA, SOUTH GOA FROM THE PURVIEW OF THE GOA PRESERVATION OF TREES, ACT;

AND

IN THE MATTER OF DECISION PURPORTEDLY ON BEHALF OF AILING CHIEF MINISTER/FOREST MINISTER BY HIS PRINCIPAL SECRETARY/ RESPONDENT NO. 10 NOT EVEN BY DELEGATION OF POWERS BUT MERE CLAIM OF "CHIEF MINISTER HAS APPROVED" WITHOUT ANY SIGNATURE OF THE CHIEF MINISTER

1. The Goa Foundation
A Society registered under the
Societies Registration Act 1860,
through its Secretary, Dr Claude Alvares,
with registered office at Rm.7, Le Brag
Chambers, Mapusa 403507 Goa.
Email: goafoundation@gmail.com .....Petitioner

V/s

1. **STATE OF GOA,**
through its Chief Secretary,
c/o Secretariat, Porvorim, Goa 403 521.

2. **TREE OFFICER CUM DY. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS**
Forest Department
North Goa Division
Ponda Goa 403401

3. **PRINCIPAL CHIEF CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS**
Van Bhavan, Altinho,
Panaji 403001 Goa.

4. **MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FORESTS & CC,**
Through Dy. Inspector General of Forests (Central)
Ministry of Env., Forests & CC,
Regional Office (SZ), Kendriya Sadan,
4th Floor, E&F Wings,
17th Main Road, Koramangala II Block,
Bengaluru 560034

5. **DY.TOWN PLANNER**
Town and Country Planning Department
Taluka Office-Quepem/Sanguem/Dharbandhora
Quepem, Goa

6. **THE CHIEF TOWN PLANNER (PLANNING)**
Town and Country Planning Department (HQ)
2nd Floor, Dempo Towers,
Patto Plaza, Panaji, Goa 403001.

7. **ADDL. COLLECTOR (PONDA),**
Office of the Collector,
Ponda, Goa.

8. **PANCHAYAT OF MOLEM,**
Through its Secretary,
Mollem, Goa.

9. **GOA TAMNAR TRANSMISSION PROJECT LTD.,**
With office at: A2/2, New Horizons,
DB Marg, Panaji 403 001 Goa.

A.D Bubbe

10. **P. KRISHNAMURTHY, IAS**
Former Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister of Goa,
Through Chief Secretary,
Government of Goa
Secretariat,
Porvorim, Bardez-Goa. 403 521 .....**RESPONDENTS**

(Above addresses are registered addresses of parties)

To,

The Hon'ble Chief Justice

& His Companion Judges,

Bombay High Court at Panaji, Goa

HUMBLE PETITION OF THE PETITIONERS

MOST RESPECTFULLY SHEWETH AS UNDER:

1. The Petitioner is an environment NGO based in Goa who has approached both, this Hon'ble Court and the Hon'ble Supreme Court, time and again over the past three decades, in public interest, for enforcement of the provisions of environment, wildlife, forest, coastal

regulation, land use, pollution and mining laws. It has pursued the matter of identification and demarcation of private forests in Goa for 22 years. All its members are citizens of India. The average annual income of the Petitioner organization is around Rs.9 lakhs. The Petitioner states that there is no civil, criminal or revenue litigation involving the Petitioner organization which has or could have a legal nexus with the issue involved in this PIL. Registration certificate and resolution of the petitioner organization is herein marked and annexed to the petition as **Annexure 1 colly.** Undertaking that the petitioner will disclose the source of information leading to the filing of the PIL is herein marked and annexed at **Annexure 2**.

2. This writ petition is filed in public interest to challenge the construction of an electrical substation and related infrastructure including residences on Sy.No.21/1 in Sangod village in contravention of the Regional Plan 2021 which has zoned the land as natural cover, No-

Development Slope and paddy fields. No conversion can be granted for such lands in view of the norms prevailing under the statutory Regional Plan for Goa 2021. Neither can the land be converted as per order of the Supreme Court dated 4.2.2015. The petition consequently challenges the destruction by clear felling of a patch of rich natural forest located on the said plot based on entirely fraudulent and manipulated permissions, and seeks its restoration, apart from penalties.

3. The petition shows that as per the records not a single one of the actions of the various authorities allowing clear felling of the entire plot of over 10 ha appears to be bona fide, in addition to being violation of law. Hence the challenges raised in this PIL.

4. Petitioner states that on the 18th of October, 2020, some citizens came to know that the Resp No. 9 had commenced some work at the site. They immediately

went to the site and found that several workers were present and they had commenced some development works on the plot, including clearing of vegetation using heavy machinery (2 JCBs and one truck). Photographs of the work being carried out at the site on 18.10.2020, in the absence of Conversion Sanad for the plot, are hereto annexed as **Annexure 3**. That the petition challenges the non-conforming use of land zoned as natural cover, paddy field and No-Development Slope for the erection of an electricity sub-station being constructed by the Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Ltd., Respondent No.9. The proposed development cannot be permitted in view of a blanket ban by the Supreme Court of India on conversion of any plot of land with natural vegetation, which is more than 1 ha in size and which has a canopy density of more than 10%.

SC blanket ban

5. That the entire litigation costs, including the advocate's fee and other charges are being borne by the Petitioner.

6. That a thorough research has been conducted in the matter based on which the grounds are raised in the petition.

7. That, to the best of the knowledge of the Petitioner and research done by it, the issues raised in this petition were not dealt with or decided in any other petition, and that a similar or identical petition was not filed earlier by them. The petitioner has however filed PIL registered as LD-VC-92-2020 challenging the approvals granted for that part of the transmission line which is proposed to pass through the Molem National park and the Bhagwan Mahaveer Wildlife Sanctuary. This Hon'ble Court has issued notice on the said PIL.

8. That the Petitioner has understood that in the course of hearing of this petition the court may require any

security to be furnished towards costs or any charges, and the Petitioner shall comply with such requirements.

9. That, to the petitioner's knowledge, there is no civil or criminal litigation pending with regard to the subject matter of this petition before any other Court.

10. Petitioner states that this Hon'ble Court has jurisdiction to hear and dispose of this matter, as the matter involves violation of the provisions of the TCP Act, the Goa Land Revenue Code, a specific prohibition imposed by the Apex Court, and decisions that are constitutionally unsustainable.

Facts in brief, constituting the cause:

11. A contract to construct an interstate transmission line was issued to the Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Ltd. (hereinafter, "Tamnar Project") by the Central Power Ministry. The fate of the project hangs in balance as erection of part of the line proposed to be

Project

taken through the Mollem National Park and the Bhagwan Mahaveer wildlife sanctuary has been challenged before this High Court and the permissions granted appear irregular and doubtful. In fact, the permission to fell trees within the National Park and Sanctuary is yet to be given even stage one approval under the Forest Conservation Act, 1980, partly due to the challenge pending before this High Court. Almost the whole of Goa is opposed to the destruction of the sanctuary and national park.

12. However, the transmission line falling outside the sanctuary is also disastrous for the environment. It involves the felling of over a lakh trees, for which in fact applications are pending before MOEF&CC. Petitioners have filed detailed objections thereto. The subject matter of this PIL however is restricted to the construction of the electricity substation and attendant structures, which is proposed to be located on Sy No.21/1 in Sangod village, within limits of Mollem

panchayat, Dharbandora Taluka, South Goa, but outside the WLS and NP.

13. From facts gleaned by the petitioner, it appears that more than 80 persons claimed interest in Sy.No.21/1. Sale deeds testify that the transactions to sell the land to Tamnar (a private company) were completed in 2018. Thereafter, Tamnar claimed the land and made an application for clear felling of the trees. Copy of the application dated 09.10.2018 of the Tamnar project to fell trees on 10 ha of land, all comprising forest species, is at **Annexure 4**.

14. Petitioner submits that this application could never have been entertained or granted in view of the order of the Supreme Court dated 4.2.2015 in Civil Appeal No. 37942/2014, copy of which is at **Annexure 5.** Forest department officials are well aware of this order and have been implementing it when confronted with requests for permissions for any development, either

government or private, for the past 5 years. The order relates to an appeal filed by the petitioner herein, which challenged the criteria for identification of private forest adopted by the Goa government. On 4.2.2015, Hon'ble Supreme Court, in granted interim relief in the terms of the following order:

> "In the meanwhile, we direct that the respondents herein will not issue any 'No Objection Certificate(s)' for the conversion of any plot that has natural vegetation with tree canopy density in excess of 0.1 and an area above one hectare."

While the Goa government insisted on only identifying plots with canopy density of 40% (0.4) and an area of 5 ha as "forest" for purposes of the Forest Conservation Act, 1980, the appeal before the apex court pleaded for a forest criteria of 10% (0.1) canopy and 1 ha., area in line with earlier decisions of the apex court dated 28.3.2008 and the affidavit of the Forest

Survey of India which recognized forest on lands with extent in excess of 1 ha.

15. In fact, it is this Hon'ble Court which on 26.03.2012 first recorded an undertaking of the Goa government in Writ Petition No.495/2010 filed by this petitioner that no conversion would be allowed for any plot of land with natural vegetation having canopy density in excess of 10% and area of 1 ha. This order was carried over to the NGT, and then re-confirmed by the apex court on 4.2.2015. It is still in operation as a binding direction as the Supreme Court is yet to decide the appeal. The state of Goa and the Forest Department are the main respondents in the appeal.

16. The Tamnar plot acquired was 10.3.5 ha. (10 lakhs, three thousand and five sq. mts) and comprised 2800 trees, which amounted to a density of over 80% (0.8), almost all of which were forest species, which would immediately place this plot within the restrictions of

2800 trees
80% density

the Supreme Court order. Any forest officer worth his salt would have immediately set up an alarm. However, due to the influence of the Resp.No.9 and pressures it brought to bear on the local administration, and the difficulties (and scandal) of approving the felling of such a large area of naturally vegetation comprising forestry species of trees, the forest department set in motion an unprecedented elaborate approval process to bypass both the FCA, 1980 and the PT Act which had its own restrictions on the permissions that could be granted for large-scale felling of trees. As for the Supreme Court's order dated 4.2.2015, it was simply kept hidden from view. The department moved the file without including a copy of the Supreme Court's order.

17. From the file notings, copy of which was released under RTI on 23.10.2020, the following facts have now emerged, borne by the record:

a) Application in Form B was made under the Preservation of Trees Act, 1984 by Tamnar to the Tree Officer (who is also the Dy. Conservator of Forests) on or around 09.10.2018.

b) Vide letter dated 16.10.2018, the DCF (North) returned the file to the applicant on the ground that under the PTA, "no permission can be granted to any person from the same area on more than two occasions during the same year subject to a maximum area of a hectare at a time." The letter further stated that the respondent company "may like to restrict the felling upto 1 Ha area and submit afresh." For reasons known only to him, he did not direct Tamnar to process the application under the Forest Conservation Act, 1980, nor did he draw the

attention of the applicant to the Supreme Court order dated 4.2.2015 though he was fully aware of it and was implementing it. Copy of the DCF's letter dated 16.10.2018 is at **Annexure 6**.

c) No fresh application was submitted thereafter. Instead, within 24 hours, that is, on 17.10.2018 itself, Tamnar submitted a letter where it attempted to "appraise [the DCF] about the project." On page 2 of the said letter, it submitted the plan map of the proposed substation. The letter further said that from the said plan it was apparent that "we require a minimum area of 1,30,000 sq mts for the above scope to be implemented. In addition, some minor working areas may also be required for protection walls, drainage system, and maintenance of safe gradient to prevent soil collapse." The letter ended by stating that they could not reduce the required area "which is designated as per IS norms." Obviously therefore, land was not suitable since

Tamnar project

Tamnar had purchased merely 1,03,005 sq mts of the property while its own letter indicated a much larger land requirement of 1,30,000 at a minimum. It is to be noted that Sy.No.21/1 is surrounded on three sides by natural forest, both government and private. Copy of the said letter dated 17.10.2018 is at **Annexure 7**.

d) Despite the fact that no fresh application or request was submitted -- it appears that based on the letter dated 17.10.2018, the North Goa Forest Division on 14.11.2018, initiated a file for the approval of the Government under Section 31 of the PTA, to exclude the operation of Section 9 of the PTA for Sy No. 21/1 of Sangod village. The file begins with a Note from the DCF (North Goa Divn.) indicating that the Sy.No.21/1 of Sangod village was "not a Government forest land." Neither did the plot figure in the list of sy.nos identified as "Private Forest" by Sawant/Karapurkar/Sharma state level

expert committees. The Note goes on to list the species of the 2670 trees required to be felled, perusal of which shows that 90% were forest species, whereas only 10% comprised mango, jackfruit, coconut and cashew. The Note did not mention that Sy.No.21 was identified by the North Goa Forest Division Committee (of which the DCF, North was a member). Nor did it mention the Supreme Court's order dated 4.2.2015. However, in the concluding part of the Note, the DCF clearly states that the trees to be felled are "forestry species". Copy of the entire notings pages in the file is hereto annexed to this petition as **Annexure 8**. Copy of the relevant pages of the NGFDC report which lists Sy.No.21 of Sangod village is at **Annexure 9**. (Sy No 21 of Sangod village is at Sr. No 5 in the report).

e) It is more than obvious that this plot, having 2670 trees of largely forestry species and exceeding ten hectares clearly met the criteria of forest as accepted by the Goa Government / Forest department. The order of the Supreme Court dated 12.12.1996 *Godavarman Thirumulkpad v. Union of India & Ors.,(1997) 2 SCC 267* observed: "Forest" must be understood according to its dictionary meaning. This description covers all statutorily recognised forests, whether designated as reserved, protected or otherwise for the purpose of Section 2(i) of the Forest Conservation Act. The term 'forest land', occurring in Section 2, will not only include 'forest' as understood in the dictionary sense, but also any area recorded as forest in the Government record irrespective of the ownership. This is how it has to be understood for the purpose of Section 2 of the Act. The provisions enacted in the Forest Conservation Act, 1980 for

the conservation of forests and the matters connected therewith must apply clearly to all forests so understood irrespective of the ownership or classification thereof."

f) The physical existence of a forest is independent of its recognition as a forest as there may be a time lapse before the plot is identified and demarcated. However, there is a direction of this Court and of the Supreme Court to locate, identify and demarcate forest areas. If a plot of land had 40% canopy density, 75% forestry species, and exceeded 5 ha., it met the objective criteria for recognising the area as forest. Sy No 21 thus fitted into the Goa Government's criteria for identification of private forest. In any event, it certainly met the stricter criteria laid down in the interim order dated 4.2.2015, which tightened the criteria further to include lands with natural

vegetation having minimum 10% canopy density and area of 1 ha.

g) At para 8 of page 2 of the note, the DCF now proceeded to propose that since under Section 9 of the PTA, there was a limit for the granting of a felling permission for any area more than 1 ha at a time, the Government may be approached for seeking exemption of this property from the operation of Section 9 by passing an order under Section 31 of the same Act. Here, the DCF also clearly states that the approval is sought for the felling of 2670 nos of "Forestry tree species for the establishment of 400/220 kV substation in an area of 1,03,050 sq.mts (10 ha approx)."

h) On a clarification sought by one of the forest officials, regarding whether the description of trees in the enumeration list carried out by the forest officer who had visited the site used the term

"width" to refer to diameter or girth, the enumeration list was forthwith manually changed to "girth", as the width provided in the list would mean very large trees were proposed for felling which would have required a relook at the proposal. Copy of the first page of the manually corrected enumeration list is **Annexure 10**. All the pages in the enumeration list have the same correction made manually by hand. Such tampering with data (without even a signature of the official making such changes) is unheard of. The list as it appears in the final approval order itself (which is impugned in this petition), lists the width now as "GBH" (girth upto breast height). However, the two lists are not commensurable.

i) Thereafter, the file was submitted to the Secretariat for approval of the government, in line with a circular issued for disposal of such cases where public projects are concerned on government land

or acquired private land. The proposal had to be approved by the Forest Minister (who was also the Chief Minister). However, as the then Chief Minister of Goa, Mr. Manohar Parrikar was ailing from a terminal illness, the approval was granted on file (p.8/N) by the then Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister, the Respondent No. 10, under the words "**Chief Minister has approved.**"

CM has approved

j) After the file reached the DCF North, he drew the attention of the government to the fact that the circular on which the decision was based was not applicable in the present instance since the land under application was not a government land or acquired private land, but belonged to a private party. For this reason, the file was resubmitted, drawing the attention of the government to the error. Once again, despite the fact that the circular did not apply, the decision was maintained, and the same Principal Secretary/Respondent No. 10

appended his signature to the proposal once again purportedly on behalf of the Chief Minister.

k) Petitioners submit that the circular referred to above is the circular No. 13-3-90-FOR dated 15th November, 1991 issued by the Government of Goa (Dept. of Forests) "to clarify the procedure to be followed whenever tree felling is to be done in the course of executing developmental projects." The circular specifically states that permission can only be granted on Government land or land acquired by the Government. In view of the same, Section 31 cannot apply to private land. Further, the circular also clarifies that in case felling of trees is required to be done in Government Forest area or any other forest area, *even though it may not be recorded as 'forest' in the land records*, a proposal will have to be formulated for obtaining clearance from the Government of India under the Forest

(Conservation) Act, 1980. A copy of the circular dated 15.11.1991 is enclosed as **Annexure 11.**

l) Petitioner submits that unless there was a Standing Order, duly notified, delegating powers to the concerned Secretary of the Department (as is permissible under the Business Rules), the Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister has absolutely no authority nor is he empowered to approve the proposal for exemption of Sy.No.21/1 from the operation of Section 9 of the PTA, calling up the power vested in Section 31. The Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister is not "Government" nor could the Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister exercise jurisdiction to purport to take any decision on the file.

m) Any decision by the "Government" must bear the signature of the concerned Minister or if any officer acts under delegated power, then such

officer authorized. The Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister was at no point of time authorized by any Standing Order, to take decisions on behalf of the Government and in this case, the Chief Minister. Also, making any endorsement or remark to claim "Chief Minister has approved" is a totally fraudulent act on the part of the Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister and in any case, does not constitute any decision by the Government as required by law.

n) There is even doubt if the then Chief Minister, Mr Manohar Parrikar had even perused the file and accorded his approval and/or was medically fit and/or in a condition to have perused the file and given his assent or consent in as much as if he was in a fit condition to peruse and examine the file, he could have affixed his signature thereon.

o) Such an act on the part of the then Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister/Respondent No. 10, to put the remark and purport to clear the file on behalf of the Government in this fashion, is clearly a gross abuse of powers and misuse of authority and an usurpation of power of the Government unto himself.

p) The act of the then Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister/Respondent No. 10, signing on behalf of a constitutional authority is unconstitutional, unwarranted, without jurisdiction, unlawful, and has to be forthwith quashed and set aside. Such illegal approvals were issued by the same person not once but twice, as can be seen from the file notings. It appears that the same officer was also signing for the Chief Minister on other matters as well.

q) The decision of the government under Section 31 must be followed by a notification. Petitioner finds no such notification in the Goa gazette.

r) The order of the Supreme Court of India was thus effectively subverted and sabotaged by an extra-constitutional authority. Thus mala fides are written across the face of the record. Copy of the impugned approval consequently granted by the Tree Officer dated 25.4.2019 issued for clear felling 2670 forest trees on the plot is **Annexure 12** to the petition. The list of trees to be felled runs into several pages. Shortly thereafter the Resp Company commenced felling of the trees. The order dated 25.4.2019 was an attempt to present the authorities with a fait accompli so that Conversion Sanad could be facilitated. The order is clearly in contempt of the Supreme Court of India which directed the respondents (including Forest Dept.) not to issue NOC for conversion of

any plot with naturally grown vegetation with tree canopy density in excess of 0.1 ha. and area in excess of 1 ha. The Tree Officer's approval is bound to be also quashed and set aside.

18. Once one serious illegality is committed, further illegalities are bound to follow. In the statutory land use plan called the Regional Plan for Goa 2021, Sy.No.21/1 and 22 of Sangod Village, within limits of Village Panchayat of Mollem, Dharbandora Taluka, South Goa are zoned as "natural cover, no-development slope and paddy fields." All three are ecozones as per the norms laid down under the Regional Plan 2021 (Release I). This fact/zoning is not disputed. However, once again the Tamnar project was favoured by unprecedented orders passed by government, which directed the Town and Country Planning Department to issue a technical clearance for carrying out the work of "establishment of substation power plant, construction of residential units, pump

house, well and Badminton Court" on land "zoned as Natural Cover, No Development Slope, Paddy field as per RGP-2021." Copy of the impugned technical clearance order dated 18.10.2019 is at **Annexure 13**.

19. Although there is no Conversion Sanad issued till date, the Company apparently approached the village panchayat for construction license. The matter was taken up by the Panchayat at its meeting held on 11.6.2020. After extensive discussion, wherein it was noted that there is no conversion sanad, the panchayat resolved to place the matter before the Gram Sabha for its decision. However, all of a sudden, before the Gram Sabha meeting could be called, the Sarpanch of the village of Sangod unilaterally issued, without a panchayat resolution and under his own signature, a construction license dated 05.10.2020. Copy of the resolution placing the matter before the Gram Sabha is **Annexure 14**. Copy of the impugned panchayat order issued by the Sarpanch is **Annexure 15**.

20. It appears that an application for conversion of the plot is pending before the Addl. Collector, Ponda. In the humble submission of the petitioner, no conversion sanad can be granted for the plot in question, due to the order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court dated 4.2.2015. Hence, the Town Planning technical clearance and the Panchayat's construction license cannot for this reason be sustained. If no conversion has been obtained, any development work at site is clearly in violation of the Goa Land Revenue Code, and hence illegal.

GROUNDS

21. Hence this PIL on the following grounds, among others:

    a) The impugned permissions have been granted in complete violation of the Hon'ble Supreme Court's order dated 04.02.2015. The Hon'ble SC has explicitly prohibited the grant of any NOC for the conversion of land that has natural vegetation

with tree canopy density in excess of 0.1 and area above one hectare. The plot in question here is naturally vegetated and has a canopy density of 0.8 having area of approximately 10 hectare. Forestry species comprised 90% of the plants on the plot. Thus the plot in fact met the criteria for private forest of the Goa government, which is more diluted than the criteria listed in the Supreme Court's order.

b) The Forest Department could not have gone through the farce of processing the approval for clear felling under the PTA, 1984 in view of the order of the Supreme Court dated 4.5.2019. Further, the Forest Department was duty bound to refer the file to the MOEF&CC for clearance under the provisions of the Forest Conservation Act, 1980. This was not done on purpose. Hence, illegal diversion of the plot in question has occurred in violation of the provisions of the FCA, 1980.

c) The forest on Sy.No.21/1 was indisputably forest as it met all the criteria of the Goa government for identification as forest. The three criteria are that the forest must have 40% canopy density, 75% forestry species and should be above 5 ha in extent. From the papers on record in this petition, the forest on sy.No.21/1 was of 80 percent canopy density; it had 90% forestry species, and finally, was more than 10 ha in extent.

d) The permission to fell 2670 trees in Sy No 21/1 of Sangod village in an area admeasuring approximately 10 ha has ostensibly been granted based on an approval granted by the Government dated 04.02.2019 under Section 31 of the PT Act, to exclude the operation of Section 9 for the impugned plot. The same must be notified. Section 31 of the PT Act states:

"31.Power of the Government to exempt.— Subject to such conditions, if any, as may be imposed, the Government may, if it considers it necessary so to do in the public interest, by notification, exempt any area or any species of trees from all or any of the provisions of this Act."

e) The final order for the mass slaughter of forest trees was illegally signed by the Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister (also Forest Minister). The PS is not "Government" and cannot substitute or take the place of a constitutional authority.

f) Further, to the best knowledge of the Petitioner, no notification, as mandated by law, has been issued with regard to the impugned decision of the Government dated 04.02.2019 thus far.

g) An order passed under Section 31 cannot replace or be a substitute for the requirement of prior approval under the Forest Conservation Act, 1980.

h) The TCP clearance dated 18.10.2019 and the construction license dated 05.10.2020 issued by the VP of Sangod village are liable to be quashed as they have been granted in violation of the Goa Town and Country Planning Act. The impugned permissions have been granted for development that is contrary to the permissible uses of the land as per the zoning in the Regional Plan 2021. The plot in question is zoned as Natural Cover (Eco II), No Development Slopes and Paddy Fields (Eco I). Permission for a "substation power plant, construction of residential units, pump house, well and Badminton Court" cannot be granted within these zones. Section 16A of the GTCP Act clearly prohibits any development in contravention of any provision of the regional plan as in force.

i) The Construction License dated 05.10.2020 has been granted without any resolution of the Panchayat or Gram Sabha. It has unilaterally been granted by the Sarpanch of Sangod village without the signature of the Secretary of the panchayat. The Panchayat has already recorded a resolution to refer the matter to the Gram Sabha for decision. In view of the resolution, the construction license could not have been issued by the Sarpanch.

j) The Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister is not "Government" nor could the Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister exercise jurisdiction to purport to take any decision on the file.

k) Any decision by the "Government" must bear the signature of the concerned Minister or if any officer acts under delegated power, then such officer authorized. The Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister was at no point of time authorized

by any Standing Order, to take decisions on behalf of the Government and in this case, the Chief Minister.

l) Also, making any endorsement or remark to claim "Chief Minister has approved" is a total fraudulent act on the part of the Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister and in any case, does not constitute any decision by the Government as required by law.

m) The act of the Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister, signing on behalf of a constitutional authority is unconstitutional, unwarranted, without jurisdiction, unlawful, and has to be forthwith quashed and set aside.

n) No conversion has been granted, nor can be granted for such lands in view of the norms prevailing under the statutory Regional Plan for

Goa 2021. Neither can the land be converted as per order of the Supreme Court dated 4.2.2015.

o) Such other and further grounds that may be urged at the time of hearing.

Source of Information

22. The Petitioner is relying on information received under the RTI Act.

Nature and extent of Injury caused / apprehended

23. The forests of Goa are its principal ecological asset. Petitioner has spent a record 22 years pursuing the protection of government and private forests in the state of Goa. It fought to ensure that, till the Supreme Court decided its challenge to the forest criteria adopted by the State of Goa, no conversion of any area with natural vegetation, in excess of 1 ha area and with canopy density of 10% and above would be permitted in the State of Goa. This is the first time that an area in excess

of 10 ha, with canopy density of 80%, stocked with 90% of forestry species, has been allowed to be clear-felled on the basis of entirely fraudulent permissions. The plot is located in the midst of a major government forest and other private forests. This is not the place to locate any project of this kind for its implications on the surrounding forests as well. The damage done by the clear felling is already significant. Every law in the book and every order of this High Court and Supreme Court have been violated. The area must be rehabilitated.

Delay, if any, in filing the petition

24. There is no delay in filing this petition. The petitioner became aware of the tree felling that took place at the site only after it was executed. Thereafter the petitioner had to locate the relevant documents and make applications under RTI. The file notings and other relevant documents were made available under RTI on 23.10.2020. In any case, no Conversion Sanad has

been issued as yet for the plot. Petitioner has objected to the grant of the conversion sanad in the circumstances.

Representations made

25. Petitioner has drawn the attention of the authorities to the relevant infringements of law and violation and contempt of Supreme Court's order by its communications dated 26.10.2020.

Documents relied upon

26. List of documents to be relied upon is provided in the index.

27. Petitioner is therefore entitled to an appropriate writ, order or direction, quashing and setting aside the various permissions and approvals illegally granted for the project on Sy.No.21/1 + 22/1 of Sangod village.

28. The cause of action has arisen in Goa.

29. Petitioner has not filed any petition in respect of the impugned order either in this Hon. Court or the Hon. Supreme Court or any other Court.

30. Fixed Court Fees as prescribed is paid hereon.

31. Petitioner has not received any notice of any Caveat from any of the Respondents.

32. In view of the averments made in this petition and the fact that there is no Conversion sanad as of date, the petitioner is entitled to ad-interim relief till this Court examines and adjudicates the serious issues raised in this PIL.

PRAYERS

33. Petitioners are therefore approaching this Hon'ble High Court for the following reliefs:

i) For an order or writ in the nature of an order to quash and set aside the approval of the Government under Section 31 of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act, 1984 dated 4.2.2019;

ii) For an order or writ in the nature of an order to quash and set aside the tree felling permission granted to Resp No 9 dated 25.4.2019.

iii) For an order or writ in the nature of an order to quash and set aside the TCP technical clearance dated 18.10.2019 and the Panchayat construction license dated 5.10.2020.

iv) For an order directing restitution of Sy.No.21/1 of Sangod Village, within limits of Village Panchayat Of Molem, Dharbandora Taluka, South Goa to its original forestry status.

v) For costs of this PIL;

vi) Any other reliefs this Hon'ble Court may be pleased to grant in public interest.

Interim reliefs:

vii) Pending hearing and final disposal of this PIL, for an order directing stay of any work or development of the said property under Sy.No.21/1 of Sangod Village, within limits of Village Panchayat Of Molem, Dharbandora Taluka, South Goa and to maintain status quo;

viii) Pending hearing and final disposal of this PIL, for an order restraining the Addl. Collector, Ponda from issuing any conversion sanad for Sy.No.21/1 of Sangod Village, within limits of Village Panchayat of Molem, Dharbandora Taluka, South Goa.

22/1

Ad-Interim relief:

viii) Ad-interim relief in terms of prayer (vii) & (viii).

Mapusa (Petitioner)

Date:27.10.2020

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY AT GOA

PIL WRIT PETITION NO._____ OF 2020

Goa Foundation .....Petitioners

V/s

State of Goa & Ors ..... Respondents

AFFIDAVIT IN
SUPPORT OF THE PETITION

I, Dr Claude Alvares, Secretary, Petitioner No. 3 organisation herein, do hereby solemnly affirm and declare as under:-

1. I have today filed a writ petition in public interest for the reliefs sought therein.

2. I state that there is no personal gain, private motive or oblique reason in filing the PIL.

3. The petitioners are ready to pay costs as ordered by the Court, if it is ultimately held that the petition is frivolous or has been filed for extraneous considerations or that it lacks bona fides.

4. The petitioners shall disclose the source of their information, leading to the filing of the PIL, if and when called upon by the Court, to do so.

5. I solemnly declare and say that what has been stated in paras 1, 2(p), 3(p), 4-10, 11(p), 12(p), 13, 14(p), 15, 16(p), 17(p), 18(p), 19(p), 20(p), 22, 23(p), 25, 26, 28, and 29-31 of the accompanying petition are in the nature of facts which are true to my own knowledge I believe the same to be true and the contents of paras 2(p), 3(p), 11(p), 12(p), 14(p), 16(p), 17(p), 18(p), 19(p), 20(p), 21, 23(p), 24 , 27, 32 and 33are my submissions, made on legal advice which I believe to be true and correct. No part of it is false and nothing material has been concealed there from.

6. I say that the documents annexed are true copies of their originals.

Solemnly affirmed at Mapusa

this the 27th day of October 2020 Deponent

Annexure 1 47

C E R T I F I C A T E

****

In view of the Affidavit filed by the Secretary of the Society ' THE GOA FOUNDATION ' for the purpose of 3 (B) (4) of the Societies Registration (Goa Amendment) Act,1998, it is hereby certified that the registration of the said Society, registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 under No.23/Goa/86 is hereby renewed for a further period of five years w.e.f. 11-6-2000.

Dated:- 2nd August, 2000.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL SOCIETIES महानिरीक्षकाचे कार्यालय संस्था PANAJI पणजी

(P. V. S. Sardessai)
Inspector General
By -Order

Registration renewed till 11-06-2015
Dated 21/01/2011
Inspector General of Societies/
/District Registrar (North Goa)
By Order
21/1/2011

Office of Inspector General of Societies संस्था महानिरीक्षकाचे कार्यालय

Registration renewed till 11-06-2020
Dated 24-09-2015
Inspector General of Societies/
/District Registrar (North Goa)
By Order
24/9/2015

Office of Inspector General of Societies संस्था महानिरीक्षकाचे कार्यालय Goa Panaji

Registration renewed till 11-06-2025
Dated 11-09-2020
Inspector General of Societies/
/District Registrar (North Goa)
By Order
11/09/2020

Office of Inspector General of Societies संस्था महानिरीक्षकाचे कार्यालय North Goa, Panaji

GOA
FOUNDATION

G-8, St Britto's Apartments, Feira Alta, Mapusa 403507 Goa, INDIA
Tel: +91-0832-2256479; 2263305 *(also fax)*
E-mail: goafoundation@gmail.com *Website:* www.goafoundation.org

Resolution of the Goa Foundation at the meeting of its Managing Committee held on 12.11.2016

"It is hereby resolved, in supersession of earlier resolutions on the matter, that the Society has authorized Shri Mathias Vaz, President and Dr Claude Alvares, Secretary, to represent the Society in all legal matters on behalf of the Society before the High Court of Bombay at Panaji, National Green Tribunal, Delhi and Pune, and Supreme Court of India. This authorization includes the filing of appeals, PIL Writ Petitions, applications, and related matters, where required, for the period of tenure of this Managing Committee."

Authenticated copy:

Mathias Vaz

President
17.11.2016

THE GOA FOUNDATION Reg. No. 33/GOA/85

Annexure 2 49

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY AT GOA

PIL WRIT PETITION NO. OF 2020

Goa Foundation)... Petitioners

v/s

State of Goa & Ors)... Respondents

UNDERTAKING

I, Claude Alvares, Secretary of the Petitioner Organisation, undertake that I will disclose the source of information leading to the filing of the Public Interest Litigation if and when called upon by the Court to do so.

Panaji Petitioner

Date: 27.10.2020

Annexure 3 50

Photographs of work being carried out on Syno 2 1/1 of Sangod village dated 18.10.20

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Annexure 4

APPENDIX - I

FORM B

(See Rule 4.1)

2 pgs

The Tree Officer,
Dy. Conservator of Forests
North Goa Division
Ponda. Goa

6873
S2
09/10/13

Sir,

I apply for grant of permission for felling trees located in the property situated in the village Sangod of Dharbandora Taluka and District South Goa. I furnish below the following details in support of my application:-

i)	**Applicant's name and address (In block letters)**	:-	Goa Tamnar Transmission Projects Limited A2/2, New Horizons, DB Marg, Miramar Panaji- 403001.
ii)	Name and address of the owner of the property (if different from applicant)	:-	-----
iii)	Title of the applicant i.e. whether owner/occupant of the property, etc.	:-	Owner
iv)	Name and serial number of property	:-	Survey No. 21/1 of Sangod Village.
v)	Total area of the property with description of the boundaries	:-	Survey No. 21/1- 1,03,050 SqM EAST : S.No 21 sub division 2 of Sangod Village WEST: S.No 24 sub division 1A of Sangod Village NORTH: S.No 20/1 of Sangod Village SOUTH: S.No 21 sub division 2 of Sangod Village.
vi)	Total number of trees (species-wise) whose trunk or body is not less than 5 cm. in diameter at a height of 30 cms. from the ground and whose height is not less than one meter from the ground	:-	As per List Enclosed.
vii)	The exact area (in sq. meters) from which felling of trees for which permit is sought (description of the boundaries)	:-	1,03,050 Square Metre.
viii)	Total number of trees to be felled	:-	2670 Trees.

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PONDA-GOA

52

294/c

ix) Trees to be felled are numerically numbered in paint, their girth measured at a height of 1.35 meters from ground level and their details species wise :- Refer Annexure no 1

x) Purpose for which the felling of trees are intended : Eastiblishment of 400/220 kV Substation.

xi) Intended use of felled trees (e.g. for sale, for domestic use, etc.) : For Domestic Use/Sale

xii) Intended use of land after felling of trees : Eastiblishment of 400/220 kV Substation.

xiii) Number and species of trees intended to be planted after felling (give details of arrangement for raising, planting and protecting trees) :- As per instruction by Tree Officer

xiv) Names and addresses of the owners/occupants adjoining properties :-

I am enclosing an affidavit and below mentioned papers in support of my application.

Declaration

I hereby declare that I shall fully satisfy and abide by such terms and conditions of the permit as may be specified therein.

Place:-

Date:-

APPLICANT'S SIGNATURE

Attested copies of:-

1. Property/Occupancy documents.
2. Plan of the property showing the survey number.
3. Enumeration list (duly signed by the applicant).
4. Boundary list (duly signed by the applicant).
5. Latest index of land record issued by the Mamlatdar.
6. N.O.C from adjoining property owners:

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Annexure 5

ITEM NO.4 COURT NO.1 SECTION XVII

S U P R E M E C O U R T O F I N D I A
RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS

Civil Appeal Diary No(s). 37942/2014

GOA FOUNDATION TH. SECY. Appellant(s)

VERSUS

STATE OF GOA AND ORS. Respondent(s)
(with appln. (s) for condonation of delay in filing appeal. and office report)

Date : 04/02/2015 This appeal was called on for hearing today.

CORAM :
HON'BLE THE CHIEF JUSTICE
HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE A.K. SIKRI
HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE ARUN MISHRA

For Appellant(s) Mr.Sanjay Parikh,Adv.
Mr.Ritwik Parikh, Adv.
Ms. Anitha Shenoy,Adv.

For Respondent(s)

UPON hearing the counsel the Court made the following
O R D E R

Treat this appeal as an Interlocutory Application in Writ Petition (C) No.202 of 1995, *T.N. Godavarman Thirumulkpad Vs. Union of India & Ors.*, and list it before the Green Bench on 27.02.2015.

In the meanwhile, we direct that the respondents herein will not issue any 'No Objection Certificate(s)' for the conversion of any plot that has natural vegetation with tree canopy density in excess of 0.1 and an area above one hectare.

Resp - State of Goa Forest Dept. Collector N & S.

(G.V.Ramana)
Court Master

(Vinod Kulvi)
Asstt.Registrar

Signature Not Verified
Digitally signed by Ramana Venkata Ganti
Date: 2015.02.06 16:58:13 IST
Reason:

54

Annexure 6

1 page

GOVERNMENT OF GOA
OFFICE OF THE DY. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
NORTH GOA DIVISION, PONDA-GOA. 403401
Phone no. 0832-2312095, 2312856

No: 0832- 2312856 Fax: 0832- 2312095 e mail: dcfnorth-forest.goa@nic.in

No.1/DCFN/CLM-10/TMB/2018-19/ 233 **Dated:-** 16/10/2018
24 **Asavina Saka, 1940**

To,
The Manager (Project)
Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Limited,
A2/2 New Horizons DB Marg,
Miramar Panaji Goa.
403001

Sub:-Submission of Form "B" in Sy. No. 21/1 of Sangod village of Dharbandora Taluka.

Sir,

With reference to the letter dated Nil on the subject cited above, it is to inform that as per Section No.9 of Goa Daman & Diu Preservation of Tree Act, 1984 (copy enclosed) no permission can be granted to any person from the same area on more than two occasions during the same year subject to a maximum area of a Hectare at a time.

Therefore, you may like to restrict the felling upto 1 ha. area and submit afresh. The file submitted earlier is returned in original.

Yours faithfully,

Kuldeep Sharma, IFS
Dy. Conservator of Forests,
North Goa Division,
Ponda –Goa.

Encl:- File in Origional.

"Swachh Bharat, Nital Goem"

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PONDA-GOA

Annexure 7

3/2L

55

Goa- Tamnar Transmission Project Limited

A2/2, New Horizons, DB Marg, Miramar, Panaji, Goa.

////Sterlite Power

17/10/2018

STL/Forest/GTTPL/18-19/28

Dated: 17/Oct/2018

7142

83

17/10/2018

To

The Deputy Conservator of Forests
Ponda, North Goa,
Goa.

Sub: - Submission of Form "B" in Sy. No. 21/1 of Sangod Village of Dharbandora Taluka.

Ref:- Your Office letter no. 1/DCFN/CLM-10/TMB/2018-19/233-1349 dated 16-10-2018.

Dear Sir,

This is with reference to you above mentioned letter, in respect of the provisions under section 9 of Goa Daman & Diu Preservation of trees Act 1984 and seeking our response on the same.

Before we submit our justification on our proposal, we would like to appraise you about the "Project." The project

Goa presently has **only one** connectivity to Western Grid through 400kV Mapusa-Kolhapur line, which is not enough to meet the growing demand and maintaining reliability of Power Supply. And therefore, this project namely "Additional 400kV feed to Goa" has been conceived and approved by Ministry of Power keeping in view of the growing tourism and industry in Goa and growth of associated Power Demand.

Project has been approved by Ministry of Power under Section-68 of Electricity Act 2003 and has also been granted the Transmission license under section 14 of the said Act by Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (CERC). Please find attached the MOP letter no K.V.PRA/26/3/PSPA-I/2017/491-492 dated 15.06.2017 and CERC order dated 13th July 2018 to this effect.

The Project scope consists of Construction of following Transmission System;

Sl.	Name of the Transmission Element
1.	Establishment of New 2x500MVA, 400/220 kV substation in Xeldem / Suitable location in South Goa district
2.	LILO of one ckt. of Narendra (existing) – Narendra (New) 400kV D/C quad line at Goa (New GTTPL Substation)
3.	GTTPL (New) – Mapusa (PGCIL) 400 kV D/C (Quad) line
4.	Inter- connection with Xeldem (GED) substation through 220 kV D/C line with HTLS conductor (ampacity equivalent to twin moose conductor)

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PONDA-GOA

19/10/18

45

56 3WC

Goa- Tamnar Transmission Project Limited
A2/2, New Horizons, DB Marg. Miramar, Panaji, Goa.

////Sterlite Power

The Element-1 above (400/220kV Substation) consists of the following elements;

400kV

- ICTs : 2x500MVA, 400/220kV
- ICT bays: 2 nos.
- Line bays: 4 nos. (2 nos. for Xeldem – Mapusa 400kV D/c (quad) line & 2 nos. for LILO of one ckt of Narendra (existing) – Narendra (New) 400kV D/c quad line at Xeldem)
- Bus Reactor: 1x125MVAR
- Bus Reactor Bay: 1 no
- Space for 2x500MVA, 400/220kV ICTs (future)
- Space for ICT bays (future): 2 nos.
- Space for Line bays along with Line Reactors (future): 4 nos.
- 1x63MVAR switchable line reactor along with 500 Ohms NGR and its auxiliaries (for Narendra (existing) – Xeldem 400kV line formed after LILO of one ckt of Narendra (existing) – Narendra (New) 400kV D/c quad line at Xeldem)
- 1x80MVAR switchable line reactor along with 500 Ohms NGR and its auxiliaries (for Narendra (New) –Xeldem 400kV (quad) line formed after LILO of one ckt of Narendra (existing) – Narendra (New) 400kV D/c quad line at Xeldem)

220kV

- Inter- connection with Xeldem (existing) substation through 220kV D/c line with HTLS conductor (ampacity equivalent to twin moose conductor)
- ICT bays: 2 nos.
- Line bays: 6 nos. (2 nos. for New Xeldem (400 kV) - Xeldem (GED) 220kV D/c line, 2 nos. for New Xeldem (400 kV)-Verna (GED) 220kV D/c line and 2 nos. for LILO of 2nd circuit of Ambewadi-Ponda 220 kV D/C line at New Xeldem (400kV)
- Space for ICT bays (future): 2 nos.
- Space for Line bays (future): 6 nos.

The plan map of the proposed substation, showing the exact boundaries and layout area is submitted for your kind perusal.

As you can see from the plan of the above substation, we require a minimum area of **130,000 Sq M** for the above scope to be implemented. In addition to above some minor working area may be required in order to

1. maintain the safe gradient to present soil collapse
2. Build protection walls to protect soil erosion.
3. Build drainage system to maintain the flow of water

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PONDA-GOA

In order to do all this we will require to cut the trees, and do the necessary earth work & protection work before we commence our civil work

50

57
310kc

Goa- Tamnar Transmission Project Limited
A2/2, New Horizons, DB Marg, Miramar, Panaji, Goa.

////Sterlite Power

We would like to assure your good self that, that we will cut and remove the minimum possible number of trees falling within our switch yard area, while executing our work.

You will kindly appreciate that it is also very essential and mandate as per electricity act and rules that adequate safety be maintained at substation installations, and therefore we can not reduce the required area which is designed as per IS norms.

We however assure you that we will not cut any excess trees outside the proposed construction area, except for where extremely necessary for the safety of the structure or to maintain required safe electrical clearance, and no tree will be cut beyond numbers permitted by your good office.

Thanking you and looking forward for kind support please.

For Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Limited,

Authorised Signatory

Encl:- Layout Plan for 400/220kV proposed substation

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

North Goa Division

Note

Annexure 8

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Sub:- "Establishment of 400/220 kV substation by Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Ltd". Felling of 2670 Nos. of trees regarding.

Vide their letter No.STL/Forest/GTTPL/18-19/28 dated 17/10/2018, Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Limited Miramar, Panaji has applied for felling of 2670 Nos. of trees from Sy. No. 21/1 Village Sangod, Dharbandora taluka in over 10 hac. area in **Form B (295/C)** under Goa, Daman & Diu, Preservation of Trees Act-1984. The permission has been sought to Establish 400/220 kV substation at Sangod.

Following documents are enclosed alongwith the application.

Sr. No.	Particular	Pg. No.
1	Copy of sale deed	1 to 257/C
2	Survey Plan of Land Records	259/C
3	Affidavit	262/C
4	Form No. I & XIV	258/C
5	List of trees	266/C to 293/C
6	Form-B	295/C

Few note worthy points are:

1. The area under Survey No. 21/1 of Sangod village of Dharbandora Taluka is not a Government Forest land. The area does not figure in the list of survey nos. identified as Private Forest by Sawant /Dr. Karapurkar/Sharma State Level Expert Committee.

2. The list of these 2670 trees is places at 266/c to 293/c. The species wise abstract is as follows:-

Sr. No.	Tree Name	Total Number of Quantity
1	Akash	26
2	Akki	4
3	Albera	5
5	Atti	67
6	Banas	13
7	Banni	4
8	Bargad	1
9	Basari	275
10	Chedey	1
11	Coconut	137
12	Gobari	323
13	Kaju	60
14	Kajuri	18
15	Kakki	709
16	Mango	67
18	Matti	777
19	Niral	80
20	Panas Jack.	1
21	Sagon	97
22	Shirsila	1
23	Sursingi	1
24	Supari	2
25	Tengin	1
	Total	**2670**

137
60
67
1

137
+128
265

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FOREST
PONDA-GOA

Contd...

59

3. It is mentioned in application by User agency that, Goa presently has only [illegible] connectivity to Western Grid through 400 kV Mapusa-Kolhapur line, which is not enough to meet the growing demand and maintaining reliability of Power Supply. And therefore, this project namely "Additional 400 kV feed to Goa" has been conceived and approved by Ministry of Power, Government of India.

4. The private property where this sub station is proposed is located next to unclassed Government Forest "Sangod II" Sy.No. 21/2 in Collem Range. Also User Agency has sought for diversion of 0.5 ha Forest land through this unclassed Government forest to reach to this substation site, under Forest Conservation of Act, 1980 separately.

5. A query was raised to the user agency to submit the details of other alternatives examined for establishment of this substation before finalizing the present site where 2670 trees are required to be felled, as to know if the finalized site could be changed or not.

6. In response user agency vide their letter placed at **3/8/C** submitted the list of alternative sites examined by them along with reasons, as to why they could not be finalized. Also it has been informed that even local Administrative Authorities expressed their inability to provide any Government land for the substation.

7. Since applicant has not been able to get any other alternate site with less tree cover, present site has been finalized and application for cutting of 2670 nos. of trees have been submitted under, Preservation of Trees Act, 1984.

8. Since as per Section 9 of Preservation of Trees Act, 1984, "No permission shall be granted to any person from the same area on more than two occasions during the same year subject to a maximum area of **one hectare** at a time." It is proposed that the proposal may be submitted to the Government for seeking exemption for this property under Section 31 of Preservation of Trees Act, 1984 from the provision of Section 9 of the act and grant approval for felling of 2670 (Sy. No. 21/1) nos. of Forestry tree species to establishment of 400/220 kV substation in area of 1,03,050 sq.mtrs. (10 ha. approx.).

Submitted for kind perusal and approval please.

Kuldeep Sharma, IFS
Dy. Conservator of Forests
North Goa Division,
Ponda-Goa

Office of the PCCF
Inward No. 9339
Date: 15/11/18

No. DCFN/ CLM-10/2018-19/ 2-58/1509
Dated:- 14/11/2018.

Principal Chief Conservator of Forests, Panaji – Goa.

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORES
PONDA-GOA

60

Please analyse the issue with the provisions of PTA, 1984.

Asabesty
16/11/18

OS(PAS)
H.C. 19/11/2015

19/11/18

DH - In view of above higher authority may like to advise please

20/11/18

HC - It agreed, we may placed the file for kind perusal/approval/advise/comments/decide in the matter to CF(C)/APCCF Sir or any advise please on note worthy points No. 7 and 8 respectively which pertains to CF(C) please for which copies of the Section 9 & Section 31 of the Preservation of Trees Act, 1984 are placed in file for kind perusal & n. action pts or any advise please.

HC
20/11/2018.

O/S. For kind perusal and advise if any please

20/11/18

DCF(PSS)

please clarify from DCF (North) that the (width) as mentioned in Tree Enumeration Table is referring to Diameter or Girth.

If it refers to diameter, these trees are very big enough to reconsider the proposal once again.

Get the information over phone please.

Asabesty
22/11/18

O/S (on leave)
HC HC
22/11/2018

DA - As discussed with DCF PCS, applicant has made necessary correction in the list of Trees enumeration table. Placed for perusal of higher authority pts

27/11/18

HC ——> 4/N

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PONDA-GOA

FROM PRE PAGE 4/N

61

HC As directed at page 3/N, Kindly perused the Tree Enumeration List of SY. No. 21/2 of Sangod Village at Dharbandora Taluka placed on file at pages 266/c — 292/c duly mentioned Girth instead of width.

X

If agreed, we may placed the file for kind perusal of CF(C)/APCCF/PCCF Sir advise on the matter please

HC
27/11/2018

O/S.

For kind perusal/advise of Higher Authority please.

DCF(P&S)

27/11/18

On perusal of notings from 1/n x 2/n, it is to submit that

1) The area under Survey No 21/1 of Sangod village of Dharbandora Taluka is not a notified Govt forest land and not a Private forests.

2) The project proponent has submitted that there is no alternate suitable land available in that region.

3) 2670 Nos of identified/marked trees are spread over 10 ha (approx). of area. As per section 9(3) of PTA, 1984 Permission shall not be granted if the area is more than one ha. However under section 31 of the Act, Government has power to exempt any area or any species of trees from all or any of the provisions of this Act, if it considers it necessary so to do in the public interest, by notification.

4) Hence file may be submitted to the government for approval to exempt the survey no 21/1 of Sangod village of Dharbandora Taluka from the provisions of section 9(3) of Preservation of Trees Act, 1984 for felling of 2670 no of trees for establishment of 400/220 kV substation in public interest.

Submitted for kind perusal and directions please.

—Asappote
28/11/18

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

3/N -

Code:- O. R.- 17 62

From pre-page

Proposal at pre-page may be perused, wherein permission for cutting 2670 trees for setting up a 400/220 kv Sub-station in Sangod Village, of Dharbandra Taluk by the Tamnar Transmission Project Ltd., Miramar, Panaji, is sought.

As recommended by the DCF(N) in Para 8/n at page 2/N, permission to fell 2670 trees, be granted / approved under PTA.

28/11/18

Pr Secretary (Forests) / C.S.

29/11

US (F)

29/11/18

urgent

30/11/18

28-11-2018

925 / C
28/11/18

Entry No. 934 / F
Date: 29/11/18

ACF (Ponda) urgently pls.

Govt. Ptg. Press, Panaji-Goa—S/79/2,00,000—1/2018.

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS PONDA-GOA

6/N

63

Code:- O. R

MOST URGENT

No.DCFN/CLM-10/2018-19/258/1508
Forest Department (Sectt.)
Dated:-04/12/2018.

The proposal of forest Department, Panaji is regarding permission of feiling of 2670 trees for establishing 400/220 KV substation **by Goa Tamnar transmission project Ltd.**

Kindly place a copy of Section 31 of the Act, 1984 as the same is not available in the file.

Department may please indicate the present proposal submitted for Government approval is in conforming with circular No. 13/3/90-FOR dated 15/11/1991 at page (320-319/C) .

Whether, there are any highly threatened species **"Dipcadi Concanen** in the Sy. No.21/1 ?.

Submitted please.

S.A 04/12/2018

S.O on leave.

U.S.(FOR) 5/12/18

Pr. Secy.(FOR) 8/12

P.C.C.F.

9374/12
05/12/18

10234 6/18
10/12/18

X. The proposal has been submitted as per the said circular / guideline only, like one much bigger case that of Mopa Airport

Y. I don't think such comment / queries ever need a clarification, as the person who is raising it on whatever basis / instructions does not know anything about plant distribution and therefore

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PONDA GOA

[7]/N

Code. O. R.-17

File No.:

64

Subject::

From pre page

is foolish to raise such irrelevant questions. The person might have conjured up some memories from the Mopa case file, and trying to show concern for the environment. I think PCCF is there to look after such concerns and not the mandarins of the Secretariat. Pl. take a decision of giving approval or disappove the proposal.

10/12/18

C.S.

13/12

US CF,

17/12/18

8

4202

11/12/18

9519/12

11/12/18

Forest Department

Form No.: 985/F

Date: 14/12/18

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

S/N

65

[ ]

Code. O. R.-17

File No.: _____

Subject:: _____

No.DCFN/CLM-10/2018-19/258/1509
Forest Department (Sectt.)
Dated:-17/12/2018.

The proposal of forest Department, Panaji is regarding permission for felling of 2670 trees for establishing 400/220 KV substation **by Goa Tamnar transmission project Ltd.**

Principal, Chief Conservator of Forests, Panaji was requested to clarify certain points as can be seen at 6/N. It is stated by the Pr. Chief Conservator of Forests that the proposal is submitted as per the circular 13/3/90-FOR dated 15/11/1991 and guidelines, further it is stated **that the Principal, Chief Conservator of Forests is there to look after such concerns of environment and plants and not the mandarin of the Secretariat.** As such, considering said aspect, it will be appropriate that we may agree for the proposed proposal by Pr. Chief Conservator of Forests.

In view of above submission, we may submit to Government to take appropriate decision on the proposal submitted by Forest Department, Panaji regarding permission for felling of 2670 trees for establishing 400/220 KV substation **by Goa Tamnar transmission project Ltd.**.

Decision

Submitted please.

S.A 17/12/2018.

S.O (on leave)

U.S. For)

Sec(FOR) 18/12/18

Hon'ble Chief Minister/F.M CM has approved 26/12/18

US (For)

Principal Secretary to CM
Government of Goa
Secretariat Panaji

PCCF

DCF(TES)

Office of the PCCF
Inward No. 11156
03/01/19

Forest Department
Entry No. 023/F
Date: 27/12/18

10413/F
18/12/18

Govt. Ptg Press, Panaji-Goa—S-47/1,00,000—6/2012.

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CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS

from previous page

copy of the Notesheets may be placed in the concerned file of this office and may return the file to DCF(N) for further n/a pl.

Asaboshy
4/1/19

O/S (P&S)

HC
04/01/2019
DA (on Bic Duty)

04/01/19

As per above remarks, Xerox copies of the Notesheets bearing Nos - 1/N to 9/N are kept in the concerned file for records. We may return the file to DCF (N).

Abkarlekar LDC
04/01/2019

HC

If agreed, We may returned the original file to DCF (North) for their record and for further necessary action please

'x'

HC
04/01/2019

O/S.

As at 'x', we may return the file from to DCF (North) please.

04/01/19

DCF(P&S) For necessary action please.

Asaboshy
04/01/2019

DCF(N)

10/1/19

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PONDA-GOA

67

DCF (North)

Note from **N.P. 1 to N.P. 5** may kindly be perused.

The file was submitted for seeking exemption for cutting of 2670 trees over 10 ha land for establishment of 400/220 kV substation by Goa Tanmar Transmission project Ltd., in private property bearing survey no. 21/1 of Sangod Village, Dharbandora taluka from applicability of Preservation of Trees Act, 1984 as provided under Section 31 of the Act. Copy of Section 31 of PTA, 1984 is enclosed at **321/C** for ready reference.

However while processing of the file in the forest secretariat, it has been inadvertently submitted for approval as per circular no. 13/3/90-FOR dated 15/11/1991 which is applicable for Government lands. The same has also been approved by Hon'ble Chief Minister. However since the proposal involves private property and not a government land, therefore the file is re-submitted to seek the approval of the competent authority for exemption for cutting of 2670 trees over 10 ha land in private property bearing survey no. 21/1 of Sangod Village, Dharbandora taluka from applicability of Preservation of Trees Act, 1984 as provided under Section 31 of the Act as the project is in larger public interest.

Wrong

12704 7/19
05/02/19

5069
01-02-2019

File is re-submitted please.

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

Kuldeep Sharma IFS
DCF, North Goa Division
Ponda

998/F

No. DCFN/CLM-10/2018-19/[redacted] 448/1976

Date: 31.01.19

PCCF

In view of above submission, file is re-submitted for approval of Hon'ble CM/FM for exemption for cutting of 2670 trees over 10 ha land in pvt property as above from applicability of PTA, 1984 as provided under Sec 31 of the Act.

01-2-19

1/2
PCCF

CS / Pr Secy (forests)

CM

CM has approved
4/2/19

Chief Secretary
No.: 857
01/2/19

68

PCCF

5/2

DCF(FRS)

Copy of the Notesheets ~~may be~~ is placed in the concerned file & returned the original file to DCF(N)

Asabesty
05/02

DCF(N)

6.2

TM

Letter addressed to the user Agency is filed in file for Signature from if agree

07/02/19

DCF(N)

7.2.19

DA

As approved on free-page, User Agency has submitted Deposit Confirmation / Renewal Advice of Rs 5,34,000/- towards security deposit for felling 2670 Nos. of trees and also submitted Demand draft of Rs 2,67,000/- towards tree felling fee. As such file is submitted to Acctt section to issue receipt of the Demand draft.

18/02/19

Acctt section
18/2/19

Cashier

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

36

12/N

69.

Code:- O. R.- 17

Received amount of Rs. 267000/- vide R.No 32/651 dated 18/02/2019. Amount is submitted vide D.D. No 812247 dt 13/02/2019 of YES BANK LTD, Panaji-Goa., D.D is subject to realisation in Bank. SBI, Ponda.

18/02/19

DA

file is submitted to technical section of this office for verification from technical point of view. Submitted please.

27/02/19

Tech Section

The area under sy.No. 211/1 of Sangod village is not a Govt. Forest and also not identified as Private Forest by SLEC. Submitted please.

DCF

KMK
27/02/2019

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PONDA-GOA

Govt. Ptg. Press, Panaji-Goa—S/79/2,00,000—1/2018.

10/N.

70

Range Forest Officer Collem, has submitted report of 2670 Nos. of Standing trees Sy. Private property Sy. No 21/1 of Siringado village of Dharbandora Taluka.

Since Competent Authority has already conveyed approval for felling of 2670 Nos of trees at Note Sheet No 10/N. The draft of NOC for felling 2670 Nos of trees is placed in file for approval please if agree

24/04/19

H/C

24/04/19

DCF O/y

Complaint dated 18/04/19 has been received from Shri Satyavan P. Desai R/o Usgao Ponda-Goa regarding out to Mine area for cutting of trees & reduction report to the Goa Tamnar G. Ryl. Ltd.

The same is placed in file for your information & advice please.

29/04/19

DCF O/y

It is being dealt in FCA proposal in Technical Section may file here.

3.5.19

HC

TM

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ASSTT CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS PONDA-GOA

14/21

71

Letter dated 06/07/2020 received from Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Ltd informing that they have started plantation work in Sy. No 244 of Urgao village of Ponda Taluka

However some local village are not allowing to use the existing village road for transportation of plantation material & machinery movement

As such requested to extend support to resolve the issue to carry out replantation work

Submitted for information & advice please

09/07/2020

Dcfy Copy be forwarded to SDFO, Ponda and RFO. Ponda look into the issue & submit detail

14/2

DA

As per above remarks the draft of letter addressed to SDFO Ponda & RFO Ponda is placed in file for approval please

15/07/2020

Dcfy

20/07

Tim

As approved above, four copies are placed in file for signature please

20/7/20

Dcf

20/7

Tim

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS PONDA-GOA

15/04

72

File recalled on 05.08.2020 to verify the terms & conditions laid down while granting permission of felling 2670 trees to Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Limited. As per the permission, ~~the~~ 8010 trees have to be planted by Sept-2019. But from the field reports, it is understood that the agency has not completed the planting ~~yet~~ after the lapse of prescribed time period.

We may seek explanation from the agency along with the details of planting done in the field. on or date urgently. The agency may strictly be asked to completed the planting immediately within 45 days failing which necessary action as per rules shall be initiated against it.

05/08

Jim

As per above remarks, the check of letter is placed in file for approval pt if agree

06/08/2020

DCF

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS PONDA-GOA

40

Typed Copy- File notings

North Goa Division

Note

Sub: "Establishment of 400/220 kV substation by Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Ltd". Felling of 2670 Nos. of trees regarding.

Vide their letter No.STL/Forest/GTTPL/18-19/28 dated 17/10/2018, Goa Tanmar Transmission Project Limited Miramar, Panaji has applied for felling of 2670 Nos. of trees from Sy. No. 21/1 Village Sangod, Dharbandora taluka in over 10 hac. area in **Form B (295/C)** under Goa, Daman & Diu, Preservation of Trees Act -1984. The permission has been sought to Establish 400/220 kV substation at Sangod.

Following documents are enclosed along with the application.

Sr. No.	Particular	Pg. No.
1.	Copy of sale deed	1 to 257/C
2.	Survey plan of Land Records	259/C
3.	Affidavit	262/C
4.	Form No. I & XIV	258/C
5.	List of Trees	266/C to 293/C
6.	Form - B	295/C

Few noteworthy points are:

1. The area under Survey No. 21/1 of Sangod village of Dharbandora Taluka is not a Government Forest land. The area does not figure in the list of survey nos, identified as Private Forest by Sawant / Dr. Karapurkar/Sharma State Level Expert Committee.

2. The list of these 2670 trees is places at 266/c to 293/c. The species wise abstract is as follows:

Sr. No.	Tree Name	Total
1.	Akash	26
2.	Akki	4
3.	Albera	5
5.	Atti	67
6.	Banas	13
7.	Banni	4
8.	Bargad	1
9.	Basati	275
10.	Chedey	1
11.	Coconut	137
12.	Gobari	323
13.	Kaju	60
14.	Kajuri	18
15.	Kakki	709
16.	Mango	67
18.	Matti	777
19.	Niral	80
20.	Panas	1
21.	Sagon	197
22.	Shirsila	1
23.	Sursingi	1
24.	Supari	2
25.	Tengin	1
	Total	**2670**

3. It is mentioned in application by User agency that, Goa presently has only connectivity to Western Grid through 400 kV Mapusa-Kolhapur line, which is not enough to meet the growing demand and maintaining reliability of Power Supply. And therefore, this project namely "Additional 400 kV feed to Goa " has been conceived and approved by the Ministry of Power, Government of India.

4. The private property where this sub station is proposed is located next to unclassed Government Forest "Sangod II " Sy.No. 21/2 in Collem Range. Also the User Agency has sought for diversion of 0.5 ha Forest land through this unclassed Government forest to reach to this substation site. under Forest Conservation of Act, 1980 separately.

5. A query was raised to the user agency to submit the details of other alternatives examined for establishment of this substation before finalizing present site where 2670 trees are required to be felled, as to know of ____finalized site could be changed or not.

6. In response user agency vide their letter placed at **318/C** submitted the list of alternative sites examined by them along with reasons as to why they could not be finalized. Also it has been informed that even local Administrative Authorities expressed their inability to provide any Government land for this substation.

7. Since applicant has not been able to get any other alternate site with lesser cover, present site has been finalized and application for cutting of 2670 no. of trees have been submitted under, Preservation of Trees Act, 1984.

8. Since as per Section 9 of Preservation of Trees Act, 1984, "No permission be granted to any person from the same area on more than two occasions during the same year subject to a maximum area of **one hectare** at a time," it is proposed that the proposal may be submitted to the Government for seeking exemption for this property under Section 31 of Preservation of Trees Act, 1984 from the provision of Section 9 of the act and grant approval for felling of 2670 (Sy. No. 21/1) nos. of Forestry tree species to establishment of 400/220 kV substation in area of 1,03,050 sq.mtrs. (10 ha. approx.).

Submitted for kind perusal and approval please.

SD/-
Kuldeep Sharma, IFS
Dy. Conservator of Forest,
North Goa Division
Ponda-Goa.

No. DCFN/ CLM-10/2018-19/ 258/1509
Dated:- 14/11/2018.
Principal Chief Conservator of Forests, Panaji - Goa.

Page -3/N

Please analyse the issue with the provisions of PTA, 1984.

SD/-
A Sabesty
16/11/18

OS/(PAS)
SD/- HC
19/11/2018

SD/
19/11/2018

In view of whose higher authority may like to advise please

SD/-
20/11/2018

If agreed, we may place the file for kind perusal/ approval /advice / comment/ decide in the matter to CF (C) /APCCF Sir on any advice please on noteworthy points No. 7 and 8 respectively which pertains to CF (C) please for which copies of the Section 9 and Section 31 of the Preservation of Trees Act, 1984 are placed in file for kind perusal + ____pts. or any advise please.

SD/- HC
20/11/2018

OS
For kind perusal and advice if any please.

SD/-
20/11/2018

DCF (P/S)

Please clarify from DCF(North) that the (width) as mentioned in the Tree Enumeration Table is referring to Diameter or Girth.

If it refers to diameter, these trees are very big enough to reconsider the proposal once again.

Get the information over phone please.

SD/-

A Sabesty

22/11/18

As discussed with DCF PAS, applicant has made necessary correction in the list of trees enumeration table. Placed for perusal of higher authority -

SD/-

27/11/2018

Page -4/N

FROM PRE-PAGE

HC

As directed at page 3/N, kindly perused the Tree Enumeration List of Sy. No. 21/2 of Sangod Village at Dharbandora Taluka placed in file at pages 266/C – 292/C duly mentioned Girth instead of width.

If agreed, we play place the file for kind perusal of CF (C) / APCCF/ PCCF Sir advise in the matter please.

SD/- HC

27/11/2018

O/S

For kind perusal/advise of higher authority please.

SD/-

27/11/2018

DCF (P & S)

On perusal of notings from 1/n & 2/n, it is to submit that

1) The area under Survey No. 21/1 of Sangod village of Dharbandora Taluka is not a notified Govt. Forest land and not a private forest.

2) The project proponent has submitted that there is no alternate suitable land available in that region.

3) 2670 No.s of identified / marked trees are spread over 10 ha (approx..) of area. As per Section 9(3) of PTA, 1984, permission shall not be granted if the area is more than one ha. However under Section 31 of the Act, Government has power to exempt any area or any species of trees from all or any provisions of this Act, if it considers it necessary so to do in the public interest, by notification.

4) Hence file may be submitted to the government for approval to exempt the survey no. 21/1 of Sangod village of Dharbandora Taluka from the provisions of Section 9(3) of Preservation of Trees Act, 1984 for felling of 2670 no. of trees for establishment of 400/220 kV substation on public interest.

Submitted for kind perusal and directions please.

SD/-
A Sabesty
28/11/18

FROM PRE-PAGE

Proposal of pre-page may be perused, wherein permission for cutting 2670 trees for setting up a 400/220 kv substation in Sangod village of Dharbandora Taluka by the Tanmar Transmission Project Ltd., Miramar, Panaji, is sought.

As recommended by the DCF (N) in para 8/n at page 2/N, permission to fell 2670 trees be granted/ approval under PTA.

SD/-
28/11/2018

Pr. Secretary (Forests) / C.S.

SD/-
29/11/2018

U.S. (For) SD/-
29/11/2018

SD/-
30/11/2018

MOST URGENT

No. DCFN/CLM-10/2018-19/258/1509
Forest Department (Sectt.)
Dated: - 04/12/2018

The proposal of forest Department, Panaji is regarding permission of felling of 2670 trees for establishing 400/220 KV Substation by **Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Ltd.**

Kindly place a copy of Section 31 of the Act, 1984, as the same is not available in the file.

Department may please indicate the present proposal submitted for Government approval is in conforming with circular No. 13/3/90-FOR dated 15/11/1991 at page (320-319/C).

Whether, there are any highly threated species "**Dipcadi Concanense**" in the Sy. No. 21/1?

Submitted please.

S.A. SD/-
04/12/2018

S.O on leave

U.S. (FOR) SD/-
05/12/2018

Pr. Secy. (FOR) SD/-
08/12/2018

P.C.C.F

X. The proposal has been submitted as per the said circular/ guideline only, like one much bigger case that of Mopa Airport.

Y. I don't think such comment/ queries even need a clarification, as the person who is raising it on whatever basis/ instructions does not know anything about plant distribution and therefore

PAGE 7/N

FROM PRE-PAGE

is foolish to raise such irrelevant questions. The person might have conjured up some memories from the Mopa Case file, and trying to show concern for the environment. I think PCCF is there to look after such concerns and not the mandarin of the Secretariat. PP. take a decision of giving approval or disapprove the proposal.

SD/-
10/12/2018

SD/-
13/12/2018

U.S. (FOR) SD/-

17/12/2018

PAGE 8/N

No.DCFN/CLM-10/2018-19/258/1509
Forest Department (Sectt.)
Dated:-17/12/2018.

The proposal of forest Department, Panaji is regarding permission for felling of 2670 trees for establishing 400/220 kV substation by **Goa Tamnar transmission project Ltd.**

Principal, Chief Conservator of Forests, Panaji was requested to clarify certain points as can be seen at 6/N. It is stated by the Pr. Chief Conservator of Forests that the proposal is submitted as per the circular 13/3/90-FOR dated 15/11/1991 and guidelines, further it is stated **that the Principal, Chief Conservator of Forests is there to look after such concerns of environment and plants and not the mandarin of the Secretariat.** As such, considering said aspect, it will be appropriate that we may agree for the proposed proposal by Pr. Chief Conservator of Forests.

In view of above submission, we may submit to Government to take appropriate decision on the proposal submitted by Forest Department, Panaji regarding permission for felling of 2670 trees for establishing 400/220 KV substation **by Goa Tamnar transmission project Ltd.**

Submitted please.

S.A. SD/-
17/12/2018

S.O (on leave)

U.S. (FOR) SD/-
17/12/2018

Secy. (FOR) SD/-
18/12/2018

Hon'ble Chief Minister /F.M

CM has approved
SD/-
26/12/2018
Principal Secretary to CM
Government of Goa
Secretariat Porvorim

U.S. (FOR) SD/-

02/01/2019

PAGE 9/N

FROM PRE-PAGE

Copy of the Notesheets may be placed in the concerned file for records of this office and may return the file to DCF (N) for further necessary action please.

SD/-
A Sabesty
04/01/2019

O/S (PAS)
SD/- HC
04/01/2019
DA (on BLO Duty)

SD/-
04/01/2019

As per above remarks, xerox copies of the notesheets bearing No.s – 1/N to 9/N are kept in the concerned file for records. We may return the file to DCF (N).

SD/-
-- Kavlekar LDC
04/01/2019

HC
If agreed, we may returned the original file to DCF (North) for their record and for further necessary action please. ['X']

SD/- HC
04/01/2019

O./S.
As at 'X', we may return the file to DCF (North) please.

SD/-
04/01/2019

DCF (P & S)

For necessary action please.

SD/-

A Sabesty

04/01/2019

PAGE 10/N

DCF (North)

Note from N.P. 1 to N.P. 5 may kindly be perused.

The file was submitted for seeking exemption for cutting of 2670 trees over 10 ha land for establishment of 400/220 kV substation by Goa Tanmar Transmission project Ltd., in private property bearing survey no. 21/1 of Sangod Village, Dharbandora taluka from applicability of Preservation of Trees Act, 1984 as provided under Section 31 of the Act. Copy of Section 31 of PTA, 1984 is enclosed at **321/C** for ready reference.

However while processing of the file in the forest secretariat, it has been inadvertently submitted for approval as per circular no. 13/3/90-FOR dated 15/11/1991 which is applicable for Government lands. The same has also been approved by Hon'ble Chief Minister. However since the proposal involves private property and not a government land, therefore the file is re-submitted to seek the approval of the competent authority for exemption for cutting of 2670 trees over 10 ha land in private property bearing survey no. 21/1 of Sangod Village, Dharbandora taluka from applicability of Preservation of Trees Act, 1984 as provided under Section 31 of the Act as the project is in larger public interest.

File is re-submitted please.

SD/-

Kuldeep Sharma IFS

DCF, North Goa Division

Ponda

No. DCFN/CLM-10/2018-19/448/1976

Date: 31.01.2019

84

PCCF

In view of above submissions, file is resubmitted for approval of Hon'ble CM/FM for exemption for cutting of 2670 trees over ----- in pvt property as above from applicability of PTA, 1984 as provided under Sec 31 of the Act.

SD/-

01/02/2019

CM has approved SD/-

04/02/2019

Principal Secretary to CM

PAGE 11/N

DCF (P & S)

Copy of the notesheets is placed in the concerned file & returned the original file to DCF (N).

SD/-

A Sabesty

05/02/2019

DCF (N)

Letter addressed to the user agency is placed in file for ---- if any.

SD/-

07/02/2019

DA

As approved on pre – page, user agency has submitted deposit confirmation / Renewal advice of Rs 5,34,000/- towards Security Deposit for felling 2670 Nos. trees and also submitted Demand Draft of Rs 2,67,000/- towards tree felling fee. As such file is submitted to Acct. Section to issue receipt of the Demand Draft.

SD/-

18/02/2019

Acct. Section – SD/-

18//02/2019

PAGE 12/N

Received amount of Rs 267000/- vide R. No.32/651 dated 18/02/2019. Amount is submitted vide D.D. No 8/2247 dt. 13/02/2019 of YES BANK Ltd., Panaji – Goa, D.D. is subject to realisation in Bank SBI, Ponda.

SD/-

18/02/2019

DA

File is submitted to technical section of this office for verification from technical point of view. Submitted please.

SD/-

27/02/2019

Tech Section

The Area under Sy. No. 21/1 of Sangod Village is not a Govt. Forest and also not identified as Private Forest by SLEC. Submitted please.

SD/- K.M.S.

27/02/2019

PAGE 13/N

DA

Range Forest Officer Collem, has submitted report of 2670 No.s Standing Trees Sy. Private property Sy. No. 21/1 of Sangod village of Dharbandora Taluka.

Since Competent Authority has already conveyed approval for felling of 2670 No.s of trees at Note Sheet No. 10/N. The draft of NOC for felling 2670 No.s of trees is placed in file for approval --- if agree.

SD/-

24/04/2019

HC

24/04/2019

DA

Complain dated 18/04/2019 has been received from Shri . Satyavan P. Dessai r/o Usgao Ponda – Goa regarding -- --- for cutting of trees -- -- -- to the Goa Tamnar T. Project Ltd.

The same is placed in file for your – advice please.

SD/-

29/04/2019

DC For

It is being dealt in FCA proposal in Technical Section may file here.

SD/-

03.05.2019

PAGE 14/N

DA

Letter dated 06/07/2020 received from Goa Tanmar Transmission Project Ltd. informing that they have started plantation work in Sy. No. 244 of Usgao Village of Ponda Taluka.

However some local villagers are not allowing to use the existing village road for transportation of plantation material, machinery movement. As such requested to extent support to resolve the issue to carry out --- work. Submitted for information, advice please.

SD/-

09/07/2020

DCFN

Copy to be forwarded to SDFO, Ponda and RFO, Ponda look into the isse and submit details.

SD/-

14/--

DA

As per above remarks the draft of letter addressed to SDFO, Ponda and RFO, Ponda is placed in file for approval please.

SD/-

15/07/2020

DCFN SD/-
20/07/2020

DA TIM
As approved above, --- copy -- -- -- -- -- please.

SD/-
20/07/2020

DCFN SD/-
20/07/2020

PAGE 15/N

DCF (N)

File recalled on 05.08.2020 to verify the terms & conditions laid down while granting permission of felling 2670 Trees to Goa Tanmar Transmission Project Ltd. As per the permission, 8010 trees have to be planted by Sept. 2019. But from the field reports, it is understood that the agency not completed the planting after the lapse of the prescribed time period.

We may seek explanation from the agency along with the details of the planting done in the field as on date urgently. The agency may strictly be asked to complete the planting immediately within 5 days failing which necessary action as per rules shall be initiated against it.

SD/-
05/08/2020

DA TIM

As per above remarks, the draft of letter is placed in the file for approval please if agree.

SD/-
06/08/2020

Annexure 9 (extract)

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Exhibit – "A"

REPORT OF THE FOREST DEPARTMENT
GOVERNMENT OF GOA,
PANAJI- GOA

Subject: Third Progress Report on Private Forests to be filed before the Hon. NGT.

Reference: Hon'ble NGT Order dated 30/07/2014, 20/05/2015, 09/07/2015 and 31/01/2016 in the Application No.14(THC)/2013(WZ) & the Application No.16(THC)/2013(WZ).

1. In pursuance of the direction of the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal, Western Zone, Pune, regarding time bound action plan for early completion of identification and demarcation of private forest in the State of Goa, the first report was filed on 01/07/2015 and the second report on 28/12/2015. The third report of progress made from December 2015 to April 2016 is submitted in this report.

2. In addition to the survey numbers identified in the earlier report, 546 survey numbers having an area about 720 hectares have been provisionally identified in 54 villages i.e. Gauncim, Murida, Cujira, Talaulim, Gouli-Maula, Azzosim, Mandur, Salvador-do-Mundo, Soccorro, Penha-de-Franca, Pomburpa, Sodiem, Olavlim, Pilerne, Reis- Magos, Siolim, Uccassiam, Nachinola, Marna, Calangute, Camurlim, Oxel, Sangolda, Assagao, Parra, Arpora, Tiracol, Arambol, Paliem, Tuem, Pernem, Dhargal, Casarvarnem, Bethora, Madkaim, Borim, Quela, Panchawadi, Bandora, Ponda, Curti, Pilliem, Sangod, Dharbandora, Sancordem, Shigao, Mollem, Latambarcem, Keri, Podocem, Ponocem, Vantem, Nagvem, and Rivem of North Goa Forest Division. Similarly, in addition to the survey numbers identified in the earlier report, 70 survey numbers having an area about 55 hectares have been provisionally identified in 4 villages i.e. Cavorim, Sarzora, Mullem and Paroda in South Goa Forest Division. The actual area having forest cover as per the three criteria will be known after the final demarcation and enumerations

work is carried out of the identified survey numbers by the two District Level Committees.

3. The details of survey number provisionally identified by the North Goa Forest Division Committee and South Goa Forest Division Committee since last affidavit dated 28/12/2015, are as given below:-

Sr. No.	Name of the Taluka	Name of the Village	List of the Survey numbers provisionally identified	Approximate Area of the provisionally identified private forest in Hectare	Remarks
A	BY NORTH GOA FOREST DIVISION COMMITTEE				
1	Tiswadi	Gauncim	7, 22, 33, 36, 37 & 38.	25	The total area provisionally identified during the period is 720 Ha.,However the actual area will be known after verification of the canopy density, tree species composition, survey and actual demarcation of the forested areas in these plots/survey numbers which is going on once the area is identified by the committee.
		Murida	26, 34, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43 & 44	5	
		Cujira	38, 39, 40, 41, 42 & 44.	5	
		Talaulim	106 & 107.	70	
		Gouli -Maula	4, 6, 5, 31, 32,34, 35, 36 38, & 39	25	
		Azzossim	5, 6 & 8.	5	
		Mandur	57.	5	
2.	Bardez	Salvador-Do-Mundo	Parts of Survey numbers 64, 65, 66, 69, 73, 78, 85, 86, 116, 118, 119, 135, 137, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 158, 162, 163, 164, 227, 236, 237, 239, 241, 251, 252, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 281, 282, 291, 292, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 305, 306, 307, 311, 312, 313, 315, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 331, 333, 337, 338, 339, 341, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 365, 160 & 159.	100	
		Soccorro	Parts of Survey	75	

			157 , 127, 177, 217, 219, 220, 222, 218, 223, 224, 105, 221, 228, 226, 227, 235 & 109.		
		Madkaim	Parts of Survey number 48.	5	
		Borim	Parts of Survey numbers 111, 113, 115, 119, 117, 118, 84, 85, 86, 87, 128, 127, 136, 137, 134, 135, 133, 132, 131, 129, 130, 123, 122, 155, 260, 250, 249, 259 & 141.	20	
		Quela	Parts of Survey numbers 1, 53, 51, 4, 10, 11, 48, 46, 37, 33, 35 & 28.	10	
		Panchawadi	Parts of Survey numbers 104, 141, 125 & 128.	5	
		Bandora	Parts of Survey numbers 216 & 221	5	
		Ponda	Parts of Survey numbers 83 & 84.	5	
		Curti	Parts of Survey numbers 99 & 100.	5	Sy No 21 has only 2 subdivs Sy 21/1 & 21/2 / Govt forest
5.	Dharbandora	Pilliem	Parts of Survey numbers 7, 11, 15 & 16.	5	
		Sangod	Parts of Survey numbers 10, 21 & 25 & 91.	5	
		Dharbandora	Parts of Survey numbers 178, 179, 108, 106, 105, 104, 72, 71, 99, 100, 101 & 94.	10	
		Sancordem	Parts of Survey number 14.	5	
		Shigao	Parts of Survey number 21.	5	
		Mollem	Parts of Survey number 40.	5	
6.	Bicholim	Latambarcem	Parts of Survey numbers 105 & 106.	5	
7.	Sattari	Keri	Parts of Survey numbers 21, 22, 24, 25, 29, 93, 100, 101 & 102.	20	
		Podocem	Parts of Survey numbers 54, 55 & 57.	5	
		Ponocem	Parts of Survey numbers 5, 6, 7 &	5	

Annexure 10 (extract)

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21/1 pt

Tree Enumeratiopn List of Survey No. 21/2 of Sangod Village of Dharbandora Taluka

Sr.No.	Name of Tree	~~Width~~ Girth (CM)	Remarks	Sr.No.	Name of Tree	~~Width~~ Girth (CM)	Remarks
1	Matti	102		51	Matti	94	
2	Matti	114		52	Matti	56	
3	Matti	71		53	Matti	84	
4	Matti	119		54	Basari	91	
5	Matti	58		55	Matti	79	
6	Matti	160		56	Matti	74	
7	Atti	99		57	Matti	69	
8	Matti	112		58	Basari	89	
9	Niral	56		59	Basari	86	
10	Matti	84		60	Matti	74	
11	Matti	71		61	Basari	84	
12	Matti	71		62	Matti	86	
13	Matti	117		63	Matti	91	
14	Matti	99		64	Matti	64	
15	Matti	76		65	Matti	91	
16	Atti	109		66	Basari	89	
17	Niral	41		67	Matti	132	
18	Matti	137		68	Matti	53	
19	Matti	170		69	Matti	64	
20	Atti	51		70	Kaju	36	
21	Atti	81		71	Matti	66	
22	Basari	119		72	Matti	56	
23	Basari	89		73	Matti	58	
24	Basari	155		74	Basari	76	
25	Niral	69		75	Matti	107	
26	Matti	71		76	Matti	81	
27	Matti	76		77	Basari	84	
28	Niral	46		78	Matti	53	
29	Matti	102		79	Matti	61	
30	Matti	79		80	Matti	53	
31	Matti	71		81	Matti	46	
32	Niral	58		82	Basari	81	
33	Niral	51		83	Matti	130	
34	Niral	79		84	Matti	51	
35	Matti	89		85	Matti	66	
36	Matti	46		86	Matti	51	
37	Matti	71		87	Matti	69	
38	Matti	97		88	Matti	51	
39	Matti	58		89	Matti	107	
40	Matti	152		90	Matti	64	
41	Matti	76		91	Matti	173	
42	Matti	127		92	Matti	89	
43	Basari	97		93	Matti	203	
44	Matti	157		94	Matti	76	
45	Matti	104		95	Matti	81	
46	Matti	86		96	Matti	74	
47	Matti	71		97	Matti	89	
48	Matti	84		98	Kakki	58	
49	Basari	102		99	Kakki	53	
50	Matti	84		100	Matti	142	

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PONDA-GOA

Annexure II

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TYPED COPY – CIRCULAR dated 15.11.1991

FROM: DY CONSERVATOR OF FOREST SOUTH

FAX NO. 91-832 2750245 Dec. 30 2010

No. 13-3-90-FOR

Government of Goa, Department of Forests,

Secretariat, Panaji-Goa.

Dated: - 15th November, 1991.

CIRCULAR

Sub: - Felling of trees by Government Departments and prior permission regarding.

A number of cases have come to the notice of the Government lately where some Government Departments in the course of executing developmental projects relating to roads, irrigation, electricity etc. have resorted to felling of trees in Government land as well as in acquired private land in contravention of the Acts and Rules in force. Therefore, the following instructions are being laid down in order to clarify the procedure to be followed whenever tree felling is to be done in the course of executing developmental projects:

(1) All government departments including Corporations and Government Public Sector Undertakings should obtain prior approval from the Forest Department, Government of Goa, Panaji for felling of any tree or part thereof. The request should be routed through the Deputy Conservator of Forest [Tree Officer] concerned at least 15 days in advance, giving details of project, demarcation of the project boundaries on the ground, and marking of the trees to be cut. Coconut and Arecanut trees and bamboos (outside government forest areas) can be cut without a license /permission. In terms of clause (j) of section 2 of the Goa, Daman & Diu Preservation of Trees Act 1984, a 'tree' means any woody plant whose branches spring from and are supported upon a trunk or body, and whose trunk or body is not less than five centimetres in diameter at the height of thirty centimetres from the ground level, and not less than one metre in height from the ground level.

(2) On receipt of a request for cutting trees, the Tree Officer concerned will cause such inspections to be carried out as may be necessary and issue N.O.C. to the Department concerned, keeping in view the relevant Act in force. Where the cutting of more than 50 trees is involved, a case may be submitted to the Conservator of Forests -- specific recommendations

Contd....

(3) In case felling of trees is required to be done in Government Forest area or any other forest area, even though it may not be recorded as 'forest' in the land records, a proposal will have to be formulated for obtaining clearance from the Government of India under the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980. The proposal may be formulated in consultation with the Deputy Conservator of Forest concerned. Copies of High Court judgements in two writ petitions are enclosed herewith for ready reference.

(4) The trees or part thereof of should be felled only after obtaining clearance as above, and they should not be removed from the site until a transit pass is obtained from the Range Forest Officer concerned. The Range Forest Officer will arrange to issue necessary transit passes within a period of three days from the date of receipt of a request giving complete information.

(5) The Department concerned which fells the trees should make necessary provisions as far as possible for planting of saplings in the vacant area available in the project site.

Any deviation of the above instructions will be construed as violation of the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 and the Head of the Department will be held responsible under section 3-B of the said Act.

This issues in supersession of Circular No. 7 / 2 / 82/FOR dated 16.3.1988.

SD/-

(Maria A. Rodrigues)

Under Secretary to the Govt. of Goa

Forest Department.

To:

1. All Heads of Departments / Offices.
2. All departments of Secretariat, Panaji.
3. Guard file.
4. O/C

Annexure 12

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GOVERNMENT OF GOA

Annexure 12

Not issued by 'Tree Officer'

Office of the
Deputy Conservator of Forests
North Goa Division
Ponda-Goa, 403 401

No: 0832- 2312856 Fax: 0832- 2312095 e mail: dcfnorth-forest.goa@nic.in

No. DCFN/COL-10/2019-20/ 102 **Dated:-** 25 /04/2019

05 Vaisakha, Saka, 1941

To,
Shri Nitin Agarwal,
Manager- Forest & Wildlife,
Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Limited,
A2/2, New Horizons, DB Marg, Miramar,
Panaji Goa.

Sub:- Permission to fell 2670 trees from Sy. No.21/1 Sangod reg...

Sir,

With reference to your application **dated 09/10/2018** for grant of permission to fell 2670 trees by **Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Limited, A2/2, New Horizons, DB Marg, Miramar, Panaji Goa,** hereby the approval of the competent authority is communicated for felling of 2670 trees (as indicated below) from the private property known as **"Deu Xet"** in **Sy. No. 21/1 situated at Sangod village Dharbandora taluka** subject to the terms and conditions laid down.

Sr.No	Tree No.	Details of trees Species of trees
1	2670 Nos.	As per list enclosed

1.Paid felling fee of Rs. **2,67,000/- vide receipt No. 32/651 dated 18/02/2019.**
2.Paid Security Deposit of **Rs.5,34,000 /- Vide Deposit Confirmation No. 006940600010250/1 dt.12/02/2019.**

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

1. The felling of trees should be carried out only after the receipt of all statutory permissions from the concerned authority as applicable to this project. A certificate to that effect may be submitted before start of felling.
2. Permission to fell the trees is granted at his/her own risk and without prejudice to claims of the other person/s who may be having any right over the land of trees.
3. In case of any claim/litigation about the ownership of the trees/land in question to the user agency will be solely responsible.
4. The Range Forest Officer, Collem shall mark the trees before cutting.
5. Date of beginning of felling of trees is to be intimated to Range Forest Officer, Collem well in advance.

Contd...2

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6 After felling, each tree should be converted into logs/firewood as the case may be, LMB prepared, hammered and stacked at designated places within project site.

7 A separate register showing details of felling, needs to be maintained by the user agency. The same shall be produced to the officer inspecting the site.

8 Felling of trees shall be completed within 60 days.

9 Material produced from felled trees shall not be removed or disposed without permission of the Tree Officer.

10 The user agency shall replant 8010 trees as per details given below during the ensuing planting season i.e. commencing from June, 2019 to Sept, 2019 in the property or suitable site.

Sr. No.	Species	No.
	Misc-Species	8010

11 The event of failure on the part of permit holder to replant the trees as indicated the Trees Office shall take necessary action as per the Goa Preservation of Tree 1984.

Dy. Conservator of Forests
North Goa Division,
Ponda-Goa.

Copy submitted to:-

1. The Principal Chief Conservator of Forests, (Conservation) Panaji-Goa for information.
2. The Conservator of Forests (Conservation), Panaji for information.
3. Copy to the Accounts Section of this office along with Deposit Confirmation No. **006940600010250/1 dt.12/02/2019.**
4. Copy to the Range Forest Officer, Collem-Goa.
5. Copy to the Range Forest Officer, Mobile Squad, Ponda.

"Swachh Bharat, Nital Goem
Towards Greener & Cleaner Goa".

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ANNEXURE-I

Tree Enumeration Details od 400 kV Substation Area at Sangod Village , Dharbandiora Taluka.

S.No	Tree No	Species	Height (In Mtr)	GBH (in M)	Remarks
1	1	Madat	6.00	1.02	Not Felled
2	2	Katekawach	7.00	0.98	Not Felled
3	3	savar	10.00	1.17	Not Felled
4	4	Jambo	0.75	5.00	Not Felled
5	5	Kindal	8.00	0.74	Not Felled
6	6	Jambo	7.00	0.80	Not Felled
7	7	Bhirand	4.00	0.53	Not Felled
8	8	Katekawach	10.00	1.13	Not Felled
9	9	Kindal	3.50	0.73	Not Felled
10	10	Kumbyo	6.00	0.99	Not Felled
11	11	Kindal	7.00	0.73	Not Felled
12	12	Bhirand	3.00	0.41	Not Felled
13	13	Katekawach	10.00	1.37	Not Felled
14	14	Kindal	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
15	15	Kindal	6.00	0.78	Not Felled
16	16A	Kumbyo	8.00	1.00	Not Felled
17	16B	Kumbyo	5.00	0.89	Not Felled
18	16C	Kumbyo	5.00	0.63	Not Felled
19	17	Kumbyo	10.00	1.20	Not Felled
20	18	Shisham	6.00	0.65	Not Felled
21	19	Kindal	10.00	1.50	Not Felled
22	20	Kuda	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
23	21	Kindal	2.00	0.71	Not Felled
24	22	Kindal	5.00	0.75	Not Felled
25	23	Kindal	3.00	0.42	Not Felled
26	24	Kindal	3.00	0.55	Not Felled
27	25	Salay	3.00	0.55	Not Felled
28	26A	Kindal	7.00	0.80	Not Felled
29	26B	Kindal	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
30	27A	Kindal	6.00	0.96	Not Felled
31	27B	Kindal	5.00	0.74	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS

32	28	Jangali	2.50	0.44	Not Felled
33	29A	Kindal	5.00	0.55	Not Felled
34	29B	Kindal	3.00	0.48	Not Felled
35	30	Kindal	5.00	0.53	Not Felled
36	31	Kindal	7.00	0.80	Not Felled
37	32	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
38	33	Kindal	8.00	1.04	Not Felled
39	34	Kasam	5.00	0.75	Not Felled
40	35	savar	6.00	0.77	Not Felled
41	36	Chanado	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
42	37	Kindal	8.00	1.03	Not Felled
43	38	kuda	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
44	39	Kindal	3.00	0.47	Not Felled
45	40	Kindal	10.00	1.36	Not Felled
46	41A	Kindal	4.00	0.59	Not Felled
47	41B	Kindal	3.00	0.48	Not Felled
48	42	Jambo	2.00	0.65	Not Felled
49	43	Jambo	2.00	0.49	Not Felled
50	44	Kudo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
51	45	Kindal	4.00	0.61	Not Felled
52	46	Shisham	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
53	47A	Kindal	5.00	0.82	Not Felled
54	47B	Kindal	4.00	0.65	Not Felled
55	47C	Kindal	4.00	0.47	Not Felled
56	48	Kumbyo	4.00	0.84	Not Felled
57	49	Jambo	4.00	0.58	Not Felled
58	50	Karo	7.00	0.85	Not Felled
59	51A	Kindal	6.00	0.79	Not Felled
60	51B	Kindal	4.00	0.73	Not Felled
61	52	Jambo	4.00	0.75	Not Felled
62	53	Kindal	6.00	2.20	Not Felled
63	54	kuda	2.00	0.37	Not Felled
64	55	Jambo	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
65	56	kuda	3.00	0.41	Not Felled
66	57	Chanado	5.00	0.62	Not Felled
67	58	kuda	2.00	0.38	Not Felled

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PONDA-GOA

68	59	Kindal	4.00	0.74	Not Felled
69	60	Salay	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
70	61A	Kindal	4.00	0.68	Not Felled
71	61B	Kindal	1.50	0.56	Not Felled
72	62	Nano	7.00	0.83	Not Felled
73	63	Bhekharo	10.00	1.39	Not Felled
74	64	Bhekharo	8.00	1.07	Not Felled
75	65	Bhekharo	11.00	1.39	Not Felled
76	66	kudo	3.00	0.53	Not Felled
77	67	Chanado	10.00	1.27	Not Felled
78	68	Chanado	4.00	97.00	Not Felled
79	69	Jangali	5.00	0.74	Not Felled
80	70	Kindal	6.00	0.80	Not Felled
81	71	Kindal	7.00	1.30	Not Felled
82	72	Jambo	5.00	0.60	Not Felled
83	73	Jambo	5.00	0.73	Not Felled
84	74	Jangali	3.00	0.52	Not Felled
85	75	Ved	3.00	0.48	Not Felled
86	76	Kindal	4.00	0.61	Not Felled
87	77	Jambo	3.00	0.72	Not Felled
88	78	Kindal	4.00	0.50	Not Felled
89	79	Kindal	4.00	0.66	Not Felled
90	80	Shisham	5.00	0.42	Not Felled
91	81	Jambo	6.00	0.44	Not Felled
92	82	Jambo	4.00	0.45	Not Felled
93	83	kinda	5.00	0.55	Not Felled
94	84	Jambo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
95	85	Kudo	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
96	86	Ved	3.00	0.54	Not Felled
97	87A	Kindal	6.00	1.22	Not Felled
98	87B	Kindal	7.00	1.14	Not Felled
99	87C	Kindal	4.00	0.70	Not Felled
100	88	Chanado	4.00	0.59	Not Felled
101	89	Bhirand	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
102	90	Ghotting	10.00	1.56	Not Felled
103	91	Jangali	3.00	0.70	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

104	92	kudo	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
105	93	kuo	3.00	0.48	Not Felled
106	94A	kindal	8.00	1.06	Not Felled
107	94B	Kindal	3.00	0.51	Not Felled
108	95	Chanado	7.00	1.01	Not Felled
109	96	kudo	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
110	97	kindal	5.00	1.75	Not Felled
111	98	Jambo	2.00	0.48	Not Felled
112	99	kudo	2.00	0.46	Not Felled
113	100	kindal	10.00	1.52	Not Felled
114	101	Jambo	3.00	0.58	Not Felled
115	102	Jambo	3.00	0.92	Not Felled
116	103	Kindal	4.00	0.71	Not Felled
117	104	Jambo	6.00	0.70	Not Felled
118	105	Kumbyo	3.00	0.44	Not Felled
119	106A	kindal	6.00	0.84	Not Felled
120	106B	Kindal	5.00	0.47	Not Felled
121	107	Char	5.00	0.69	Not Felled
122	108	Jambo	4.00	0.67	Not Felled
123	109A	Jambo	4.00	0.57	Not Felled
124	109B	Jambo	3.00	0.52	Not Felled
125	110A	Kindal	5.00	0.67	Not Felled
126	110B	Kindal	5.00	0.63	Not Felled
127	110C	Kindal	4.00	0.47	Not Felled
128	111	Kindal	4.00	0.46	Not Felled
129	112	Kumbyo	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
130	113A	Kindal	5.00	0.54	Not Felled
131	113B	Kindal	5.00	0.50	Not Felled
132	113C	Kindal	5.00	0.30	Not Felled
133	114	Jambo	3.00	0.64	Not Felled
134	115	Jambo	3.00	0.36	Not Felled
135	116	Shisham	3.00	0.37	Not Felled
136	117A	Kindal	7.00	0.87	Not Felled
137	117B	Kindal	6.00	0.66	Not Felled
138	118	Jambo	3.00	0.49	Not Felled
139	119	Chanado	10.00	1.48	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

140	120	Jambo	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
141	121	Kindal	6.00	0.78	Not Felled
142	122	Kindal	2.00	0.42	Not Felled
143	123	Jambo	3.00	0.49	Not Felled
144	124	Jambo	2.00	0.47	Not Felled
145	125	Jambo	4.00	0.66	Not Felled
146	126	Jambo	3.00	0.54	Not Felled
147	127	Kudo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
148	128	Kindal	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
149	129	Kumbyo	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
150	130	Chanado	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
151	131	kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
152	132	Kindal	8.00	1.62	Not Felled
153	133	kudo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
154	134	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
155	135	Kindal	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
156	136	Chanado	4.00	0.62	Not Felled
157	137	Kudo	3.00	0.36	Not Felled
158	138	Kumbyo	3.00	0.32	Not Felled
159	139	Bhirand	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
160	149	Kudo	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
161	141	Kudo	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
162	142	Chanado	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
163	143	Kindal	3.00	0.58	Not Felled
164	144	Kindal	3.00	0.37	Not Felled
165	145	Jambo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
166	146	Chanado	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
167	147	Kudo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
168	148	Chanado	5.00	0.90	Not Felled
169	149	Nano	4.00	0.78	Not Felled
170	150	Jambo	5.00	1.01	Not Felled
171	151	Jambo	4.00	0.85	Not Felled
172	152	Kumbyo	7.00	0.99	Not Felled
173	153	Jambo	2.00	0.50	Not Felled
174	154	Katekawach	4.00	0.85	Not Felled
175	155	Jambo	4.00	0.65	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

176	156	Jambo	5.00	0.93	Not Felled
177	157	Jambo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
178	158	Jambo	2.00	0.54	Not Felled
179	159	Saton	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
180	160	Jambo	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
181	161	Jambo	5.00	0.58	Not Felled
182	162	Jambo	3.00	0.55	Not Felled
183	163	Jambo	4.00	0.71	Not Felled
184	164	Jangali	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
185	165	Kindal	4.00	0.61	Not Felled
186	166	Kudo	3.00	0.61	Not Felled
187	167	Kumbyo	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
188	168	Kindal	10.00	1.08	Not Felled
189	169	Moi	3.00	0.52	Not Felled
190	170	Ved	3.00	0.72	Not Felled
191	171	Jambo	4.00	0.82	Not Felled
192	172	Jambo	3.00	0.54	Not Felled
193	173	Daban	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
194	174	Kudo	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
195	175	Kudo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
196	176	Kudo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
197	177	Kaju	4.00	0.88	Not Felled
198	178	Chanado	5.00	0.76	Not Felled
199	179	Bhirand	4.00	0.46	Not Felled
200	180	Kudo	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
201	181	Kumbyo	4.00	0.62	Not Felled
202	182	Kindal	8.00	0.91	Not Felled
203	183	Jambo	3.00	0.47	Not Felled
204	184	Kindal	4.00	0.66	Not Felled
205	185	Daban	4.00	0.85	Not Felled
206	186	Chanado	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
207	187	Kindal	4.00	0.73	Not Felled
208	188	Kindal	4.00	1.02	Not Felled
209	189	Ved	3.00	0.56	Not Felled
210	190	Nano	6.00	0.68	Not Felled
211	191	kaju	5.00	0.85	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

176	156	Jambo	5.00	0.93	Not Felled
177	157	Jambo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
178	158	Jambo	2.00	0.54	Not Felled
179	159	Saton	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
180	160	Jambo	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
181	161	Jambo	5.00	0.58	Not Felled
182	162	Jambo	3.00	0.55	Not Felled
183	163	Jambo	4.00	0.71	Not Felled
184	164	Jangali	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
185	165	Kindal	4.00	0.61	Not Felled
186	166	Kudo	3.00	0.61	Not Felled
187	167	Kumbyo	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
188	168	Kindal	10.00	1.08	Not Felled
189	169	Moi	3.00	0.52	Not Felled
190	170	Ved	3.00	0.72	Not Felled
191	171	Jambo	4.00	0.82	Not Felled
192	172	Jambo	3.00	0.54	Not Felled
193	173	Daban	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
194	174	Kudo	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
195	175	Kudo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
196	176	Kudo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
197	177	Kaju	4.00	0.88	Not Felled
198	178	Chanado	5.00	0.76	Not Felled
199	179	Bhirand	4.00	0.46	Not Felled
200	180	Kudo	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
201	181	Kumbyo	4.00	0.62	Not Felled
202	182	Kindal	8.00	0.91	Not Felled
203	183	Jambo	3.00	0.47	Not Felled
204	184	Kindal	4.00	0.66	Not Felled
205	185	Daban	4.00	0.85	Not Felled
206	186	Chanado	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
207	187	Kindal	4.00	0.73	Not Felled
208	188	Kindal	4.00	1.02	Not Felled
209	189	Ved	3.00	0.56	Not Felled
210	190	Nano	6.00	0.68	Not Felled
211	191	kaju	5.00	0.85	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

212	192	Jambo	7.00	0.88	Not Felled
213	193	Kindal	5.00	0.72	Not Felled
214	194	Jambo	4.00	0.63	Not Felled
215	195	Kindal	3.00	0.42	Not Felled
216	196	Jambo	6.00	0.80	Not Felled
217	197	Jambo	5.00	0.62	Not Felled
218	198	Jambo	5.00	0.75	Not Felled
219	199	Katekawach	5.00	0.81	Not Felled
220	200	Jambo	2.50	0.38	Not Felled
221	201	Bargad	6.00	0.93	Not Felled
222	202	Jambo	5.00	0.76	Not Felled
223	203	Katekawach	4.00	0.75	Not Felled
224	204	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
225	205	Jambo	3.00	0.31	Not Felled
226	206	Jangali	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
227	207	Kindal	8.00	1.04	Not Felled
228	208	Kuda	3.00	0.53	Not Felled
229	209	Kuda	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
230	210	Kindal	3.00	0.37	Not Felled
231	211	Kuda	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
232	212	Kuda	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
233	213	Jangali	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
234	214	Kuda	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
235	215	Mango	6.00	1.00	Not Felled
236	216	Kuda	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
237	217	Kindal	2.00	0.43	Not Felled
238	218	Nano	3.00	0.55	Not Felled
239	219	Kindal	3.00	0.47	Not Felled
240	220	ved	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
241	221	Kindal	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
242	222A	Kindal	7.00	1.00	Not Felled
243	222B	Kindal	7.00	0.51	Not Felled
244	223	Kindal	5.00	0.58	Not Felled
245	224	Kindal	4.00	0.78	Not Felled
246	225	Kindal	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
247	226	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

248	227	Kumbyo			Not Felled
249	228	Kumbyo			Not Felled
250	229	Jangali	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
251	230	Chanado	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
252	231	Kuda	3.00	0.32	Not Felled
253	232	Jambo	5.00	0.84	Not Felled
254	233	Kindal	5.00	0.98	Not Felled
255	234	Kindal	5.00	0.72	Not Felled
256	235	Chanado	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
257	236	Kindal	7.00	0.89	Not Felled
258	237	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
259	238	Madat	2.00	0.37	Not Felled
260	239	Kindal	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
261	240	Kuda	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
262	241	Kumbyo	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
263	242	Kindal	2.00	0.47	Not Felled
264	243	Bibo	3.00	0.48	Not Felled
265	244	Jack Fruit	10.00	1.27	Not Felled
266	245	Kindal	10.00	1.86	Not Felled
267	246	Kindal	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
268	247	Kindal	4.00	0.58	Not Felled
269	248	Daban	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
270	249	Kudo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
271	250	Kindal	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
272	251	Kumbyo	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
273	252	Kindal	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
274	253	Kindal	4.00	0.68	Not Felled
275	254	Kumbyo	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
276	255	Katekawach	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
277	256	Katekawach	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
278	257	Kindal	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
279	258	Chanado	3.00	0.48	Not Felled
280	259	Kindal	5.00	0.68	Not Felled
281	260	Jambo	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
282	261	Ghotting	10.00	1.01	Not Felled
283	262	Kindal	5.00	0.86	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS

284	263	Kindal	7.00	1.16	Not Felled
285	264	Kindal	10.00	1.08	Not Felled
286	265	Kumbyo	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
287	266	Husak	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
288	267	Kumbyo	4.00	1.07	Not Felled
289	268	Chanado	3.00	0.71	Not Felled
290	269	Katekawach	4.00	0.98	Not Felled
291	270	Kindal	2.00	0.46	Not Felled
292	271	Nano	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
293	272A	Mango	7.00	1.02	Not Felled
294	272B	Mango	4.00	0.80	Not Felled
295	272C	Mango	4.00	0.72	Not Felled
296	273	Kindal	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
297	274	Jambo	2.00	0.37	Not Felled
298	275	Shisham	3.00	0.78	Not Felled
299	276A	Kindal	4.00	0.65	Not Felled
300	276B	Kindal	4.00	0.35	Not Felled
301	277	Chanado	4.00	0.50	Not Felled
302	278	Kindal	4.00	0.66	Not Felled
303	279	Kasam	3.00	1.00	Not Felled
304	280	Kuda	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
305	281	Kindal	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
306	282	Kindal	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
307	283A	Kindal	3.00	0.62	Not Felled
308	283B	Kindal	3.00	0.57	Not Felled
309	284	Kumbyo	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
310	285	Jambo	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
311	286	Kindal	4.00	0.52	Not Felled
312	287	Kindal	4.00	0.65	Not Felled
313	288A	Kindal	4.00	0.88	Not Felled
314	288B	Kindal	4.00	0.67	Not Felled
315	289	Kindal	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
316	290A	Kindal	4.00	0.44	Not Felled
317	290B	Kindal	4.00	0.42	Not Felled
318	291	Mango	7.00	1.54	Not Felled
319	292	Daban	4.00	0.66	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA GOA

320	293	Bargad	8.00	1.20	Not Felled
321	294	Kindal	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
322	295	Chanado	3.00	0.42	Not Felled
323	296	Kaju	4.00	0.79	Not Felled
324	297	Jambo	4.00	0.49	Not Felled
325	298	Kindal	12.00	1.72	Not Felled
326	299	Mango	10.00	1.12	Not Felled
327	300	Kuda	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
328	301	Chanado	3.00	0.58	Not Felled
329	302	Jangali	2.00	0.45	Not Felled
330	303	Chanado	3.00	0.33	Not Felled
331	304	Chanado	3.00	0.35	Not Felled
332	305	Jangali	4.00	0.47	Not Felled
333	306	Jangali	3.00	0.39	Not Felled
334	307	Jangali	3.00	0.37	Not Felled
335	308	Nano	5.00	0.70	Not Felled
336	309	Kumbyo	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
337	310	Nano	5.00	0.72	Not Felled
338	311	Jambo	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
339	312	Kuda	3.00	0.56	Not Felled
340	313	Kindal	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
341	314	kuda	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
342	315	Kindal	5.00	0.96	Not Felled
343	316	Katekawach	10.00	1.17	Not Felled
344	317A	Kindal	5.00	0.76	Not Felled
345	317B	Kindal	3.00	0.51	Not Felled
346	318	Moi	3.00	0.35	Not Felled
347	319	Kindal	2.00	0.43	Not Felled
348	320	Kindal	7.00	0.86	Not Felled
349	321	Kindal	7.00	0.96	Not Felled
350	322	Kindal	10.00	1.30	Not Felled
351	323	Kindal	4.00	0.85	Not Felled
352	324	kuda	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
353	325	Bayo	4.00	0.58	Not Felled
354	326	kuda	2.00	0.52	Not Felled
355	327	Chanado	4.00	0.43	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

356	328	kaju	2.00	0.49	Not Felled
357	329	Mango	8.00	1.16	Not Felled
358	330	Mango	4.00	0.89	Not Felled
359	331	Kindal	3.00	0.49	Not Felled
360	332	Kindal	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
361	333	Mango	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
362	334	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
363	335	Kindal	4.00	0.53	Not Felled
364	336	Madat	0.55	3.00	Not Felled
365	337	Daban	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
366	338	Nano	5.00	0.54	Not Felled
367	339	Nano	3.00	0.78	Not Felled
368	340	Kumbyo	4.00	0.55	Not Felled
369	341	Jangali	4.00	0.55	Not Felled
370	342	Katekawach	4.00	0.52	Not Felled
371	343	Rumod	4.00	0.55	Not Felled
372	344	Aakasiya	5.00	0.92	Not Felled
373	345	Bayo	3.00	0.56	Not Felled
374	346	Nano	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
375	347	Kuda	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
376	348	Chanado	3.00	0.47	Not Felled
377	349	Aakasiya	4.00	1.00	Not Felled
378	350	Kindal	2.00	0.48	Not Felled
379	351	Jangali	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
380	352	Katekawach	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
381	353	Katekawach	3.00	0.63	Not Felled
382	354	Nano	2.00	0.47	Not Felled
383	355	Daban	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
384	356	Jack Fruit	7.00	1.90	Not Felled
385	357	Kuda	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
386	358	Chanado	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
387	359	Jambo	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
388	360	Jambo	3.00	0.52	Not Felled
389	361	Kuda	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
390	362	Ghotting	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
391	363	Chanado	2.00	0.40	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS

392	364	Chanado	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
393	365	Kindal	7.00	1.23	Not Felled
394	366	Kuda	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
395	367A	Apto	3.00	0.60	Not Felled
396	367B	Apto	3.00	0.55	Not Felled
397	368	Kumbyo	3.00	0.60	Not Felled
398	369A	Jambo	7.00	0.96	Not Felled
399	369B	Jambo	7.00	0.80	Not Felled
400	370	Kumbyo	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
401	371	Kindal	4.00	0.62	Not Felled
402	372	Bayo	4.00	0.63	Not Felled
403	373	Kindal	2.00	0.45	Not Felled
404	374	Kindal	3.00	0.44	Not Felled
405	375	Kindal	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
406	376	Kindal	3.00	0.64	Not Felled
407	377	Jack Fruit	8.00	1.00	Not Felled
408	378	Kumbyo	4.00	0.62	Not Felled
409	379	Kindal	3.00	0.62	Not Felled
410	380	Jambo	4.00	1.00	Not Felled
411	381	Jambo	3.00	0.64	Not Felled
412	382	Kumbyo	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
413	383	Karmal	6.00	1.20	Not Felled
414	384	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
415	385	sagon	4.00	0.45	Not Felled
416	386	Kharwat	5.00	0.76	Not Felled
417	387	Kuda	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
418	388A	Kindal	6.00	0.70	Not Felled
419	388B	Kindal	6.00	0.50	Not Felled
420	389	Kindal	2.00	0.49	Not Felled
421	390	Jambo	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
422	391	Kindal	4.00	0.62	Not Felled
423	392	Kindal	6.00	0.92	Not Felled
424	393	Jambo	3.00	0.67	Not Felled
425	394	Daban	6.00	0.81	Not Felled
426	395	Kumbyo	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
427	396	Kuda	2.00	0.35	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

428	397	Kindal	6.00	1.00	Not Felled
429	398A	Bibo	5.00	0.50	Not Felled
430	398B	Bibo	3.00	0.35	Not Felled
431	399	kuda	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
432	400	Kindal	5.00	0.79	Not Felled
433	401	Daban	7.00	1.14	Not Felled
434	402	Kindal	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
435	403	Jambo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
436	404	kuda	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
437	405	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
438	406	Kindal	5.00	0.77	Not Felled
439	407	Kindal	4.00	0.73	Not Felled
440	408	Nano	6.00	0.95	Not Felled
441	409	Kindal	5.00	0.90	Not Felled
442	410	Jambo	5.00	0.83	Not Felled
443	411	Jambo	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
444	412	Jambo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
445	413	Kindal	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
446	414	Kindal	5.00	0.83	Not Felled
447	415	Mango	8.00	0.50	Not Felled
448	416	Kindal	8.00	1.00	Not Felled
449	417	Kindal	8.00	1.22	Not Felled
450	418	Kindal	4.00	0.65	Not Felled
451	419	Chanado	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
452	420	Karmal	8.00	1.70	Not Felled
453	421	Kindal	4.00	72.00	Not Felled
454	422	Kindal	4.00	0.75	Not Felled
455	423	Kindal	3.00	0.52	Not Felled
456	424	Chanado	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
457	425	Kuda	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
458	426	Kuda	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
459	427	Chanado	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
460	428	Chanado	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
461	429	Kindal	5.00	0.50	Not Felled
462	430	Nano	4.00	0.62	Not Felled
463	431	Ghotting	8.00	1.67	Not Felled

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464	432	Jambo	5.00	0.86	Not Felled
465	433	Kindal	8.00	1.37	Not Felled
466	434	Jambo	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
467	435	Kindal	6.00	0.90	Not Felled
468	436	Kindal	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
469	437	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
470	438	Kindal	5.00	0.57	Not Felled
471	439	Kumbyo	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
472	440	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
473	441	Chanado	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
474	442	Daban	2.00	0.39	Not Felled
475	443	Chanado	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
476	444	Kindal	3.00	0.74	Not Felled
477	445	Kumbyo	2.00	0.37	Not Felled
478	446	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
479	447	Kindal	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
480	448	Kindal	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
481	449	Kindal	2.00	0.37	Not Felled
482	450	Kindal	4.00	0.63	Not Felled
483	451	Nano	4.00	0.47	Not Felled
484	452	Moi	4.00	0.88	Not Felled
485	453	Jack Fruit	7.00	1.66	Not Felled
486	454	Jangali	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
487	455	Chanado	3.00	0.41	Not Felled
488	456	Ghotting	4.00	0.45	Not Felled
489	457	Kindal	4.00	0.45	Not Felled
490	458	Kumbyo	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
491	459	Kindal	3.00	0.52	Not Felled
492	460	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
493	461	Kindal	3.00	0.44	Not Felled
494	462	Jangali	2.00	0.44	Not Felled
495	463	Bhirand	4.00	0.35	Not Felled
496	464	Ved	7.00	1.57	Not Felled
497	465	Kasam	4.00	1.33	Not Felled
498	466	Kindal	3.00	0.56	Not Felled
499	467	Kindal	4.00	0.56	Not Felled

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500	468	Kindal	5.00	0.66	Not Felled
501	469	Kindal	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
502	470	Kindal	4.00	0.57	Not Felled
503	471	Kindal	5.00	0.76	Not Felled
504	472	Kindal	4.00	0.67	Not Felled
505	473	Nano	4.00	0.69	Not Felled
506	474	Daban	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
507	475	Kindal	5.00	0.64	Not Felled
508	476	Karmal	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
509	477	Kindal	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
510	478	Nano	8.00	1.14	Not Felled
511	479	Khasthi	6.00	1.10	Not Felled
512	480	Bibo	7.00	1.12	Not Felled
513	481	Bibo	7.00	1.24	Not Felled
514	482	Bibo	6.00	0.86	Not Felled
515	483	Kuda	2.00	0.46	Not Felled
516	484	Ghotting	8.00	1.47	Not Felled
517	485	Jangali	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
518	486	Chanado	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
519	487	Chanado	4.00	0.73	Not Felled
520	488	Kindal	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
521	489	kuda	2.00	0.48	Not Felled
522	490	Kindal	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
523	491	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
524	492	Nano	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
525	493	Kindal	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
526	494	Moi	5.00	0.85	Not Felled
527	495	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
528	496	Nano	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
529	497	Kindal	7.00	0.94	Not Felled
530	498	Kumbyo	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
531	499	Chanado	3.00	0.60	Not Felled
532	500	Kumbyo	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
533	501	Kindal	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
534	502	Nano	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
535	503	Nano	4.00	0.52	Not Felled

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536	504	Kumbyo	3.00	0.44	Not Felled
537	505	Nano	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
538	506	Nano	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
539	507	Kindal	2.00	37.00	Not Felled
540	508	Kindal	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
541	509	Kindal	4.00	0.57	Not Felled
542	510	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
543	511	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
544	512	Kindal	3.00	0.56	Not Felled
545	513	Kindal	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
546	514	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
547	515	Kindal	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
548	516	Jambo	2.00	0.37	Not Felled
549	517	Kindal	2.00	0.45	Not Felled
550	518	Jambo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
551	519	Kindal	3.00	0.54	Not Felled
552	520	Jambo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
553	521	Kindal	2.00	0.37	Not Felled
554	522	Jambo	4.00	0.47	Not Felled
555	523	Chanado	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
556	524A	Kumbyo	4.00	0.70	Not Felled
557	524B	Kumbyo	4.00	0.50	Not Felled
558	525	Jambo	5.00	0.57	Not Felled
559	526	Kuda	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
560	527	Kindal	3.00	0.41	Not Felled
561	528	Chanado	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
562	529	Jambo	4.00	0.72	Not Felled
563	530	Jangali	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
564	531	Kuda	4.00	0.98	Not Felled
565	532	Chanado	3.00	0.62	Not Felled
566	533	Chanado	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
567	534	Jambo	2.00	0.44	Not Felled
568	535	Jambo	3.00	0.69	Not Felled
569	536	Daban	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
570	537	Saton	3.00	0.44	Not Felled
571	538A	Kindal	6.00	0.95	Not Felled

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572	538B	Kindal	6.00	0.81	Not Felled
573	539	Kindal	5.00	1.05	Not Felled
574	540	Kindal	7.00	1.72	Not Felled
575	541	Ved	7.00	0.95	Not Felled
576	542	Jack Fruit	8.00	2.33	Not Felled
577	543	Chanado	3.00	0.48	Not Felled
578	544	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
579	545	Karmal	4.00	0.77	Not Felled
580	546	Chanado	3.00	0.64	Not Felled
581	547	Kindal	3.00	0.51	Not Felled
582	548	Ved	4.00	0.63	Not Felled
583	549A	Bayo	3.00	48.00	Not Felled
584	549B	Bayo	3.00	46.00	Not Felled
585	550	Kindal	4.00	0.66	Not Felled
586	551	Jambo	4.00	0.89	Not Felled
587	552	Kasam	2.00	0.50	Not Felled
588	553	Kindal	4.00	0.69	Not Felled
589	554	Jambo	3.00	0.67	Not Felled
590	555	Kindal	7.00	1.52	Not Felled
591	556	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
592	557	Kindal	4.00	0.85	Not Felled
593	558A	Kindal	3.00	0.53	Not Felled
594	558B	Kindal	3.00	0.52	Not Felled
595	558C	Kindal	3.00	0.51	Not Felled
596	559A	Jangali	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
597	559B	Jangali	4.00	0.50	Not Felled
598	560	Kaju	2.00	0.70	Not Felled
599	561	Daban	4.00	0.64	Not Felled
600	562	Kuda	2.00	0.45	Not Felled
601	563	Nano	5.00	0.85	Not Felled
602	564	Kindal	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
603	565	Salay	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
604	566	Chanado	4.00	0.61	Not Felled
605	567A	Jambo	3.00	0.67	Not Felled
606	567B	Jambo	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
607	568	Kindal	3.00	0.30	Not Felled

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608	569	Jambo	6.00	0.87	Not Felled
609	570	katekawach	7.00	1.22	Not Felled
610	571	Bhirand	4.00	0.39	Not Felled
611	572	Kindal	4.00	0.86	Not Felled
612	573	Salay	4.00	0.74	Not Felled
613	574	katekawach	4.00	0.75	Not Felled
614	575	Salay	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
615	576	Jambo	4.00	0.68	Not Felled
616	577	Jambo	4.00	0.78	Not Felled
617	578A	Jambo	6.00	0.82	Not Felled
618	578B	Jambo	5.00	0.60	Not Felled
619	578C	Jambo	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
620	579	Salay	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
621	580	Jambo	4.00	0.95	Not Felled
622	581	Karmal	7.00	0.99	Not Felled
623	582A	Kindal	8.00	1.00	Not Felled
624	582B	Kindal	7.00	0.85	Not Felled
625	583	Salay	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
626	584	Mango	2.00	0.45	Not Felled
627	585	Kindal	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
628	586	Kaju	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
629	587	Kuda	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
630	588	Kuda	2.00	0.37	Not Felled
631	589	Kindal	8.00	1.45	Not Felled
632	590A	Kindal	7.00	1.28	Not Felled
633	590B	Kindal	6.00	0.85	Not Felled
634	591	Kindal	4.00	0.68	Not Felled
635	592	Karmal	8.00	1.07	Not Felled
636	593	Jambo	4.00	0.78	Not Felled
637	594	Karmal	7.00	1.00	Not Felled
638	595	Jangali	4.00	0.57	Not Felled
639	596A	Kaju	4.00	0.98	Not Felled
640	596B	Kaju	3.00	0.92	Not Felled
641	597	Chanado	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
642	598	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
643	599	Kuda	2.00	0.45	Not Felled

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644	600	Kindal	3.00	0.65	Not Felled
645	601	Kindal	4.00	0.58	Not Felled
646	602	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
647	603	Jack Fruit	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
648	604	Kindal	5.00	0.73	Not Felled
649	605	Chanado	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
650	606	Chanado	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
651	607	Bibo	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
652	608	Ved	7.00	2.43	Not Felled
653	609	Kaju	2.00	0.54	Not Felled
654	610	Chanado	2.00	3.00	Not Felled
655	611	Nano	5.00	0.61	Not Felled
656	612	Chanado	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
657	613	Jangali	2.00	0.43	Not Felled
658	614	Chanado	3.00	0.68	Not Felled
659	615	Jambo	3.00	0.44	Not Felled
660	616	Chanado	2.00	0.39	Not Felled
661	617	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
662	618	Jambo	6.00	0.67	Not Felled
663	619	Chanado	4.00	0.52	Not Felled
664	620	Aakasiya	6.00	0.72	Not Felled
665	621	Jangali	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
666	622	Bibo	5.00	0.83	Not Felled
667	623	Shisham	4.00	0.53	Not Felled
668	624	Bhirand	4.00	1.14	Not Felled
669	625	kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
670	626	Bhilamad	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
671	627	Kindal	3.00	0.41	Not Felled
672	628	Kasam	4.00	0.78	Not Felled
673	629	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
674	630	Kuda	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
675	631	Salay	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
676	632	Kindal	3.00	0.57	Not Felled
677	633	Jambo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
678	634	Kindal	4.00	0.61	Not Felled
679	635A	Kaju	4.00	0.75	Not Felled

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680	635B	Kaju	3.00	0.68	Not Felled
681	636	Kaju	3.00	0.85	Not Felled
682	637	Jambo	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
683	638	Bibo	7.00	1.31	Not Felled
684	639	Jambo	3.00	0.58	Not Felled
685	640	Kindal	2.00	0.69	Not Felled
686	641	Jambo	3.00	0.53	Not Felled
687	642	Jambo	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
688	643	Kumbyo	3.00	0.47	Not Felled
689	644	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
690	645	Jambo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
691	646	Kumbyo	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
692	647	Chanado	3.00	0.35	Not Felled
693	648	Jambo	3.00	0.47	Not Felled
694	649	Jangali	3.00	0.49	Not Felled
695	650	Salay	3.00	0.48	Not Felled
696	651	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
697	652	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
698	653	Jambo	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
699	654	Jangali	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
700	655	Kuda	4.00	0.62	Not Felled
701	656	Jack Fruit	6.00	0.73	Not Felled
702	657	Mango	7.00	2.30	Not Felled
703	658	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
704	659	katekawach	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
705	660	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
706	661	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
707	662	kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
708	663	katekawach	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
709	664	Daban	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
710	665	Chanado	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
711	666	Chanado	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
712	667	Kaju	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
713	668	Jangali	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
714	669	Kaju	4.00	0.48	Not Felled
715	670	katekawach	3.00	0.57	Not Felled

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716	671	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
717	672	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
718	673	Daban	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
719	674A	Aakasiya	5.00	0.67	Not Felled
720	674B	Aakasiya	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
721	675	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
722	676	Salay	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
723	677	Nano	3.00	0.48	Not Felled
724	678	Jangali	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
725	679	Nano	5.00	0.58	Not Felled
726	680	Nano	7.00	0.90	Not Felled
727	681	Kumbyo	3.00	0.53	Not Felled
728	682	Nano	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
729	683	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
730	684	Daban	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
731	685	Jangali	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
732	686	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
733	687	Mango	8.00	1.75	Not Felled
734	688	Kindal	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
735	689	Kindal	2.00	0.47	Not Felled
736	690	Kindal	6.00	0.85	Not Felled
737	691	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
738	692	Bibo	7.00	1.44	Not Felled
739	693	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
740	694	Kindal	7.00	2.57	Not Felled
741	695	Mango	7.00	1.09	Not Felled
742	696	Sagaun	7.00	1.00	Not Felled
743	697	Kindal	3.00	0.75	Not Felled
744	698	Kindal	5.00	0.64	Not Felled
745	699	Kindal	3.00	0.57	Not Felled
746	700	Nano	6.00	0.63	Not Felled
747	701	Kindal	4.00	0.54	Not Felled
748	702	Kindal	5.00	0.65	Not Felled
749	703	Madat	6.00	0.95	Not Felled
750	704	Nano	8.00	1.10	Not Felled
751	705	Kindal	3.00	0.39	Not Felled

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752	706	Kindal	4.00	0.61	Not Felled
753	707	Kuda	2.00	0.42	Not Felled
754	708	Chanado	4.00	0.45	Not Felled
755	709	Bibo	5.00	0.88	Not Felled
756	710	Kindal	5.00	0.99	Not Felled
757	711	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
758	712	Jack Fruit	10.00	1.65	Not Felled
759	713	Kindal	4.00	0.57	Not Felled
760	714	Kindal	4.00	0.58	Not Felled
761	715	Bhedas	6.00	1.01	Not Felled
762	716	Bibo	10.00	2.11	Not Felled
763	717	Salay	8.00	1.00	Not Felled
764	718	Kindal	5.00	0.73	Not Felled
765	719	Kindal	5.00	0.66	Not Felled
766	720	Kindal	7.00	0.84	Not Felled
767	721	Moi	4.00	0.53	Not Felled
768	722	Kindal	8.00	0.83	Not Felled
769	723	Kindal	10.00	0.95	Not Felled
770	724	Kindal	10.00	1.04	Not Felled
771	725	Kindal	5.00	0.64	Not Felled
772	726	Ghotting	7.00	1.08	Not Felled
773	727	Kindal	4.00	0.66	Not Felled
774	728	Bhedas	3.00	0.33	Not Felled
775	729	Bhirand	5.00	0.88	Not Felled
776	730	Kindal	4.00	0.50	Not Felled
777	731	Kindal	4.00	0.43	Not Felled
778	732	Nano	0.40	0.55	Not Felled
779	733	Nano	8.00	0.94	Not Felled
780	734	Aakasiya	6.00	0.76	Not Felled
781	735	Aakasiya	6.00	0.88	Not Felled
782	736	Daban	4.00	0.49	Not Felled
783	737	Kindal	7.00	1.02	Not Felled
784	738	Kindal	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
785	739	Madat	4.00	0.76	Not Felled
786	740	Madat	4.00	0.45	Not Felled
787	741	Kindal	3.00	0.33	Not Felled

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788	742	Kuda	2.00	0.37	Not Felled
789	743	Mango	6.00	0.93	Not Felled
790	744	Kindal	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
791	745	Kindal	5.00	0.98	Not Felled
792	746	Kuda	3.00	0.62	Not Felled
793	748	Jambo	5.00	0.76	Not Felled
794	749	Bhirand	5.00	0.55	Not Felled
795	750	Siras	12.00	2.40	Not Felled
796	751	Kuda	2.00	0.41	Not Felled
797	752	Kuda	3.00	0.44	Not Felled
798	753	Kindal	5.00	0.74	Not Felled
799	754	Kindal	6.00	0.83	Not Felled
800	755	Kindal	7.00	0.93	Not Felled
801	756	Kindal	5.00	0.73	Not Felled
802	757A	Kindal	5.00	0.76	Not Felled
803	757B	Kindal	3.00	0.74	Not Felled
804	758	Ghotting	6.00	1.23	Not Felled
805	759	Kumbyo	6.00	1.06	Not Felled
806	760	Kindal	4.00	0.53	Not Felled
807	761	Salay	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
808	762	Kindal	6.00	0.77	Not Felled
809	763	Jambo	5.00	0.85	Not Felled
810	764A	Salay	4.00	0.72	Not Felled
811	764B	Salay	3.00	0.58	Not Felled
812	765	Kindal	6.00	0.80	Not Felled
813	766	Usak	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
814	767	Kindal	6.00	0.77	Not Felled
815	768	Kindal	7.00	1.04	Not Felled
816	769	Jambo	5.00	0.54	Not Felled
817	770	Chanado	4.00	0.47	Not Felled
818	771	Karmal	6.00	1.04	Not Felled
819	772	Kindal	6.00	0.86	Not Felled
820	773	Kindal	3.00	0.59	Not Felled
821	774	Kindal	5.00	0.92	Not Felled
822	775	Kindal	6.00	0.93	Not Felled
823	776	Kindal	4.00	0.71	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
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824	777	Kindal	5.00	0.77	Not Felled
825	778	Kindal	7.00	1.04	Not Felled
826	779	Kindal	4.00	0.66	Not Felled
827	780	Kindal	7.00	0.90	Not Felled
828	781	Kindal	5.00	0.90	Not Felled
829	782	Kindal	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
830	783	Kindal	7.00	1.00	Not Felled
831	784	Ghotting	8.00	1.59	Not Felled
832	785	Kuda	4.00	0.73	Not Felled
833	786	Salay	4.00	0.65	Not Felled
834	787	Salay	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
835	788	Bhirand	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
836	789	Bibo	7.00	1.27	Not Felled
837	790	Kuda	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
838	791	Nano	8.00	1.23	Not Felled
839	792A	Salay	4.00	0.64	Not Felled
840	792B	Salay	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
841	793	Moi	4.00	0.79	Not Felled
842	794A	Kindal	6.00	0.80	Not Felled
843	794B	Kindal	5.00	0.60	Not Felled
844	795	Kindal	4.00	0.61	Not Felled
845	796	Kindal	7.00	0.85	Not Felled
846	797	Kindal	5.00	0.84	Not Felled
847	798	Kindal	5.00	0.78	Not Felled
848	799	Kindal	5.00	0.73	Not Felled
849	800	Chanado	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
850	801	Kindal	4.00	0.62	Not Felled
851	802	Kindal	4.00	0.66	Not Felled
852	803	Kindal	3.00	0.47	Not Felled
853	804	Bhedas	5.00	0.45	Not Felled
854	805	Jambo	6.00	0.87	Not Felled
855	806	Jambo	5.00	0.67	Not Felled
856	807A	Kindal	5.00	0.80	Not Felled
857	807B	Kindal	5.00	0.74	Not Felled
858	808	Kindal	6.00	0.70	Not Felled
859	809	Kindal	6.00	0.75	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
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860	810	katekawach	6.00	0.77	Not Felled
861	811	Nano	6.00	0.58	Not Felled
862	812	Kumbyo	4.00	0.45	Not Felled
863	813	Kindal	6.00	0.67	Not Felled
864	814	Ghotting	10.00	1.59	Not Felled
865	815	Kumbyo	7.00	0.94	Not Felled
866	816	Kindal	5.00	0.49	Not Felled
867	817	Kindal	5.00	0.70	Not Felled
868	818	Kindal	4.00	0.40	Not Felled
869	819	Kasam	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
870	820	Nano	8.00	0.75	Not Felled
871	821	Kindal	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
872	822	Kindal	3.00	0.44	Not Felled
873	823	Kindal	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
874	824	Kuda	3.00	0.37	Not Felled
875	825	Ghotting	8.00	0.93	Not Felled
876	826A	Kumbyo	4.00	0.72	Not Felled
877	826B	Kumbyo	3.00	0.58	Not Felled
878	827	Jambo	4.00	0.58	Not Felled
879	828	Kindal	5.00	0.73	Not Felled
880	829	Kindal	4.00	0.45	Not Felled
881	830	Kindal	6.00	0.80	Not Felled
882	831	Nano	8.00	1.00	Not Felled
883	832	Kindal	6.00	0.74	Not Felled
884	833	Kuda	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
885	834	Kumbyo	5.00	0.74	Not Felled
886	835	Saton	8.00	1.42	Not Felled
887	836	Kindal	6.00	0.96	Not Felled
888	837	Jambo	6.00	0.73	Not Felled
889	838	Kindal	7.00	0.99	Not Felled
890	839	Nano	8.00	0.99	Not Felled
891	840	Kuda	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
892	841	Kuda	3.00	0.44	Not Felled
893	842	Jambo	8.00	0.97	Not Felled
894	843	Jambo	3.00	0.39	Not Felled
895	844	Kindal	6.00	0.95	Not Felled

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896	845	Kuda	4.00	0.49	Not Felled
897	846	Kuda	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
898	847A	Madat	5.00	0.72	Not Felled
899	847B	Madat	5.00	0.64	Not Felled
900	848	Kindal	4.00	0.55	Not Felled
901	849A	Mango	7.00	1.28	Not Felled
902	849B	Mango	4.00	0.82	Not Felled
903	850	Kindal	4.00	0.94	Not Felled
904	851	Kindal	4.00	0.42	Not Felled
905	852	Kuda	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
906	853	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
907	854	Kindal	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
908	855	Jangali	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
909	856	Kindal	7.00	1.04	Not Felled
910	857A	Kuda	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
911	857B	Kuda	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
912	858	Kindal	5.00	0.79	Not Felled
913	859	Kuda	2.00	0.37	Not Felled
914	860	Kindal	4.00	0.84	Not Felled
915	861	Kindal	4.00	0.68	Not Felled
916	862	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
917	863	Kindal	5.00	0.85	Not Felled
918	864	Kindal	4.00	0.48	Not Felled
919	865	Chanado	3.00	0.39	Not Felled
920	866	Kindal	4.00	0.64	Not Felled
921	867	Bhirand	3.00	0.49	Not Felled
922	868	Jambo	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
923	869	Kuda	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
924	870	Salay	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
925	871	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
926	872	Kuda	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
927	873	Kuda	3.00	0.47	Not Felled
928	874	Kindal	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
929	875	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
930	876	Kindal	7.00	1.00	Not Felled
931	877	Kindal	2.00	0.32	Not Felled

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932	878	Kuda	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
933	879	Kuda	3.00	0.42	Not Felled
934	880	Kindal	5.00	0.97	Not Felled
935	881	Chanado	7.00	1.40	Not Felled
936	882	Kindal	5.00	0.46	Not Felled
937	883	Jambo	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
938	884A	Kindal	6.00	0.82	Not Felled
939	884B	Kindal	4.00	0.55	Not Felled
940	884C	Kindal	3.00	0.42	Not Felled
941	885	Kuda	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
942	886	Kindal	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
943	887	Kindal	4.00	0.49	Not Felled
944	888	Kuda	2.00	0.37	Not Felled
945	889	Aakasiya	6.00	0.79	Not Felled
946	890	Mango	7.00	1.09	Not Felled
947	891	Kindal	4.00	0.55	Not Felled
948	892	Kindal	3.00	0.61	Not Felled
949	893A	Aakasiya	7.00	1.12	Not Felled
950	893B	Aakasiya	7.00	0.97	Not Felled
951	894	Nano	6.00	1.01	Not Felled
952	895	Kuda	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
953	896	Kindal	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
954	897	Kindal	3.00	0.37	Not Felled
955	898	Kindal	4.00	0.70	Not Felled
956	899	Kindal	5.00	0.70	Not Felled
957	900	Kindal	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
958	901	Kindal	5.00	1.02	Not Felled
959	902	Jambo	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
960	903	Salay	5.00	0.81	Not Felled
961	904	Chanado	8.00	1.20	Not Felled
962	905	Jangali	4.00	0.85	Not Felled
963	906	Karmal	7.00	0.80	Not Felled
964	907	Jambo	5.00	0.63	Not Felled
965	908	Nano	7.00	1.18	Not Felled
966	909	Jambo	4.00	0.75	Not Felled
967	910	Ghotting	6.00	0.77	Not Felled

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968	911	Mango	5.00	0.89	Not Felled
969	912	Daban	8.00	1.22	Not Felled
970	913	Kindal	3.00	0.47	Not Felled
971	914	Kindal	3.00	0.41	Not Felled
972	915	Daban	6.00	0.92	Not Felled
973	916	Jangali	3.00	0.39	Not Felled
974	917	Kuda	4.00	0.73	Not Felled
975	918	Chanado	4.00	0.86	Not Felled
976	919	Kuda	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
977	920	Kuda	3.00	0.47	Not Felled
978	921	Kuda	3.00	0.48	Not Felled
979	922	Kindal	8.00	1.50	Not Felled
980	923	Chanado	7.00	1.00	Not Felled
981	924	Chanado	5.00	0.63	Not Felled
982	925	Kuda	4.00	0.50	Not Felled
983	926	Kindal	10.00	1.85	Not Felled
984	927	Moi	2.00	0.43	Not Felled
985	928	Moi	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
986	929	Bilimora	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
987	930	Sagon	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
988	931	Bhirand	4.00	0.43	Not Felled
989	932	Kindal	3.00	0.37	Not Felled
990	933	Jangali	2.00	0.37	Not Felled
991	934	Bhedas	7.00	0.97	Not Felled
992	935	Madat	5.00	0.70	Not Felled
993	936	Kindal	5.00	0.64	Not Felled
994	937	Kindal	3.00	0.41	Not Felled
995	938	Kindal	6.00	0.74	Not Felled
996	939	Madat	6.00	0.95	Not Felled
997	940	Kaju	4.00	1.24	Not Felled
998	941	Nano	7.00	0.96	Not Felled
999	942	Kumbyo	4.00	0.81	Not Felled
1000	943	Nano	5.00	0.68	Not Felled
1001	944A	Salay	4.00	0.78	Not Felled
1002	944B	Salay	4.00	0.58	Not Felled
1003	945A	Kindal	4.00	0.90	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA GOA

1004	945B	Kindal	4.00	0.54	Not Felled
1005	946	Kindal	3.00	0.91	Not Felled
1006	947	Jangali	3.00	0.42	Not Felled
1007	948A	Kindal	10.00	1.04	Not Felled
1008	948B	Kindal	9.00	0.98	Not Felled
1009	948C	Kindal	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
1010	949	Kindal	10.00	0.98	Not Felled
1011	950	Kindal	10.00	1.02	Not Felled
1012	951	Jambo	5.00	0.72	Not Felled
1013	952	Kindal	7.00	1.01	Not Felled
1014	953	Kuda	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
1015	954	Kuda	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
1016	955	Kuda	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
1017	956	Kuda	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
1018	957	Aakasiya	3.00	0.42	Not Felled
1019	958	Mango	7.00	1.14	Not Felled
1020	959	Kindal	5.00	0.96	Not Felled
1021	960	Kindal	8.00	1.12	Not Felled
1022	961	Ghotting	10.00	1.51	Not Felled
1023	962	Jangali	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1024	963	Kuda	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
1025	964	Chanado	4.00	0.63	Not Felled
1026	965	Chanado	5.00	0.43	Not Felled
1027	966	Chanado	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
1028	967	Kindal	4.00	0.53	Not Felled
1029	968	Kindal	6.00	0.76	Not Felled
1030	969	Bibo	6.00	0.76	Not Felled
1031	970	Chanado	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1032	971	katekawach	6.00	0.87	Not Felled
1033	972	Kindal	3.00	0.47	Not Felled
1034	973	Kindal	6.00	0.80	Not Felled
1035	974	Mango	10.00	1.12	Not Felled
1036	975	Kindal	5.00	0.73	Not Felled
1037	976	Mango	5.00	0.47	Not Felled
1038	977	Kindal	5.00	0.55	Not Felled
1039	978	Mango	10.00	1.81	Not Felled

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PONDA-GOA

1040	979	Kindal	8.00	0.90	Not Felled
1041	980	Jambo	5.00	0.68	Not Felled
1042	981	Jambo	5.00	0.80	Not Felled
1043	982	Kindal	6.00	0.80	Not Felled
1044	983	Kuda	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
1045	984A	Kindal	6.00	0.73	Not Felled
1046	984B	Kindal	6.00	0.64	Not Felled
1047	985	Jambo	4.00	0.61	Not Felled
1048	986A	Kindal	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
1049	986B	Kindal	3.00	0.44	Not Felled
1050	987	Kindal	5.00	0.65	Not Felled
1051	988	Bhedas	6.00	0.35	Not Felled
1052	989	Bibo	4.00	0.55	Not Felled
1053	990	Kindal	7.00	1.13	Not Felled
1054	991	Bhedas	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
1055	992	Bhedas	3.00	0.33	Not Felled
1056	993	Kindal	10.00	1.60	Not Felled
1057	994	Kuda	4.00	0.57	Not Felled
1058	995	Kindal	5.00	0.66	Not Felled
1059	996	Kindal	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
1060	997	Salay	3.00	0.41	Not Felled
1061	998	Kindal	10.00	1.07	Not Felled
1062	999	Madat	8.00	1.22	Not Felled
1063	1000	Mango	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
1064	1001	Kuda	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
1065	1002	Kindal	12.00	1.34	Not Felled
1066	1003	Jack Fruit	10.00	1.29	Not Felled
1067	1004	Kuda	3.00	0.35	Not Felled
1068	1005	Kuda	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
1069	1006	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1070	1007	Kuda	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
1071	1008	Jambo	4.00	0.62	Not Felled
1072	1009	Kuda	3.00	0.42	Not Felled
1073	1010A	Kindal	6.00	0.80	Not Felled
1074	1010B	Kindal	5.00	0.58	Not Felled
1075	1011	Kindal	6.00	1.34	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
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1076	1012	Kuda	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
1077	1013	Kuda	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
1078	1014	Kuda	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
1079	1015	Madat	4.00	0.63	Not Felled
1080	1016	Kuda	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
1081	1017	Madat	4.00	1.29	Not Felled
1082	1018	Bilimora	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1083	1019	Bayo	4.00	0.46	Not Felled
1084	1020	Kumbyo	3.00	0.35	Not Felled
1085	1021	Jambo	4.00	0.55	Not Felled
1086	1022	Kindal	7.00	0.77	Not Felled
1087	1023	Jambo	10.00	1.00	Not Felled
1088	1024	Madat	5.00	0.82	Not Felled
1089	1025	Kumbyo	5.00	0.85	Not Felled
1090	1026	Kuda	3.00	0.42	Not Felled
1091	1027	Kindal	5.00	0.84	Not Felled
1092	1028	Bibo	6.00	0.82	Not Felled
1093	1029	Kuda	4.00	0.36	Not Felled
1094	1030	Kindal	9.00	1.40	Not Felled
1095	1031	Jambo	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
1096	1032	Bhirand	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
1097	1033	Jangali	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1098	1034	Jambo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1099	1035	Madat	10.00	1.43	Not Felled
1100	1036	Kuda	3.00	0.36	Not Felled
1101	1037	Chanado	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
1102	1038	Kuda	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
1103	1039	Bibo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1104	1040	Mango	5.00	0.63	Not Felled
1105	1041A	Kindal	10.00	1.04	Not Felled
1106	1041B	Kindal	5.00	0.97	Not Felled
1107	1041C	Kindal	3.00	0.70	Not Felled
1108	1042	Kuda	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
1109	1043	Chanado	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
1110	1044	Bhirand	4.00	0.70	Not Felled
1111	1045	Kindal	10.00	1.06	Not Felled

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1112	1046	Jambo	10.00	1.15	Not Felled
1113	1047	Nano	10.00	1.14	Not Felled
1114	1048	Kindal	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1115	1049	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1116	1050	Bhirand	3.00	0.39	Not Felled
1117	1051	Kindal	5.00	0.84	Not Felled
1118	1052	Kindal	6.00	0.96	Not Felled
1119	1053	Kuda	4.00	0.48	Not Felled
1120	1054	Kindal	7.00	0.83	Not Felled
1121	1055	Chanado	7.00	1.08	Not Felled
1122	1056	Kindal	8.00	0.99	Not Felled
1123	1057	Kindal	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
1124	1058	Jambo	5.00	0.81	Not Felled
1125	1059	Hiraiya	10.00	1.56	Not Felled
1126	1060	Salay	8.00	1.36	Not Felled
1127	1061	Kumbyo	6.00	0.88	Not Felled
1128	1062	Nano	8.00	0.90	Not Felled
1129	1063	Jambo	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
1130	1064	Kindal	8.00	1.21	Not Felled
1131	1065	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1132	1066	Nano	7.00	0.97	Not Felled
1133	1067	Kindal	5.00	0.81	Not Felled
1134	1068	Kuda	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
1135	1069	Jambo	6.00	0.95	Not Felled
1136	1070	Kuda	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
1137	1071	Kindal	4.00	0.54	Not Felled
1138	1072A	Kindal	5.00	0.80	Not Felled
1139	1072B	Kindal	5.00	0.77	Not Felled
1140	1072C	Kindal	5.00	0.76	Not Felled
1141	1072D	Kindal	5.00	0.70	Not Felled
1142	1073	Jambo	4.00	0.51	Not Felled
1143	1074	Kindal	8.00	1.13	Not Felled
1144	1075A	Kindal	5.00	0.74	Not Felled
1145	1075B	Kindal	4.00	0.57	Not Felled
1146	1076	Kumbyo	3.00	1.00	Not Felled
1147	1077	Jambo	5.00	0.93	Not Felled

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1148	1078	Nano	6.00	0.60	Not Felled
1149	1079	Kindal	5.00	0.56	Not Felled
1150	1080	Kumbyo	5.00	0.76	Not Felled
1151	1081	Bayo	7.00	0.80	Not Felled
1152	1082	Madat	6.00	0.80	Not Felled
1153	1083	Kindal	4.00	0.58	Not Felled
1154	1084	Bhirand	10.00	1.19	Not Felled
1155	1085	Ghotting	10.00	1.55	Not Felled
1156	1086	Bhirand	5.00	0.58	Not Felled
1157	1087	Kindal	7.00	1.25	Not Felled
1158	1088A	Kindal	5.00	0.74	Not Felled
1159	1088B	Kindal	5.00	0.70	Not Felled
1160	1089	Madat	7.00	1.15	Not Felled
1161	1090	Kindal	8.00	0.95	Not Felled
1162	1091	Kindal	4.00	0.45	Not Felled
1163	1092	Moi	6.00	0.73	Not Felled
1164	1093	Bhedas	4.00	0.64	Not Felled
1165	1094	Kindal	4.00	0.53	Not Felled
1166	1095	Kumbyo	5.00	0.62	Not Felled
1167	1096	Nano	5.00	0.54	Not Felled
1168	1097	Nano	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1169	1098	Kindal	4.00	0.53	Not Felled
1170	1099	Kindal	6.00	0.75	Not Felled
1171	1100	Bhedas	6.00	0.72	Not Felled
1172	1101	Ved	4.00	0.70	Not Felled
1173	1102	Nano	8.00	0.77	Not Felled
1174	1103	Kindal	8.00	0.92	Not Felled
1175	1104	Jambo	5.00	0.70	Not Felled
1176	1105	Kindal	5.00	0.58	Not Felled
1177	1106	Jambo	4.00	0.57	Not Felled
1178	1107	Kindal	7.00	1.15	Not Felled
1179	1108	Kumbyo	6.00	0.81	Not Felled
1180	1109	Kuda	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
1181	1110	Kuda	2.00	0.41	Not Felled
1182	1111	Jambo	2.00	0.47	Not Felled
1183	1112	Kindal	4.00	0.84	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

1184	1113	Kumbyo	3.00	0.39	Not Felled
1185	1114	Madat	5.00	1.04	Not Felled
1186	1115	Kindal	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
1187	1116	Jambo	3.00	1.60	Not Felled
1188	1117	Kindal	8.00	1.26	Not Felled
1189	1118	Jambo	7.00	0.95	Not Felled
1190	1119	Kindal	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
1191	1120	Kindal	7.00	0.51	Not Felled
1192	1121	Nano	7.00	0.62	Not Felled
1193	1122	Madat	6.00	1.35	Not Felled
1194	1123	Nano	7.00	1.02	Not Felled
1195	1124A	Bhedas	7.00	1.08	Not Felled
1196	1124B	Bhedas	7.00	0.77	Not Felled
1197	1125A	Kindal	6.00	0.79	Not Felled
1198	1125B	Kindal	6.00	0.64	Not Felled
1199	1126	Madat	7.00	1.30	Not Felled
1200	1127	Kumbyo	6.00	0.86	Not Felled
1201	1128	Kindal	6.00	0.75	Not Felled
1202	1129	Daban	5.00	0.72	Not Felled
1203	1130	Kindal	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
1204	1131	Salay	6.00	0.72	Not Felled
1205	1132	Kindal	5.00	0.62	Not Felled
1206	1133	Nano	10.00	2.50	Not Felled
1207	1134	Kindal	6.00	0.84	Not Felled
1208	1135	Kuda	3.00	0.42	Not Felled
1209	1136	Kindal	7.00	0.87	Not Felled
1210	1137	Salay	5.00	0.67	Not Felled
1211	1138	Kasam	4.00	0.49	Not Felled
1212	1139	Jangali	3.00	0.55	Not Felled
1213	1140	Daban	10.00	1.11	Not Felled
1214	1141	Kindal	8.00	1.15	Not Felled
1215	1142	Mango	10.00	1.38	Not Felled
1216	1143	Kindal	7.00	1.11	Not Felled
1217	1144	Bhedas	10.00	3.26	Not Felled
1218	1145	Kumbyo	6.00	1.39	Not Felled
1219	1146	Kindal	5.00	0.66	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS

1220	1147	Bayo	7.00	0.80	Not Felled
1221	1148	Kindal	4.00	0.69	Not Felled
1222	1149	Kindal	4.00	0.52	Not Felled
1223	1150A	Kindal	5.00	0.70	Not Felled
1224	1150B	Kindal	4.00	0.59	Not Felled
1225	1151	Bibo	4.00	0.44	Not Felled
1226	1152	Salay	5.00	0.79	Not Felled
1227	1153	Kindal	9.00	0.92	Not Felled
1228	1154	Kindal	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
1229	1155	Moi	7.00	1.26	Not Felled
1230	1156	Siras	6.00	0.94	Not Felled
1231	1157	Kuda	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
1232	1158	Jambo	3.00	0.74	Not Felled
1233	1159	Madat	5.00	0.80	Not Felled
1234	1160	Chanado	4.00	0.68	Not Felled
1235	1161	Kindal	10.00	0.90	Not Felled
1236	1162	Kuda	3.00	0.54	Not Felled
1237	1163	Kuda	3.00	0.35	Not Felled
1238	1164	Kindal	4.00	0.56	Not Felled
1239	1165	Kindal	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1240	1166	Kuda	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
1241	1167A	Kindal	4.00	0.66	Not Felled
1242	1167B	Kindal	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
1243	1167C	Kindal	3.00	0.48	Not Felled
1244	1168	Kindal	5.00	0.65	Not Felled
1245	1169	Kindal	3.00	0.33	Not Felled
1246	1170	Kindal	5.00	0.71	Not Felled
1247	1171	Salay	8.00	1.13	Not Felled
1248	1172	Kuda	3.00	0.39	Not Felled
1249	1173	Kuda	3.00	0.52	Not Felled
1250	1174	Kindal	4.00	0.48	Not Felled
1251	1175	Ghotting	4.00	0.56	Not Felled
1252	1176A	Kuda	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
1253	1176B	Kuda	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
1254	1177	Salay	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
1255	1178	Kindal	4.00	0.49	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS

1256	1179	Nano	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1257	1180	Kindal	5.00	0.74	Not Felled
1258	1181	Kindal	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1259	1182	Kindal	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
1260	1183	Kaju	3.00	0.57	Not Felled
1261	1184	Kindal	3.00	0.42	Not Felled
1262	1185	Nano	3.00	0.42	Not Felled
1263	1186	Kindal	5.00	0.65	Not Felled
1264	1187	Salay	3.00	0.36	Not Felled
1265	1188	Kindal	5.00	0.85	Not Felled
1266	1189	Jambo	4.00	0.62	Not Felled
1267	1190	Chanado	4.00	0.42	Not Felled
1268	1191	Jambo	3.00	0.85	Not Felled
1269	1192A	Kindal	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
1270	1192B	Kindal	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1271	1193A	Kindal	5.00	0.58	Not Felled
1272	1193B	Kindal	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
1273	1194	Kindal	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
1274	1195	Bibo	3.00	0.31	Not Felled
1275	1196A	Madat	5.00	0.54	Not Felled
1276	1196B	Madat	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
1277	1197	Chanado	4.00	0.46	Not Felled
1278	1198	Chanado	5.00	0.59	Not Felled
1279	1199	Kindal	4.00	0.44	Not Felled
1280	1200	Kindal	7.00	0.90	Not Felled
1281	1201	Kindal	7.00	0.90	Not Felled
1282	1202A	Kindal	4.00	0.51	Not Felled
1283	1202B	Kindal	4.00	0.50	Not Felled
1284	1203	Kindal	0.50	0.76	Not Felled
1285	1204	Kumbyo	4.00	0.45	Not Felled
1286	1205	Kindal	3.00	0.32	Not Felled
1287	1206	Jangali	3.00	0.35	Not Felled
1288	1207	Kindal	5.00	0.70	Not Felled
1289	1208	Jangali	3.00	0.33	Not Felled
1290	1209	Kindal	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
1291	1210	Kumbyo	4.00	0.42	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

1292	1211	Chanado	5.00	0.64	Not Felled
1293	1212	Kindal	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
1294	1213	Kindal	4.00	0.56	Not Felled
1295	1214	Kuda	3.00	0.36	Not Felled
1296	1215	Kindal	3.00	0.73	Not Felled
1297	1216A	Salay	3.00	0.44	Not Felled
1298	1216B	Salay	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
1299	1216C	Salay	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
1300	1217	Chanado	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
1301	1218	Salay	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1302	1219	Kindal	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1303	1220	Kindal	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
1304	1221	Kindal	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1305	1222	Aakasiya	6.00	0.68	Not Felled
1306	1223	Kindal	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1307	1224	Kuda	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
1308	1225	Chanado	3.00	0.80	Not Felled
1309	1226	Kindal	3.00	0.70	Not Felled
1310	1227	Kuda	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
1311	1228A	Kindal	4.00	0.45	Not Felled
1312	1228B	Kindal	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
1313	1229	Aakasiya	7.00	1.03	Not Felled
1314	1230	Kaju	5.00	0.97	Not Felled
1315	1231	Kindal	4.00	0.87	Not Felled
1316	1232	Ghotting	3.00	0.44	Not Felled
1317	1233	Huro	3.00	0.33	Not Felled
1318	1234	Chanado	4.00	0.49	Not Felled
1319	1235	Kindal	5.00	0.82	Not Felled
1320	1236A	Kindal	5.00	0.73	Not Felled
1321	1236B	Kindal	5.00	0.65	Not Felled
1322	1237	Kindal	5.00	0.87	Not Felled
1323	1238	Kindal	3.00	0.42	Not Felled
1324	1239	Kindal	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
1325	1240	Salay	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1326	1241	Siras	3.00	0.35	Not Felled
1327	1242A	Siras	4.00	0.66	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

1328	1242B	Siras	3.00	0.54	Not Felled
1329	1243A	Kuda	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
1330	1243B	Kuda	3.00	0.33	Not Felled
1331	1244	Jangali	3.00	0.60	Not Felled
1332	1245	Siras	3.00	0.42	Not Felled
1333	1246	Siras	4.00	0.63	Not Felled
1334	1247	Kindal	5.00	0.78	Not Felled
1335	1248	Kindal	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
1336	1249	Chanado	5.00	0.56	Not Felled
1337	1250	Kuda	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1338	1251	Nano	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
1339	1252	Kindal	3.00	0.66	Not Felled
1340	1253	Kindal	4.00	0.62	Not Felled
1341	1254	Kindal	3.00	0.37	Not Felled
1342	1255	Chanado	4.00	0.46	Not Felled
1343	1256	Salay	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1344	1257	Kindal	3.00	0.36	Not Felled
1345	1258	Kumbyo	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
1346	1259	Kumbyo	4.00	0.38	Not Felled
1347	1260	Kindal	4.00	0.42	Not Felled
1348	1261	Chanado	4.00	0.36	Not Felled
1349	1262	Chanado	4.00	0.62	Not Felled
1350	1263	Kaju	3.00	0.52	Not Felled
1351	1264	Kumbyo	3.00	0.39	Not Felled
1352	1265	Kaju	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
1353	1266	Chanado	3.00	0.33	Not Felled
1354	1267	Kaju	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
1355	1268	Kumbyo	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
1356	1269	Kindal	3.00	0.41	Not Felled
1357	1270	Bibo	4.00	0.46	Not Felled
1358	1271	Kumbyo	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
1359	1272	Kumbyo	3.00	0.32	Not Felled
1360	1273	Kindal	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
1361	1274	Kindal	5.00	0.67	Not Felled
1362	1275	Kindal	5.00	0.63	Not Felled
1363	1276	Kaju	3.00	0.46	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

1364	1277	Chanado	3.00	0.37	Not Felled
1365	1278	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1366	1279	Kindal	3.00	0.32	Not Felled
1367	1280	Kindal	4.00	0.50	Not Felled
1368	1281	Kindal	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
1369	1282	Kaju	3.00	0.42	Not Felled
1370	1283	Kumbyo	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
1371	1284A	Kindal	4.00	0.49	Not Felled
1372	1284B	Kindal	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
1373	1284C	Kindal	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
1374	1285	Chanado	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
1375	1286	Salay	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1376	1287	Kuda	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
1377	1288	Kumbyo	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
1378	1289	Chanado	5.00	0.63	Not Felled
1379	1290	kesari	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
1380	1291	Kindal	4.00	0.55	Not Felled
1381	1292	Salay	3.00	0.33	Not Felled
1382	1293	Kindal	5.00	0.72	Not Felled
1383	1294	Kaju	4.00	0.41	Not Felled
1384	1295	Nano	3.00	0.42	Not Felled
1385	1296	Kindal	4.00	0.57	Not Felled
1386	1297	Kindal	5.00	0.53	Not Felled
1387	1298	Kindal	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
1388	1299	Bhirand	5.00	0.88	Not Felled
1389	1300	Kindal	5.00	0.84	Not Felled
1390	1301	Kindal	5.00	0.74	Not Felled
1391	1302	Kuda	3.00	0.37	Not Felled
1392	1303	Kindal	5.00	0.77	Not Felled
1393	1304	Kuda	3.00	0.36	Not Felled
1394	1305	Kindal	5.00	0.68	Not Felled
1395	1306	Kindal	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
1396	1307	Aakasiya	2.00	0.67	Not Felled
1397	1308	Aakasiya	7.00	0.94	Not Felled
1398	1309	Kindal	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
1399	1310	Kindal	3.00	0.30	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

1400	1311	Kindal	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1401	1312	Kindal	4.00	0.47	Not Felled
1402	1313	Kindal	4.00	0.53	Not Felled
1403	1314A	Kindal	5.00	0.85	Not Felled
1404	1314B	Kindal	5.00	0.80	Not Felled
1405	1315	Kindal	3.00	0.41	Not Felled
1406	1316	Chanado	4.00	0.48	Not Felled
1407	1317	Kindal	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
1408	1318	Kindal	4.00	0.40	Not Felled
1409	1319	Aakasiya	8.00	1.13	Not Felled
1410	1320	Jambo	5.00	0.56	Not Felled
1411	1321	Kindal	4.00	0.43	Not Felled
1412	1322	Kindal	6.00	0.66	Not Felled
1413	1323	Aakasiya	7.00	0.63	Not Felled
1414	1324	Aakasiya	8.00	0.64	Not Felled
1415	1325	Aakasiya	9.00	1.02	Not Felled
1416	1326	Aakasiya	8.00	0.83	Not Felled
1417	1327	Aakasiya	8.00	0.89	Not Felled
1418	1328	Chanado	6.00	0.76	Not Felled
1419	1329	Kindal	6.00	0.72	Not Felled
1420	1330	Aakasiya	6.00	0.73	Not Felled
1421	1331	Kindal	3.00	0.37	Not Felled
1422	1332	Kindal	5.00	0.64	Not Felled
1423	1333	Kindal	5.00	0.52	Not Felled
1424	1334	Kindal	5.00	0.71	Not Felled
1425	1335A	Kuda	4.00	0.41	Not Felled
1426	1335B	Kuda	4.00	0.40	Not Felled
1427	1336	Kindal	5.00	0.58	Not Felled
1428	1337	Ghotting	10.00	1.23	Not Felled
1429	1338	Jambo	5.00	0.56	Not Felled
1430	1339	Jambo	4.00	0.50	Not Felled
1431	1340	Aakasiya	8.00	0.74	Not Felled
1432	1341	Aakasiya	6.00	0.47	Not Felled
1433	1342	Aakasiya	8.00	0.79	Not Felled
1434	1343	Kuda	4.00	0.49	Not Felled
1435	1344	Kuda	3.00	0.38	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

1436	1345	Kindal	5.00	0.77	Not Felled
1437	1346A	Kindal	5.00	0.65	Not Felled
1438	1346B	Kindal	4.00	0.43	Not Felled
1439	1347	Aakasiya	6.00	0.52	Not Felled
1440	1348	Kuda	3.00	0.47	Not Felled
1441	1349	Karo	5.00	0.55	Not Felled
1442	1350	Kindal	6.00	0.86	Not Felled
1443	1351	Kindal	5.00	0.71	Not Felled
1444	1352	Kindal	4.00	0.65	Not Felled
1445	1353	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1446	1354A	Kindal	4.00	0.52	Not Felled
1447	1354B	Kindal	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
1448	1355	Kindal	4.00	0.41	Not Felled
1449	1356	Kindal	5.00	0.59	Not Felled
1450	1357	Bhedas	5.00	0.64	Not Felled
1451	1358	Bhedas	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1452	1359	Kindal	6.00	0.82	Not Felled
1453	1360	Kindal	3.00	0.35	Not Felled
1454	1361	Kindal	3.00	0.32	Not Felled
1455	1362	Kindal	3.00	0.33	Not Felled
1456	1363	Kumbyo	4.00	0.44	Not Felled
1457	1364	Nano	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1458	1365	Kindal	4.00	0.56	Not Felled
1459	1366	Kindal	4.00	0.59	Not Felled
1460	1367A	Kindal	4.00	0.48	Not Felled
1461	1367B	Kindal	4.00	0.47	Not Felled
1462	1368	Nano	7.00	0.56	Not Felled
1463	1369	Kindal	4.00	0.76	Not Felled
1464	1370	Nano	4.00	0.50	Not Felled
1465	1371	Kuda	3.00	0.32	Not Felled
1466	1372	Kindal	3.00	0.59	Not Felled
1467	1373	Jambo	3.00	0.37	Not Felled
1468	1374	Jambo	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
1469	1375	Kindal	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
1470	1376	Ghotting	8.00	0.88	Not Felled
1471	1377	Kindal	6.00	0.70	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

1472	1378	Nano	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
1473	1379	Bibo	5.00	0.60	Not Felled
1474	1380	Kuda	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1475	1381	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1476	1382	Nano	4.00	0.38	Not Felled
1477	1383	Kaju	4.00	0.43	Not Felled
1478	1384	Salay	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1479	1385	Chanado	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1480	1386	Kindal	3.00	0.37	Not Felled
1481	1387	Kindal	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
1482	1388	Jangali	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1483	1389	Kuda	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
1484	1390	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1485	1391	Chanado	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1486	1392	Kindal	3.00	0.37	Not Felled
1487	1393	Kindal	4.00	0.50	Not Felled
1488	1394	Chanado	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1489	1395	Kindal	3.00	0.55	Not Felled
1490	1396	Apto	2.00	0.45	Not Felled
1491	1397	Kindal	3.00	0.61	Not Felled
1492	1398	Husak	4.00	0.68	Not Felled
1493	1399	Salay	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
1494	1400	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1495	1401	Aakasiya	5.00	0.57	Not Felled
1496	1402	Kindal	3.00	0.37	Not Felled
1497	1403	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1498	1404	Salay	3.00	0.54	Not Felled
1499	1405	Kindal	7.00	1.24	Not Felled
1500	1406	Bhedas	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
1501	1407	Kaju	3.00	0.56	Not Felled
1502	1408	Nano	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
1503	1409	Kindal	2.00	0.39	Not Felled
1504	1410A	Kindal	4.00	0.57	Not Felled
1505	1410B	Kindal	4.00	0.54	Not Felled
1506	1411	Kindal	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
1507	1412	Kindal	3.00	0.47	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

1508	1413	Kuda	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
1509	1414	Kuda	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
1510	1415	Kindal	5.00	0.64	Not Felled
1511	1416	Kuda	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
1512	1417	Bhedas	4.00	0.45	Not Felled
1513	1418A	Kumbyo	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
1514	1418B	Kumbyo	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
1515	1419	Bhedas	4.00	0.57	Not Felled
1516	1420	Aakasiya	4.00	0.68	Not Felled
1517	1421	Kaju	3.00	0.56	Not Felled
1518	1422	Mango	3.00	0.39	Not Felled
1519	1423	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1520	1424	Mango	5.00	0.66	Not Felled
1521	1425	Mango	4.00	0.57	Not Felled
1522	1426	Kindal	4.00	0.62	Not Felled
1523	1427	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1524	1428	Kindal	3.00	0.58	Not Felled
1525	1429	Jack fruit	6.00	1.00	Not Felled
1526	1430	Bhedas	6.00	1.17	Not Felled
1527	1431A	Kindal	8.00	0.95	Not Felled
1528	1431B	Kindal	5.00	0.58	Not Felled
1529	1432A	Kindal	5.00	0.75	Not Felled
1530	1432B	Kindal	4.00	0.55	Not Felled
1531	1433	Kumbyo	3.00	0.67	Not Felled
1532	1434A	Kindal	4.00	0.75	Not Felled
1533	1434B	Kindal	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
1534	1435	Bibo	4.00	0.85	Not Felled
1535	1436	Kindal	3.00	0.42	Not Felled
1536	1437	Kindal	3.00	0.48	Not Felled
1537	1438A	Kindal	6.00	1.08	Not Felled
1538	1438B	Kindal	5.00	0.80	Not Felled
1539	1439	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1540	1440	Kuda	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
1541	1441	Kindal	5.00	0.70	Not Felled
1542	1442	Bhedas	3.00	0.42	Not Felled
1543	1443	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

1544	1444	Aakasiya	7.00	1.07	Not Felled
1545	1445	Aakasiya	7.00	1.45	Not Felled
1546	1446	Kuda	4.00	0.37	Not Felled
1547	1447	Aakasiya	10.00	1.20	Not Felled
1548	1448	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1549	1449	Aakasiya	6.00	0.86	Not Felled
1550	1450	Kindal	4.00	0.82	Not Felled
1551	1451	Kindal	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
1552	1452	Bhedas	4.00	0.43	Not Felled
1553	1453	Kindal	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
1554	1454	Bhedas	5.00	1.50	Not Felled
1555	1455	Bibo	4.00	0.42	Not Felled
1556	1456	Kaju	4.00	0.48	Not Felled
1557	1457	Bhedas	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
1558	1458	Mango	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1559	1459	Kuda	2.00	0.37	Not Felled
1560	1460	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1561	1461	Kindal	6.00	0.79	Not Felled
1562	1462	Nano	4.00	0.51	Not Felled
1563	1463	Bhirand	6.00	1.28	Not Felled
1564	1464	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1565	1465	Kuda	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
1566	1466	Mango	12.00	1.34	Not Felled
1567	1467	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1568	1468	Kindal	5.00	0.43	Not Felled
1569	1469	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1570	1470	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1571	1471	Salay	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
1572	1472	Aakasiya	6.00	0.60	Not Felled
1573	1473	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1574	1474	Aakasiya	7.00	0.70	Not Felled
1575	1475	Aakasiya	7.00	0.74	Not Felled
1576	1476	Bhedas	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1577	1477	Aakasiya	4.00	0.32	Not Felled
1578	1478	Bhedas	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1579	1479	Bhedas	3.00	0.48	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

1580	1480	Mango	10.00	1.63	Not Felled
1581	1481	Kindal	6.00	0.71	Not Felled
1582	1482	Aakasiya	5.00	0.80	Not Felled
1583	1483	Bhedas	4.00	0.38	Not Felled
1584	1484	Kuda	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
1585	1485	Kindal	6.00	0.62	Not Felled
1586	1486	Aakasiya	6.00	0.65	Not Felled
1587	1487	Kindal	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
1588	1488	Kindal	3.00	0.47	Not Felled
1589	1489	Kuda	3.00	0.33	Not Felled
1590	1490A	Kindal	4.00	0.61	Not Felled
1591	1490B	Kindal	4.00	0.58	Not Felled
1592	1491	Kindal	3.00	0.44	Not Felled
1593	1492	Kindal	5.00	0.66	Not Felled
1594	1493	Kindal	5.00	0.83	Not Felled
1595	1494	Kindal	4.00	0.69	Not Felled
1596	1495	Kindal	4.00	0.68	Not Felled
1597	1496	Kindal	3.00	0.41	Not Felled
1598	1497	Jangali	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
1599	1498	Amrud	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1600	1499	Aakasiya	7.00	0.70	Not Felled
1601	1500	Salay	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1602	1501	Aakasiya	7.00	0.77	Not Felled
1603	1502	Aakasiya	10.00	0.82	Not Felled
1604	1503	Salay	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1605	1504	Aakasiya	5.00	0.48	Not Felled
1606	1505	Kindal	5.00	0.68	Not Felled
1607	1506	Salay	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
1608	1507	Bhedas	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1609	1508	Aakasiya	8.00	0.81	Not Felled
1610	1509	Kindal	5.00	0.56	Not Felled
1611	1510	Kindal	6.00	0.62	Not Felled
1612	1511	Peru	2.00	0.47	Not Felled
1613	1512	Kudo	2.00	0.47	Not Felled
1614	1513	Bhedas	4.00	0.35	Not Felled
1615	1514	Bhedas	2.00	0.33	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS

1616	1515	Bhedas	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
1617	1516	Kindal	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
1618	1517	Peru	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1619	1518	Kindal	4.00	0.42	Not Felled
1620	1519	Kindal	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
1621	1520	Kindal	4.00	0.46	Not Felled
1622	1521	Kaju	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
1623	1522	Jangali	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1624	1523	Kindal	6.00	0.63	Not Felled
1625	1524	Kindal	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1626	1525	Kindal	4.00	0.40	Not Felled
1627	1526	Kindal	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1628	1527	Madat	3.00	0.48	Not Felled
1629	1528	Bhedas	3.00	0.35	Not Felled
1630	1529	Kindal	7.00	1.00	Not Felled
1631	1530	Salay	3.00	0.35	Not Felled
1632	1531	Kindal	3.00	0.36	Not Felled
1633	1532	Kindal	5.00	0.63	Not Felled
1634	1533	Bhedas	5.00	0.65	Not Felled
1635	1534	Bhedas	3.00	0.52	Not Felled
1636	1535	Salay	4.00	0.53	Not Felled
1637	1536	Kindal	5.00	0.50	Not Felled
1638	1537	Kindal	3.00	0.31	Not Felled
1639	1538	Jangali	3.00	0.35	Not Felled
1640	1539	Bhedas	4.00	0.43	Not Felled
1641	1540	Ghotting	6.00	0.94	Not Felled
1642	1541	Kindal	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
1643	1542	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1644	1543	Kindal	4.00	0.54	Not Felled
1645	1544	Kindal	3.00	0.36	Not Felled
1646	1545	Bhedas	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
1647	1546	Bhedas	3.00	0.41	Not Felled
1648	1547	Kindal	3.00	0.36	Not Felled
1649	1548	Salay	4.00	0.48	Not Felled
1650	1549	Kindal	6.00	0.74	Not Felled
1651	1550	Salay	3.00	0.42	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS

1652	1551	Kindal	4.00	0.47	Not Felled
1653	1552	Jambo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1654	1553	Kindal	5.00	0.54	Not Felled
1655	1554	Salay	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1656	1555	Jambo	4.00	0.47	Not Felled
1657	1556A	Kindal	4.00	0.44	Not Felled
1658	1556B	Kindal	4.00	0.40	Not Felled
1659	1557	Salay	4.00	0.44	Not Felled
1660	1558	Chanado	3.00	0.31	Not Felled
1661	1559	Aakasiya	6.00	0.82	Not Felled
1662	1560	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1663	1561	Kindal	5.00	0.74	Not Felled
1664	1562	Salay	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
1665	1563	Kindal	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
1666	1564	Kaju	2.00	0.62	Not Felled
1667	1565	Kaju	2.00	0.62	Not Felled
1668	1566	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1669	1567	Nano	6.00	0.68	Not Felled
1670	1568	Kindal	10.00	1.50	Not Felled
1671	1569	Salay	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1672	1570	Kaju	4.00	0.46	Not Felled
1673	1571	Kumbyo	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
1674	1572	Kindal	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
1675	1573	Salay	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
1676	1574	Salay	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1677	1575	Salay	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
1678	1576	Madat	6.00	0.80	Not Felled
1679	1577	Madat	7.00	0.97	Not Felled
1680	1578	Bhedas	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
1681	1579	Kindal	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
1682	1580	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1683	1581	Madat	4.00	0.68	Not Felled
1684	1582	Kumbyo	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
1685	1583	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1686	1584	Bhedas	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1687	1585	Bhedas	2.00	0.30	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

1724	1622	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1725	1623	Bhedas	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
1726	1624	Jangali	4.00	0.69	Not Felled
1727	1625	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1728	1626	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1729	1627	Ved	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1730	1628	Salay	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
1731	1629	Kharwat	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
1732	1630	Kharwat	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1733	1631	Salay	4.00	0.47	Not Felled
1734	1632A	Jangali	3.00	0.55	Not Felled
1735	1632B	Jangali	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
1736	1633	Bhedas	6.00	0.78	Not Felled
1737	1634	Jangali	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
1738	1635	Salay	5.00	0.63	Not Felled
1739	1636	Salay	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1740	1637	Bibo	8.00	2.10	Not Felled
1741	1638	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1742	1639	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1743	1640	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1744	1641	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1745	1642	Salay	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
1746	1643	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1747	1644	Bhedas	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
1748	1645	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1749	1646	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1750	1647	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1751	1648	Saton	8.00	0.70	Not Felled
1752	1649	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1753	1650	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1754	1651	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1755	1652	Bhedas	3.00	0.32	Not Felled
1756	1653	Kumbyo	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
1757	1654	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1758	1655	Salay	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
1759	1656	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

1760	1657	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1761	1658	Bhedas	5.00	0.60	Not Felled
1762	1659	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1763	1660	Salay	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
1764	1661	Kindal	5.00	0.50	Not Felled
1765	1662	Kindal	5.00	0.60	Not Felled
1766	1663	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1767	1664	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1768	1665	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1769	1666	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1770	1667	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1771	1668	Bhedas	4.00	0.42	Not Felled
1772	1669	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1773	1670	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1774	1671	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1775	1672	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1776	1673	Bibo	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1777	1674	Bibo	9.00	1.20	Not Felled
1778	1675	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1779	1676	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1780	1677	Salay	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
1781	1678	Salay	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
1782	1679	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1783	1680	Salay	3.00	0.37	Not Felled
1784	1681	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1785	1682	Jangali	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1786	1683	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1787	1684	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1788	1685	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1789	1686	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1790	1687	Salay	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
1791	1688	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1792	1689	Salay	4.00	0.40	Not Felled
1793	1690	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1794	1691A	Kindal	7.00	0.90	Not Felled
1795	1691B	Kindal	7.00	0.80	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

1796	1692	Salay	3.00	0.36	Not Felled
1797	1693	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1798	1694	Kharwat	5.00	0.44	Not Felled
1799	1695	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1800	1696	Kharwat	4.00	0.48	Not Felled
1801	1697	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1802	1698	Kharwat	3.00	0.54	Not Felled
1803	1699	Salay	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
1804	1700	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1805	1701	Bibo	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
1806	1702	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1807	1703	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1808	1704	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1809	1705	Bibo	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
1810	1706	Salay	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1811	1707	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1812	1708	Bibo	6.00	1.00	Not Felled
1813	1709	Mango	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1814	1710	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1815	1711	Salay	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
1816	1712	Kumbyo	4.00	0.44	Not Felled
1817	1713	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1818	1714	Salay	4.00	0.40	Not Felled
1819	1715	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1820	1716	Mango	7.00	1.10	Not Felled
1821	1717	Bibo	7.00	1.45	Not Felled
1822	1718	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1823	1719	Bibo	7.00	1.40	Not Felled
1824	1720	Salay	4.00	0.40	Not Felled
1825	1721	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1826	1722	Kumbyo	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1827	1723	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1828	1724	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1829	1725	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1830	1726	Bhedas	4.00	0.50	Not Felled
1831	1727	Bhedas	3.00	0.33	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

1832	1728	Chanado	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1833	1729	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1834	1730	Bibo	3.00	0.47	Not Felled
1835	1731	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1836	1732	Kuda	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
1837	1733	Salay	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
1838	1734	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1839	1735	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1840	1736	Salay	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
1841	1737	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1842	1738	Kuda	3.00	0.59	Not Felled
1843	1739A	Bibo	7.00	0.90	Not Felled
1844	1739B	Bibo	7.00	0.80	Not Felled
1845	1739C	Bibo	7.00	0.70	Not Felled
1846	1740	Bibo	7.00	1.00	Not Felled
1847	1741	Chanado	4.00	0.48	Not Felled
1848	1742	Kharwat	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
1849	1743	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1850	1744	Salay	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1851	1745	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1852	1746	Bhedas	4.00	0.56	Not Felled
1853	1747	Chanado	4.00	0.53	Not Felled
1854	1748	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1855	1749	Salay	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
1856	1750	Kharwat	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1857	1751	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1858	1752	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1859	1753	Salay	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
1860	1754	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1861	1755	Bibo	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
1862	1756	Bibo	6.00	0.85	Not Felled
1863	1757	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1864	1758	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1865	1759	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1866	1760	Salay	3.00	0.44	Not Felled
1867	1761	Bibo	3.00	0.38	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

1868	1762	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1869	1763	Alam	8.00	1.85	Not Felled
1870	1764	Bibo	7.00	1.70	Not Felled
1871	1765	Salay	4.00	0.45	Not Felled
1872	1766	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1873	1767	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1874	1768	Mango	5.00	1.08	Not Felled
1875	1769	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1876	1770	Salay	3.00	0.35	Not Felled
1877	1771	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1878	1772	Madat	4.00	0.56	Not Felled
1879	1773	Alam	7.00	1.50	Not Felled
1880	1774	Salay	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
1881	1775	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1882	1776	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1883	1777	Jack fruit	8.00	2.50	Not Felled
1884	1778	Bhedas	4.00	0.51	Not Felled
1885	1779	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1886	1780	Salay	3.00	0.57	Not Felled
1887	1781	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1888	1782	Bibo	5.00	0.80	Not Felled
1889	1783	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1890	1784	Nano	7.00	0.96	Not Felled
1891	1785	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1892	1786	Bhedas	4.00	0.59	Not Felled
1893	1787	Saton	7.00	1.24	Not Felled
1894	1788	Chanado	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
1895	1789A	Kindal	3.00	0.53	Not Felled
1896	1789B	Kindal	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
1897	1790	Salay	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
1898	1791	Nano	4.00	0.68	Not Felled
1899	1792	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1900	1793A	Kindal	5.00	0.68	Not Felled
1901	1793B	Kindal	5.00	0.60	Not Felled
1902	1794	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1903	1795	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

1904	1796	Madat	3.00	0.42	Not Felled
1905	1797	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1906	1798	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1907	1799	Bhedas	4.00	0.58	Not Felled
1908	1800	Nano	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
1909	1801	Bhedas	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1910	1802	Salay	3.00	0.31	Not Felled
1911	1803	Salay	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
1912	1804	Salay	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
1913	1805	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1914	1806	Bibo	7.00	1.70	Not Felled
1915	1807	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1916	1808	Salay	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1917	1809	Jangali	4.00	0.68	Not Felled
1918	1810	Jangali	4.00	0.45	Not Felled
1919	1811	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1920	1812	Salay	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
1921	1813	Bibo	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
1922	1814	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1923	1815	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1924	1816	Jangali	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
1925	1817	Bhedas	5.00	0.73	Not Felled
1926	1818	Bhedas	2.00	0.47	Not Felled
1927	1819	Jangali	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
1928	1820	Jangali	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1929	1821	Salay	3.00	0.42	Not Felled
1930	1822A	Bhedas	6.00	0.84	Not Felled
1931	1822B	Bhedas	4.00	0.64	Not Felled
1932	1823	Jangali	3.00	0.65	Not Felled
1933	1824	Bhedas	5.00	0.87	Not Felled
1934	1825	Bhedas	6.00	1.30	Not Felled
1935	1826	Bhedas	3.00	0.42	Not Felled
1936	1827	Jambo	4.00	0.72	Not Felled
1937	1828	Bhedas	3.00	0.39	Not Felled
1938	1829	Siras	8.00	1.90	Not Felled
1939	1830	Bhedas	3.00	0.40	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

1940	1831	Jangali	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
1941	1832	kuda	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1942	1833	Bhedas	4.00	0.63	Not Felled
1943	1834	Jangali	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
1944	1835	Nano	6.00	1.00	Not Felled
1945	1836	Siras	8.00	1.94	Not Felled
1946	1837	Bhedas	2.00	0.37	Not Felled
1947	1838	Kharwat	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1948	1839	Nano	3.00	0.54	Not Felled
1949	1840	Bibo	4.00	1.00	Not Felled
1950	1841	Salay	3.00	0.48	Not Felled
1951	1842	Kharwat	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
1952	1843	Chanado	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
1953	1844	Bhedas	4.00	0.85	Not Felled
1954	1845	Bhedas	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
1955	1846	Bhedas	2.00	0.50	Not Felled
1956	1847	Bibo	7.00	1.20	Not Felled
1957	1848	Bhedas	3.00	0.65	Not Felled
1958	1849	Salay	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
1959	1850	Kumbyo	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
1960	1851	Bibo	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
1961	1852	Bibo	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
1962	1853	Jangali	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
1963	1854	Nano	5.00	0.77	Not Felled
1964	1855	Bhedas	5.00	0.85	Not Felled
1965	1856	Nano	7.00	1.30	Not Felled
1966	1857	Mango	8.00	1.00	Not Felled
1967	1858A	Nano	8.00	1.20	Not Felled
1968	1858B	Nano	6.00	0.80	Not Felled
1969	1858C	Nano	4.00	0.50	Not Felled
1970	1859	Nano	8.00	1.30	Not Felled
1971	1860A	Bhedas	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
1972	1860B	Bhedas	3.00	0.56	Not Felled
1973	1861	Kindal	4.00	0.40	Not Felled
1974	1862	Bhedas	2.00	0.42	Not Felled
1975	1863	Daban	5.00	0.68	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

1976	1864	Kindal	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1977	1865	Bhedas	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
1978	1866	Kindal	4.00	0.72	Not Felled
1979	1867	Salay	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
1980	1868	Karmal	4.00	0.68	Not Felled
1981	1869	Ghotting	7.00	1.28	Not Felled
1982	1870	Kindal	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
1983	1871	Bibo	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
1984	1872	Bhedas	3.00	0.70	Not Felled
1985	1873	Salay	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
1986	1874	Bhedas	3.00	0.52	Not Felled
1987	1875	Kaju	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
1988	1876	Kumbyo	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
1989	1877	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
1990	1878	Salay	2.00	0.47	Not Felled
1991	1879	Katekawach	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
1992	1880	kuda	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
1993	1881	Kumbyo	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
1994	1882	Kindal	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
1995	1883	Kindal	5.00	0.72	Not Felled
1996	1884	Kindal	5.00	0.68	Not Felled
1997	1885	Kaju	3.00	0.68	Not Felled
1998	1886	Kaju	3.00	0.52	Not Felled
1999	1887	Saton	10.00	1.80	Not Felled
2000	1888	Daban	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
2001	1889	Katekawach	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
2002	1890	Katekawach	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2003	1891	Kumbyo	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
2004	1892	Kharwat	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2005	1893	Salay	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2006	1894	Kumbyo	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
2007	1895	Bhedas	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
2008	1896	Salay	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
2009	1897	Kumbyo	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
2010	1898	Chanado	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2011	1899	kuda	2.00	0.37	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2012	1900	Jack fruit	10.00	1.67	Not Felled
2013	1901	Jangali	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
2014	1902	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2015	1903	Bhedas	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
2016	1904	Kumbyo	3.00	0.56	Not Felled
2017	1905	kuda	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
2018	1906	Kindal	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
2019	1907	Jangali	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
2020	1908	Aakasiya	3.00	0.56	Not Felled
2021	1909	Jambo	3.00	0.64	Not Felled
2022	1910	Bhedas	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2023	1911	Chanado	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
2024	1912	Aakasiya	5.00	1.10	Not Felled
2025	1913	Kumbyo	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
2026	1914	Kindal	6.00	1.50	Not Felled
2027	1915	Katekawach	4.00	0.49	Not Felled
2028	1916	Kumbyo	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
2029	1917	Kumbyo	3.00	0.44	Not Felled
2030	1918	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
2031	1919	Jangali	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
2032	1920	Kindal	4.00	0.52	Not Felled
2033	1921	Nano	5.00	0.60	Not Felled
2034	1922	Kindal	4.00	0.67	Not Felled
2035	1923	Nano	3.00	0.32	Not Felled
2036	1924	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2037	1925	Ghotting	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
2038	1926	Daban	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
2039	1927	Sawar	10.00	2.27	Not Felled
2040	1928	kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2041	1929	Kumbyo	3.00	0.33	Not Felled
2042	1930	Daban	3.00	0.33	Not Felled
2043	1931	Kumbyo	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
2044	1932	Kumbyo	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
2045	1933	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2046	1934	Aakasiya	6.00	0.77	Not Felled
2047	1935	Kumbyo	3.00	0.36	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2048	1936	Aakasiya	5.00	0.61	Not Felled
2049	1937	Kindal	4.00	0.63	Not Felled
2050	1938	Kindal	5.00	0.78	Not Felled
2051	1939	Kindal	5.00	0.64	Not Felled
2052	1940	Kindal	4.00	0.61	Not Felled
2053	1941	Kharwat	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
2054	1942	Kindal	4.00	0.58	Not Felled
2055	1943	Nano	5.00	0.51	Not Felled
2056	1944	kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2057	1945	Nano	4.00	0.49	Not Felled
2058	1946	Kindal	3.00	0.66	Not Felled
2059	1947	Ghotting	4.00	0.46	Not Felled
2060	1948A	Kindal	6.00	0.99	Not Felled
2061	1948B	Kindal	3.00	0.37	Not Felled
2062	1949A	Kindal	6.00	0.83	Not Felled
2063	1949B	Kindal	5.00	0.62	Not Felled
2064	1950	Ghotting	5.00	0.59	Not Felled
2065	1951	Ghotting	7.00	2.50	Not Felled
2066	1952	Kindal	4.00	0.62	Not Felled
2067	1953	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
2068	1954	Kindal	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2069	1955	Kindal	3.00	0.39	Not Felled
2070	1956	Kindal	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
2071	1957	Kindal	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
2072	1958	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2073	1959	Kindal	3.00	0.70	Not Felled
2074	1960	Kuda	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
2075	1961	Kindal	3.00	0.39	Not Felled
2076	1962	Ghotting	7.00	0.75	Not Felled
2077	1963A	Kindal	7.00	0.83	Not Felled
2078	1963B	Kindal	7.00	0.70	Not Felled
2079	1964	Kaju	4.00	0.63	Not Felled
2080	1965	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2081	1966	Kindal	3.00	0.44	Not Felled
2082	1967	Kindal	4.00	0.58	Not Felled
2083	1968	Kindal	2.00	0.30	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2084	1969	Kaju	3.00	0.48	Not Felled
2085	1970	Kharwat	5.00	0.53	Not Felled
2086	1971	Kindal	6.00	0.68	Not Felled
2087	1972	Madat	4.00	0.78	Not Felled
2088	1973	Jambo	5.00	0.58	Not Felled
2089	1974	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2090	1975	Ghotting	5.00	1.00	Not Felled
2091	1976	Kumbyo	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
2092	1977	Bhedas	3.00	0.48	Not Felled
2093	1978	Kindal	5.00	0.64	Not Felled
2094	1979	Kuda	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
2095	1980	Kindal	3.00	0.41	Not Felled
2096	1981	Kindal	2.00	0.60	Not Felled
2097	1982	Kumbyo	3.00	0.37	Not Felled
2098	1983	Kindal	5.00	0.80	Not Felled
2099	1984	Nano	5.00	0.56	Not Felled
2100	1985	Coconut	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
2101	1986	Kindal	4.00	0.62	Not Felled
2102	1987	Daban	5.00	0.60	Not Felled
2103	1988	Bhedas	4.00	0.62	Not Felled
2104	1989	Kindal	5.00	0.84	Not Felled
2105	1990	Kindal	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
2106	1991	Kumbyo	4.00	0.72	Not Felled
2107	1992	Kuda	3.00	0.48	Not Felled
2108	1993	Chanado	3.00	0.34	Not Felled
2109	1994	Kuda	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
2110	1995	Kuda	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
2111	1996	Kindal	3.00	0.36	Not Felled
2112	1997	Kindal	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2113	1998	Kindal	3.00	0.44	Not Felled
2114	1999	Kindal	3.00	0.49	Not Felled
2115	2000	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2116	2001	Jambo	3.00	0.35	Not Felled
2117	2002	Salay	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2118	2003	Kindal	4.00	0.75	Not Felled
2119	2004	Kindal	3.00	0.50	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2120	2005	Kindal	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
2121	2006	Kindal	3.00	0.41	Not Felled
2122	2007A	Kindal	5.00	0.66	Not Felled
2123	2007B	Kindal	5.00	0.63	Not Felled
2124	2007C	Kindal	5.00	0.47	Not Felled
2125	2008	Kindal	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2126	2009	Kindal	5.00	0.66	Not Felled
2127	2010A	Kuda	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
2128	2010B	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2129	2011	Kumbyo	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
2130	2012	Kindal	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
2131	2013	Kuda	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
2132	2014	Bhedas	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
2133	2015	Kindal	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
2134	2016	Kindal	5.00	0.69	Not Felled
2135	2017	Kuda	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
2136	2018	Kindal	9.00	1.10	Not Felled
2137	2019	Aakasiya	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
2138	2020	Kindal	4.00	0.52	Not Felled
2139	2021	Kumbyo	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
2140	2022	Kuda	3.00	0.66	Not Felled
2141	2023	Kindal	6.00	0.90	Not Felled
2142	2024	Kindal	3.00	0.44	Not Felled
2143	2025	Kindal	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
2144	2026	Kindal	5.00	0.75	Not Felled
2145	2027	Kindal	6.00	0.83	Not Felled
2146	2028	Kindal	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
2147	2029	Kuda	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
2148	2030	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2149	2031	Kindal	7.00	0.67	Not Felled
2150	2032	Kaju	6.00	0.61	Not Felled
2151	2033	Kindal	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
2152	2034	kaju	3.00	0.38	Not Felled
2153	2035	Kaju	3.00	0.53	Not Felled
2154	2036	Aakasiya	6.00	0.87	Not Felled
2155	2037	Kuda	2.00	0.31	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2156	2038	Kuda	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
2157	2039	Kaju	3.00	0.56	Not Felled
2158	2040	Aakasiya	7.00	0.94	Not Felled
2159	2041	Kuda	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
2160	2042	Kuda	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
2161	2043	Kindal	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
2162	2044	Kuda	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
2163	2045	Kuda	2.00	0.37	Not Felled
2164	2046	Aakasiya	4.00	0.75	Not Felled
2165	2047	Aakasiya	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
2166	2048	Kuda	2.00	0.42	Not Felled
2167	2049	Chanado	3.00	0.54	Not Felled
2168	2050	Kindal	3.00	0.61	Not Felled
2169	2051	Chanado	3.00	0.44	Not Felled
2170	2052	Kindal	3.00	0.35	Not Felled
2171	2053	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2172	2054	Aakasiya	6.00	0.70	Not Felled
2173	2055	Aakasiya	6.00	0.79	Not Felled
2174	2056	Kuda	2.00	0.50	Not Felled
2175	2057	Kindal	6.00	0.73	Not Felled
2176	2058	Jambo	4.00	0.64	Not Felled
2177	2059	Aakasiya	6.00	0.75	Not Felled
2178	2060	Kindal	5.00	0.66	Not Felled
2179	2061	Kuda	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
2180	2062	Kindal	4.00	0.62	Not Felled
2181	2063	Aakasiya	7.00	0.67	Not Felled
2182	2064	Aakasiya	5.00	0.87	Not Felled
2183	2065	Kuda	4.00	0.52	Not Felled
2184	2066	Aakasiya	5.00	0.75	Not Felled
2185	2067	Chanado	3.00	0.67	Not Felled
2186	2068	Madat	4.00	0.50	Not Felled
2187	2069	Kuda	2.00	0.43	Not Felled
2188	2070	Kuda	2.00	0.37	Not Felled
2189	2071	Kumbyo	3.00	0.37	Not Felled
2190	2072	Aakasiya	4.00	0.50	Not Felled
2191	2073	Aakasiya	5.00	0.77	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2192	2074	Chanado	4.00	0.40	Not Felled
2193	2075	Kindal	4.00	0.43	Not Felled
2194	2076	Kuda	3.00	0.71	Not Felled
2195	2077	Aakasiya	6.00	0.90	Not Felled
2196	2078	Kuda	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
2197	2079	Aakasiya	10.00	1.90	Not Felled
2198	2080	Kindal	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
2199	2081	Jambo	5.00	0.64	Not Felled
2200	2082	Nano	7.00	2.90	Not Felled
2201	2083	Kuda	2.00	0.43	Not Felled
2202	2084	kuda	4.00	0.54	Not Felled
2203	2085	Kuda	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
2204	2086	Kuda	3.00	0.47	Not Felled
2205	2087	Ghotting	10.00	2.80	Not Felled
2206	2088	Kuda	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
2207	2089	Kuda	4.00	0.50	Not Felled
2208	2090	Kuda	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
2209	2091	Aakasiya	5.00	0.70	Not Felled
2210	2092	Kuda	2.00	0.47	Not Felled
2211	2093	Kuda	3.00	0.37	Not Felled
2212	2094	Chanado	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
2213	2095	Chanado	5.00	0.56	Not Felled
2214	2096	kuda	2.00	0.46	Not Felled
2215	2097	Kindal	2.00	0.42	Not Felled
2216	2098	Chanado	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
2217	2099	Kindal	2.00	0.45	Not Felled
2218	2100	Chanado	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
2219	2101	Kuda	2.00	0.54	Not Felled
2220	2102	Kuda	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
2221	2103	Madat	6.00	0.93	Not Felled
2222	2104	Jangali	4.00	0.75	Not Felled
2223	2105	kuda	3.00	0.60	Not Felled
2224	2106	Kuda	2.00	0.41	Not Felled
2225	2107	Kuda	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
2226	2108	Kuda	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
2227	2109	Kuda	2.00	0.33	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2228	2110	Kaju	5.00	0.96	Not Felled
2229	2111	Kuda	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
2230	2112	Kaju	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
2231	2113	Kuda	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
2232	2114	Kuda	3.00	0.56	Not Felled
2233	2115	Katekawach	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
2234	2116	Jangali	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2235	2117	Kuda	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
2236	2118	Kuda	3.00	0.52	Not Felled
2237	2119	Aakasiya	4.00	0.67	Not Felled
2238	2120	Kaju	3.00	0.74	Not Felled
2239	2121	Kindal	4.00	0.55	Not Felled
2240	2122	Kindal	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
2241	2123	Kindal	3.00	0.52	Not Felled
2242	2124	Kindal	7.00	1.00	Not Felled
2243	2125	Salay	2.00	0.32	Not Felled
2244	2126	Kindal	7.00	1.14	Not Felled
2245	2127A	Kindal	6.00	0.72	Not Felled
2246	2127B	Kindal	6.00	0.68	Not Felled
2247	2128	Kindal	5.00	0.63	Not Felled
2248	2129	Kindal	3.00	0.35	Not Felled
2249	2130	Aakasiya	7.00	1.01	Not Felled
2250	2131	Aakasiya	7.00	0.67	Not Felled
2251	2132	Aakasiya	6.00	0.61	Not Felled
2252	2133	Aakasiya	10.00	1.13	Not Felled
2253	2134	Kuda	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
2254	2135	Aakasiya	6.00	0.53	Not Felled
2255	2136	Kindal	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
2256	2137	Kuda	2.00	0.50	Not Felled
2257	2138	Aakasiya	5.00	0.83	Not Felled
2258	2139	Kuda	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
2259	2140	Ghotting	7.00	1.46	Not Felled
2260	2141	Kuda	3.00	0.35	Not Felled
2261	2142	Aakasiya	7.00	0.78	Not Felled
2262	2143	Kindal	6.00	0.86	Not Felled
2263	2144	kuda	3.00	0.47	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2264	2145	Aakasiya	5.00	0.66	Not Felled
2265	2146	Kumbyo	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2266	2147	Kindal	10.00	2.26	Not Felled
2267	2148	Bibo	3.00	0.48	Not Felled
2268	2149	Jangali	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
2269	2150	Salay	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
2270	2151	Kindal	4.00	0.85	Not Felled
2271	2152	Madat	5.00	0.92	Not Felled
2272	2153	Kindal	4.00	0.74	Not Felled
2273	2154	Kindal	4.00	0.54	Not Felled
2274	2155	Kindal	5.00	0.76	Not Felled
2275	2156	Kindal	4.00	0.48	Not Felled
2276	2157	Kuda	2.00	0.39	Not Felled
2277	2158	Chanado	3.00	0.44	Not Felled
2278	2159	Nano	6.00	0.97	Not Felled
2279	2160	Kumbyo	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
2280	2161	Jambo	7.00	1.22	Not Felled
2281	2162	Nano	3.00	0.66	Not Felled
2282	2163	Nano	6.00	1.10	Not Felled
2283	2164	Bibo	8.00	2.50	Not Felled
2284	2165	Nano	7.00	1.20	Not Felled
2285	2166	Alam	9.00	2.40	Not Felled
2286	2167	Nano	7.00	1.10	Not Felled
2287	2168	Nano	8.00	1.10	Not Felled
2288	2169	Nano	4.00	0.86	Not Felled
2289	2170	Bhedas	6.00	0.88	Not Felled
2290	2171	Kindal	8.00	1.00	Not Felled
2291	2172	Aakasiya	8.00	0.76	Not Felled
2292	2173	Aakasiya	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
2293	2174	Aakasiya	6.00	0.85	Not Felled
2294	2175	Aakasiya	4.00	0.71	Not Felled
2295	2176	Jangali	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
2296	2177	Kuda	2.00	0.31	Not Felled
2297	2178	Kindal	7.00	0.90	Not Felled
2298	2179	Kuda	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
2299	2180	Kindal	4.00	0.45	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2300	2181	Bilimoda	0.00	0.00	Not Felled
2301	2182	Bhedas	7.00	0.98	Not Felled
2302	2183	Alam	9.00	2.20	Not Felled
2303	2184	Nano	4.00	0.70	Not Felled
2304	2185A	Alam	8.00	1.20	Not Felled
2305	2185B	Alam	8.00	1.10	Not Felled
2306	2186	Nano	7.00	0.98	Not Felled
2307	2187	Alam	8.00	2.20	Not Felled
2308	2188	Kindal	5.00	0.59	Not Felled
2309	2189	Jangali	3.00	0.54	Not Felled
2310	2190	Chanado	4.00	0.85	Not Felled
2311	2191	Kumbyo	4.00	1.00	Not Felled
2312	2192	Kaju	6.00	0.99	Not Felled
2313	2193A	Kindal	5.00	0.72	Not Felled
2314	2193B	Kindal	5.00	0.59	Not Felled
2315	2194	Chanado	4.00	0.47	Not Felled
2316	2195A	Kindal	7.00	1.05	Not Felled
2317	2195B	Kindal	7.00	0.95	Not Felled
2318	2196	Kuda	3.00	0.58	Not Felled
2319	2197	Chanado	3.00	0.48	Not Felled
2320	2198	Chanado	4.00	0.57	Not Felled
2321	2199	Aakasiya	6.00	1.02	Not Felled
2322	2200	Bhedas	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
2323	2201	Jangali	2.00	0.62	Not Felled
2324	2202	Kuda	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
2325	2203	Kindal	3.00	0.63	Not Felled
2326	2204	Nano	7.00	1.07	Not Felled
2327	2205	Kindal	5.00	0.88	Not Felled
2328	2206	Jambo	3.00	0.57	Not Felled
2329	2207	Kindal	6.00	1.13	Not Felled
2330	2208	Kindal	3.00	0.65	Not Felled
2331	2209	Kindal	4.00	0.85	Not Felled
2332	2210A	Kindal	6.00	1.03	Not Felled
2333	2210B	Kindal	5.00	0.80	Not Felled
2334	2211A	Nano	8.00	1.10	Not Felled
2335	2211B	Nano	7.00	0.90	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2336	2212	Jangali	5.00	0.84	Not Felled
2337	2213	Kindal	7.00	1.09	Not Felled
2338	2214	Kumbyo	3.00	0.67	Not Felled
2339	2215	Nano	7.00	1.18	Not Felled
2340	2216	Daban	5.00	1.00	Not Felled
2341	2217	Kindal	4.00	0.88	Not Felled
2342	2218	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2343	2219	Kindal	5.00	0.86	Not Felled
2344	2220	karmal	6.00	1.25	Not Felled
2345	2221	Aakasiya	4.00	0.70	Not Felled
2346	2222	Jangali	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2347	2223	Jangali	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2348	2224	Kuda	3.00	0.48	Not Felled
2349	2225	Nano	7.00	1.01	Not Felled
2350	2226	Salay	3.00	0.60	Not Felled
2351	2227	Bibo	4.00	0.70	Not Felled
2352	2228	Alam	5.00	0.88	Not Felled
2353	2229	Jangali	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
2354	2230	Jangali	3.00	0.35	Not Felled
2355	2231	Kindal	8.00	1.20	Not Felled
2356	2232	Kumbyo	4.00	0.89	Not Felled
2357	2233	Kindal	4.00	0.84	Not Felled
2358	2234	Jambo	3.00	0.54	Not Felled
2359	2235	Nano	3.00	0.66	Not Felled
2360	2236	Kindal	5.00	1.06	Not Felled
2361	2237	Kindal	5.00	1.45	Not Felled
2362	2238	Jambo	3.00	0.70	Not Felled
2363	2239	Nano	6.00	1.29	Not Felled
2364	2240	Jambo	4.00	0.89	Not Felled
2365	2241	Jangali	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
2366	2242	Bhedas	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
2367	2243	Salay	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
2368	2244	Jambo	5.00	0.88	Not Felled
2369	2245	Nano	4.00	0.73	Not Felled
2370	2246A	Jambo	3.00	0.65	Not Felled
2371	2246B	Jambo	3.00	0.60	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2372	2247	Daban	6.00	1.22	Not Felled
2373	2248	Kindal	7.00	0.98	Not Felled
2374	2249	Salay	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
2375	2250	Nano	6.00	2.80	Not Felled
2376	2251	Jambo	3.00	0.59	Not Felled
2377	2252	Madat	7.00	1.40	Not Felled
2378	2253	Nano	7.00	1.22	Not Felled
2379	2254	Shisham	5.00	1.22	Not Felled
2380	2255	Madat	8.00	1.34	Not Felled
2381	2256	Nano	7.00	1.83	Not Felled
2382	2257	Kindal	8.00	1.45	Not Felled
2383	2258	Moi	2.00	0.68	Not Felled
2384	2259	Kindal	4.00	1.00	Not Felled
2385	2260	Jambo	5.00	0.88	Not Felled
2386	2261	Kindal	7.00	0.99	Not Felled
2387	2262	Jambo	5.00	0.88	Not Felled
2388	2263A	Kindal	6.00	0.88	Not Felled
2389	2263B	Kindal	6.00	0.86	Not Felled
2390	2264	Kindal	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2391	2265A	Jambo	3.00	0.59	Not Felled
2392	2265B	Jambo	3.00	0.40	Not Felled
2393	2266	Jambo	4.00	0.70	Not Felled
2394	2267A	Kindal	4.00	0.65	Not Felled
2395	2267B	Kindal	4.00	0.45	Not Felled
2396	2268	Kindal	4.00	0.70	Not Felled
2397	2269A	Nano	5.00	0.80	Not Felled
2398	2269B	Nano	5.00	0.70	Not Felled
2399	2270	Kindal	6.00	1.40	Not Felled
2400	2271	Jambo	3.00	0.68	Not Felled
2401	2272	Kudo	2.00	0.46	Not Felled
2402	2273	Kudo	2.00	0.45	Not Felled
2403	2274	Moi	6.00	1.65	Not Felled
2404	2275	Jambo	2.00	0.43	Not Felled
2405	2276	Jambo	3.00	0.62	Not Felled
2406	2277	Kindal	2.00	0.39	Not Felled
2407	2278	Jambo	6.00	0.87	Not Felled

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2408	2279A	Nano	4.00	0.62	Not Felled
2409	2279B	Nano	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
2410	2280	Jambo	2.00	0.68	Not Felled
2411	2281	Kindal	5.00	0.72	Not Felled
2412	2282	Kindal	6.00	1.20	Not Felled
2413	2283	Kindal	5.00	0.83	Not Felled
2414	2284	Nano	5.00	2.64	Not Felled
2415	2285	Kindal	7.00	1.40	Not Felled
2416	2286	Kindal	6.00	0.97	Not Felled
2417	2287	Madat	3.00	0.59	Not Felled
2418	2288	Kindal	4.00	0.75	Not Felled
2419	2289	Kumbyo	4.00	1.00	Not Felled
2420	2290	Sawar	7.00	1.25	Not Felled
2421	2291	Madat	4.00	0.80	Not Felled
2422	2292	jambo	2.00	0.55	Not Felled
2423	2293A	Nano	6.00	0.91	Not Felled
2424	2293B	Nano	3.00	0.35	Not Felled
2425	2294	Nano	3.00	0.55	Not Felled
2426	2295	Kindal	3.00	0.59	Not Felled
2427	2296	Nano	6.00	0.94	Not Felled
2428	2297	Daban	6.00	1.17	Not Felled
2429	2298	Jambo	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
2430	2299	Daban	6.00	1.40	Not Felled
2431	2300	Kindal	4.00	0.86	Not Felled
2432	2301	Jambo	2.00	0.50	Not Felled
2433	2302	Jambo	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
2434	2303	Kindal	6.00	1.12	Not Felled
2435	2304	Kindal	6.00	1.00	Not Felled
2436	2305	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2437	2306	Bayo	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
2438	2307	Kuda	2.00	0.46	Not Felled
2439	2308	Kuda	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
2440	2309	kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2441	2310	Madat	6.00	1.05	Not Felled
2442	2311	Kindal	7.00	1.40	Not Felled
2443	2312	Nano	6.00	1.20	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2444	2313	Kindal	6.00	0.78	Not Felled
2445	2314	Kuda	2.00	0.37	Not Felled
2446	2315	Madat	7.00	1.07	Not Felled
2447	2316	Nano	7.00	1.37	Not Felled
2448	2317	Kindal	3.00	0.30	Not Felled
2449	2318	karmal	6.00	1.23	Not Felled
2450	2319	Kindal	2.00	0.39	Not Felled
2451	2320	Kindal	5.00	0.77	Not Felled
2452	2321	Kindal	4.00	0.93	Not Felled
2453	2322	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2454	2323	kuda	2.00	0.44	Not Felled
2455	2324	Kindal	2.00	0.44	Not Felled
2456	2325	Jambo	3.00	0.78	Not Felled
2457	2326	kuda	2.00	0.42	Not Felled
2458	2327	Kindal	7.00	1.22	Not Felled
2459	2328	Madat	7.00	0.95	Not Felled
2460	2329	Kindal	3.00	0.61	Not Felled
2461	2330	Madat	4.00	0.57	Not Felled
2462	2331	Kindal	7.00	0.96	Not Felled
2463	2332	Madat	8.00	1.04	Not Felled
2464	2333	Kindal	4.00	0.76	Not Felled
2465	2334	Madat	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
2466	2335	Madat	6.00	1.05	Not Felled
2467	2336	Madat	4.00	0.64	Not Felled
2468	2337	Madat	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
2469	2338	Madat	6.00	1.27	Not Felled
2470	2339	Nano	7.00	1.39	Not Felled
2471	2340	Nano	6.00	0.87	Not Felled
2472	2341	Nano	3.00	0.55	Not Felled
2473	2342	Kindal	3.00	0.57	Not Felled
2474	2343	Madat	4.00	0.80	Not Felled
2475	2344	Nano	6.00	0.90	Not Felled
2476	2345	Kindal	7.00	1.22	Not Felled
2477	2346	Nano	7.00	1.39	Not Felled
2478	2347	Nano	7.00	1.33	Not Felled
2479	2348	Aakasiya	7.00	0.92	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2480	2349	Bhedas	3.00	0.69	Not Felled
2481	2350	Kindal	6.00	1.12	Not Felled
2482	2351	Kindal	2.00	0.45	Not Felled
2483	2352	Jambo	5.00	0.76	Not Felled
2484	2353	Kindal	5.00	0.73	Not Felled
2485	2354	Madat	8.00	2.27	Not Felled
2486	2355	Madat	8.00	1.17	Not Felled
2487	2356	Katekawach	6.00	1.10	Not Felled
2488	2357	Madat	8.00	2.13	Not Felled
2489	2358	Madat	5.00	0.73	Not Felled
2490	2359	Madat	4.00	0.70	Not Felled
2491	2360	Madat	5.00	1.36	Not Felled
2492	2361	Madat	4.00	0.94	Not Felled
2493	2362	Ghotting	4.00	0.84	Not Felled
2494	2363	Kindal	7.00	1.05	Not Felled
2495	2364A	Kindal	5.00	0.78	Not Felled
2496	2364B	Kindal	5.00	0.68	Not Felled
2497	2365	Kindal	2.00	0.39	Not Felled
2498	2366	Kuda	2.00	0.68	Not Felled
2499	2367	Ghotting	6.00	1.08	Not Felled
2500	2368	Kindal	7.00	1.37	Not Felled
2501	2369A	Kindal	4.00	0.85	Not Felled
2502	2369B	Kindal	4.00	0.75	Not Felled
2503	2370	Kindal	5.00	0.70	Not Felled
2504	2371A	Jambo	4.00	0.70	Not Felled
2505	2371B	Jambo	4.00	0.65	Not Felled
2506	2372	Kindal	6.00	1.04	Not Felled
2507	2373	Jambo	3.00	0.66	Not Felled
2508	2374	Jambo	3.00	0.70	Not Felled
2509	2375	Jambo	5.00	1.00	Not Felled
2510	2376	Nano	7.00	1.28	Not Felled
2511	2377	Nano	7.00	1.19	Not Felled
2512	2378	Jambo	3.00	0.62	Not Felled
2513	2379A	Kindal	6.00	0.86	Not Felled
2514	2379B	Kindal	4.00	0.40	Not Felled
2515	2380	Jambo	3.00	0.60	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2516	2381	Nano	5.00	0.82	Not Felled
2517	2382	Katekawach	4.00	0.80	Not Felled
2518	2383	Jambo	3.00	0.52	Not Felled
2519	2384	Jambo	3.00	0.72	Not Felled
2520	2385	Chanado	5.00	1.51	Not Felled
2521	2386	Jambo	2.00	0.52	Not Felled
2522	2387A	Jambo	4.00	0.69	Not Felled
2523	2387B	Jambo	4.00	0.65	Not Felled
2524	2388	Jambo	5.00	0.87	Not Felled
2525	2389	Jambo	6.00	0.99	Not Felled
2526	2390	Jambo	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
2527	2391	Jambo	3.00	0.62	Not Felled
2528	2392	Jambo	4.00	0.94	Not Felled
2529	2393	Jambo	3.00	0.62	Not Felled
2530	2394	Kuda	3.00	0.53	Not Felled
2531	2395	Kindal	4.00	0.70	Not Felled
2532	2396	Kindal	3.00	0.62	Not Felled
2533	2397	Jambo	3.00	0.61	Not Felled
2534	2398A	Kindal	4.00	0.86	Not Felled
2535	2398B	Kindal	4.00	0.70	Not Felled
2536	2399	Bayo	3.00	0.57	Not Felled
2537	2400	Chanado	6.00	1.47	Not Felled
2538	2401	Kindal	7.00	1.60	Not Felled
2539	2402	Rumberd	2.00	0.56	Not Felled
2540	2403	Nano	6.00	3.20	Not Felled
2541	2404	Jambo	2.00	0.41	Not Felled
2542	2405	Kindal	6.00	0.82	Not Felled
2543	2406	Jambo	2.00	0.41	Not Felled
2544	2407	Kindal	4.00	0.77	Not Felled
2545	2408	Nano	5.00	0.87	Not Felled
2546	2409	Kindal	6.00	1.22	Not Felled
2547	2410	Kindal	6.00	0.87	Not Felled
2548	2411	Kindal	3.00	0.41	Not Felled
2549	2412	Kindal	5.00	0.85	Not Felled
2550	2413	Madat	5.00	0.93	Not Felled
2551	2414	Kindal	5.00	0.69	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2552	2415	Jambo	2.00	0.43	Not Felled
2553	2416	Kindal	4.00	0.53	Not Felled
2554	2417	Jambo	4.00	0.72	Not Felled
2555	2418	Kindal	4.00	0.68	Not Felled
2556	2419A	Kindal	7.00	1.05	Not Felled
2557	2419B	Kindal	7.00	0.82	Not Felled
2558	2420	Jambo	5.00	0.96	Not Felled
2559	2421	Kindal	3.00	0.56	Not Felled
2560	2422	Jambo	5.00	0.74	Not Felled
2561	2423	Jambo	3.00	0.51	Not Felled
2562	2424	Daban	6.00	1.04	Not Felled
2563	2425	Kindal	3.00	0.64	Not Felled
2564	2426	Jambo	4.00	0.69	Not Felled
2565	2427	Nano	8.00	1.37	Not Felled
2566	2428	Nano	7.00	1.58	Not Felled
2567	2429	Nano	3.00	68.00	Not Felled
2568	2430	Kindal	3.00	0.58	Not Felled
2569	2431	Jambo	3.00	0.65	Not Felled
2570	2432	Jambo	3.00	0.67	Not Felled
2571	2433	Jambo	3.00	0.55	Not Felled
2572	2434	Kindal	5.00	1.52	Not Felled
2573	2435	Nano	7.00	1.17	Not Felled
2574	2436	karmal	4.00	0.68	Not Felled
2575	2437	Kuda	3.00	0.56	Not Felled
2576	2438	Kindal	2.00	0.44	Not Felled
2577	2439	Nano	4.00	0.58	Not Felled
2578	2440	Kuda	2.00	0.51	Not Felled
2579	2441	Jambo	5.00	0.70	Not Felled
2580	2442	Kindal	5.00	0.89	Not Felled
2581	2443	Jambo	4.00	0.70	Not Felled
2582	2444	Kumbyo	3.00	0.61	Not Felled
2583	2445	Jambo	4.00	0.70	Not Felled
2584	2446	Kumbyo	3.00	0.61	Not Felled
2585	2447	Hasak	4.00	0.77	Not Felled
2586	2448	Jambo	4.00	0.87	Not Felled
2587	2449	Nano	7.00	1.09	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2588	2450	Kindal	4.00	0.78	Not Felled
2589	2451	Jambo	4.00	1.07	Not Felled
2590	2452	Daban	4.00	1.10	Not Felled
2591	2453	Kindal	4.00	0.90	Not Felled
2592	2454	karmal	6.00	1.15	Not Felled
2593	2455	Kindal	4.00	0.76	Not Felled
2594	2456	Kumbyo	6.00	1.60	Not Felled
2595	2457	Jambo	7.00	1.08	Not Felled
2596	2458	Nano	7.00	0.93	Not Felled
2597	2459	Kumbyo	2.00	0.35	Not Felled
2598	2460	Jambo	6.00	1.08	Not Felled
2599	2461	Kindal	3.00	0.43	Not Felled
2600	2462	Madat	6.00	1.13	Not Felled
2601	2463	Kindal	7.00	0.96	Not Felled
2602	2464	karmal	6.00	2.32	Not Felled
2603	2465	Jambo	5.00	0.82	Not Felled
2604	2466	Kindal	7.00	1.10	Not Felled
2605	2467	Jambo	6.00	0.94	Not Felled
2606	2468	Kindal	7.00	0.97	Not Felled
2607	2469	Daban	6.00	1.16	Not Felled
2608	2470	Kindal	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
2609	2471	Kindal	6.00	1.10	Not Felled
2610	2472	Jambo	3.00	0.62	Not Felled
2611	2473	Madat	7.00	1.14	Not Felled
2612	2474A	Jambo	7.00	1.17	Not Felled
2613	2474B	Jambo	7.00	1.15	Not Felled
2614	2474C	Jambo	7.00	1.00	Not Felled
2615	2475	Jambo	7.00	1.08	Not Felled
2616	2476	Jambo	5.00	0.74	Not Felled
2617	2477	Nano	7.00	0.90	Not Felled
2618	2478	Kindal	4.00	0.77	Not Felled
2619	2479	Jambo	7.00	1.30	Not Felled
2620	2480	Jambo	4.00	0.65	Not Felled
2621	2481	Kindal	6.00	0.90	Not Felled
2622	2482	Kindal	5.00	0.90	Not Felled
2623	2483	Madat	7.00	1.58	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2624	2484	Kindal	7.00	1.20	Not Felled
2625	2485	Kindal	6.00	0.70	Not Felled
2626	2486A	Madat	6.00	0.86	Not Felled
2627	2486B	Madat	6.00	0.80	Not Felled
2628	2487	Kindal	4.00	0.77	Not Felled
2629	2488	Ghotting	8.00	1.93	Not Felled
2630	2489	Kuda	2.00	0.42	Not Felled
2631	2490	Jambo	7.00	0.96	Not Felled
2632	2491	Madat	7.00	1.56	Not Felled
2633	2492	Kuda	2.00	0.42	Not Felled
2634	2493A	Nano	7.00	1.38	Not Felled
2635	2493B	Nano	7.00	1.72	Not Felled
2636	2494	Jambo	5.00	0.84	Not Felled
2637	2495	Jambo	7.00	1.20	Not Felled
2638	2496	Kindal	6.00	0.92	Not Felled
2639	2497	Jambo	6.00	0.69	Not Felled
2640	2498	Kindal	2.00	0.62	Not Felled
2641	2499	Madat	7.00	1.44	Not Felled
2642	2500	Kindal	4.00	0.75	Not Felled
2643	2501	Madat	8.00	2.21	Not Felled
2644	2502	Kindal	6.00	0.87	Not Felled
2645	2503	Kindal	6.00	0.88	Not Felled
2646	2504	Kindal	2.00	0.33	Not Felled
2647	2505	Kindal	5.00	0.85	Not Felled
2648	2506A	Kindal	5.00	0.94	Not Felled
2649	2506B	Kindal	5.00	0.80	Not Felled
2650	2507	Kindal	4.00	0.67	Not Felled
2651	2508	Kindal	4.00	0.86	Not Felled
2652	2509	Bhedas	4.00	0.70	Not Felled
2653	2510	Bhedas	3.00	0.53	Not Felled
2654	2511	Kindal	6.00	0.86	Not Felled
2655	2512	Kuda	3.00	0.52	Not Felled
2656	2513	Bhedas	4.00	0.68	Not Felled
2657	2514	Kuda	2.00	0.50	Not Felled
2658	2515	Kindal	2.00	0.34	Not Felled
2659	2516	Kindal	4.00	0.72	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2660	2517A	Kindal	3.00	0.69	Not Felled
2661	2517B	Kindal	3.00	0.58	Not Felled
2662	2518	Madat	6.00	0.99	Not Felled
2663	2519A	Falas	3.00	0.79	Not Felled
2664	2519B	Falas	3.00	0.60	Not Felled
2665	2520A	Falas	4.00	0.85	Not Felled
2666	2520B	Falas	4.00	0.76	Not Felled
2667	2521A	Moi	5.00	0.85	Not Felled
2668	2521B	Moi	5.00	0.68	Not Felled
2669	2522A	Kasam	5.00	0.78	Not Felled
2670	2522B	Kasam	5.00	0.65	Not Felled
2671	2523	Kasam	4.00	0.61	Not Felled
2672	2524	Kindal	4.00	0.70	Not Felled
2673		Madat	3.00	0.58	Not Felled
2674		Kindal	2.00	0.36	Not Felled
2675		Falas	4.00	0.96	Not Felled
2676	2528A	Kindal	5.00	0.94	Not Felled
2677	2528B	Kindal	5.00	0.70	Not Felled
2678	2529A	Kindal	4.00	0.70	Not Felled
2679	2529B	Kindal	3.00	0.55	Not Felled
2680	2530	Falas	4.00	0.87	Not Felled
2681	2531	Kindal	5.00	0.91	Not Felled
2682	2532	Falas	3.00	0.59	Not Felled
2683	2533A	Kindal	7.00	1.06	Not Felled
2684	2533B	Kindal	7.00	1.00	Not Felled
2685	2534	Daban	5.00	1.00	Not Felled
2686	2535	Falas	4.00	0.48	Not Felled
2687	2536	Falas	3.00	0.77	Not Felled
2688	2537	Falas	2.00	0.47	Not Felled
2689	2538	Falas	4.00	0.97	Not Felled
2690	2539	Kindal	5.00	1.10	Not Felled
2691	2540	Kindal	4.00	0.70	Not Felled
2692	2541	Falas	3.00	0.70	Not Felled
2693	2542	Salay	2.00	0.39	Not Felled
2694	2543	Bhedas	3.00	0.58	Not Felled
2695	2544	Aakasiya	6.00	0.97	Not Felled

CERTIFIED COPY UNDER RIGHT TO INFORMATION ACT, 2005

ASSTT CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2696	2545	Aakasiya	6.00	0.88	Not Felled
2697	2546	Aakasiya	5.00	0.93	Not Felled
2698	2547	Salay	2.00	0.39	Not Felled
2699	2548	Aakasiya	5.00	0.83	Not Felled
2700	2549	Kumbyo	3.00	0.48	Not Felled
2701	2550	Madat	7.00	1.42	Not Felled
2702	2551	Kindal	3.00	0.56	Not Felled
2703	2552	Falas	4.00	1.35	Not Felled
2704	2553A	Falas	3.00	0.93	Not Felled
2705	2553B	Falas	3.00	0.80	Not Felled
2706	2554	Falas	5.00	1.10	Not Felled
2707	2555	Madat	6.00	0.99	Not Felled
2708	2556	Aakasiya	4.00	0.89	Not Felled
2709	2557	Falas	3.00	0.70	Not Felled
2710	2558	Bhedas	2.00	0.39	Not Felled
2711	2559	Jangali	3.00	0.54	Not Felled
2712	2560	Jangali	2.00	0.40	Not Felled
2713	2561	Bhedas	2.00	0.39	Not Felled
2714	2562	Madat	2.00	0.42	Not Felled
2715	2563	Madat	2.00	0.53	Not Felled
2716	2564	Jangali	2.00	0.52	Not Felled
2717	2565	Apto	4.00	0.65	Not Felled
2718	2566	Aakasiya	5.00	0.88	Not Felled
2719	2567A	Falas	4.00	0.89	Not Felled
2720	2567B	Falas	4.00	0.40	Not Felled
2721	2567C	Falas	4.00	0.35	Not Felled
2722	2568	Kuda	2.00	0.38	Not Felled
2723	2569	Bhedas	4.00	0.65	Not Felled
2724	2570	Kindal	4.00	0.78	Not Felled
2725	2571	Madat	6.00	2.50	Not Felled
2726	2572	Madat	7.00	1.80	Not Felled
2727	2573A	Falas	5.00	1.00	Not Felled
2728	2573B	Falas	5.00	0.90	Not Felled
2729	2574	Falas	3.00	0.78	Not Felled
2730	2575A	Madat	7.00	1.20	Not Felled
2731	2575B	Madat	7.00	1.10	Not Felled

CERTIFIED COPY UNDER RIGHT TO INFORMATION ACT, 2005

ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2732	2575C	Madat	7.00	1.00	Not Felled
2733	2575D	Madat	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2734	2576A	Kindal	6.00	0.98	Not Felled
2735	2576B	Kindal	6.00	0.90	Not Felled
2736	2577	Kuda	3.00	0.46	Not Felled
2737	2578	Kindal	3.00	0.80	Not Felled
2738	2579	Falas	3.00	0.61	Not Felled
2739	2580A	Moi	5.00	0.70	Not Felled
2740	2580B	Moi	5.00	0.50	Not Felled
2741	2581	Aakasiya	6.00	1.40	Not Felled
2742	2582	Aakasiya	3.00	0.61	Not Felled
2743	2583	Jangali	3.00	0.54	Not Felled
2744	2584	Jangali	4.00	0.50	Not Felled
2745	2585	Aakasiya	6.00	1.20	Not Felled
2746	2586	Aakasiya	7.00	1.20	Not Felled
2747	2587	Bhedas	3.00	0.53	Not Felled
2748	2588	Falas	2.00	0.68	Not Felled
2749	2589	Falas	2.00	0.55	Not Felled
2750	2590	Aakasiya	6.00	1.15	Not Felled
2751	2591	Kumbyo	2.00	0.48	Not Felled
2752	2592	Madat	8.00	1.45	Not Felled
2753	2593	Kindal	3.00	0.67	Not Felled
2754	2594	Madat	4.00	0.84	Not Felled
2755	2595	Kuda	2.00	0.30	Not Felled
2756	2596A	Falas	5.00	1.07	Not Felled
2757	2596B	Falas	5.00	0.90	Not Felled
2758	2597A	Madat	7.00	1.15	Not Felled
2759	2597B	Madat	7.00	0.70	Not Felled
2760	2598	Jambo	4.00	0.88	Not Felled
2761	2599A	Madat	7.00	1.33	Not Felled
2762	2599B	Madat	7.00	1.10	Not Felled
2763	2599C	Madat	7.00	0.90	Not Felled
2764	2600	Falas	7.00	1.58	Not Felled
2765	2601	Falas	2.00	0.39	Not Felled
2766	2601	Falas	2.00	0.44	Not Felled
2767	2603A	Kindal	3.00	0.60	Not Felled

CERTIFIED COPY UNDER RIGHT TO INFORMATION ACT, 2005

ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2768	2603B	Kindal	3.00	0.55	Not Felled
2769	2604	Falas	2.00	0.68	Not Felled
2770	2605	Falas	3.00	0.75	Not Felled
2771	2606	Kindal	3.00	0.63	Not Felled
2772	2607	Bhedas	2.00	0.57	Not Felled
2773	2608	Madat	7.00	1.20	Not Felled
2774	2609	Bhedas	3.00	0.58	Not Felled
2775	2610	Bhedas	2.00	0.45	Not Felled
2776	2611	Bhedas	3.00	0.60	Not Felled
2777	2612A	Kindal	3.00	0.67	Not Felled
2778	2612B	Kindal	3.00	0.50	Not Felled
2779	2613	Kindal	4.00	0.66	Not Felled
2780	2614	Kindal	3.00	0.66	Not Felled
2781	2615	Sawar	7.00	1.30	Not Felled
2782	2616	Mango	10.00	2.37	Not Felled
2783	2617	Mango	8.00	1.70	Not Felled
2784	2618	Kindal	7.00	1.90	Not Felled
2785	2619	Kindal	7.00	1.12	Not Felled
2786	2620	Jambo	7.00	1.22	Not Felled
2787	2621	Bibo	7.00	0.90	Not Felled
2788	2622	Aakasiya	5.00	0.78	Not Felled
2789	2623A	Kindal	6.00	0.93	Not Felled
2790	2623B	Kindal	6.00	0.80	Not Felled
2791	2623C	Kindal	6.00	0.75	Not Felled
2792	2624	Kindal	5.00	0.74	Not Felled
2793	2625A	Bibo	6.00	0.80	Not Felled
2794	2625B	Bibo	6.00	0.70	Not Felled
2795	2625C	Bibo	6.00	0.65	Not Felled
2796	2626A	karmal	7.00	1.20	Not Felled
2797	2626B	karmal	7.00	1.00	Not Felled
2798	2627A	Bayo	3.00	1.10	Not Felled
2799	2627B	Bayo	6.00	1.00	Not Felled
2800	2627C	Bayo	5.00	0.90	Not Felled
2801	2628	Bibo	6.00	0.80	Not Felled
2802	2629	Kindal	3.00	0.45	Not Felled
2803	2630	Daban	7.00	1.60	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2804	2631	Jambo	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
2805	2632	Jambo	4.00	0.55	Not Felled
2806	2633	Bibo	5.00	0.70	Not Felled
2807	2634	Kumbyo	6.00	0.62	Not Felled
2808	2635	Kindal	6.00	0.80	Not Felled
2809	2636A	Kindal	8.00	1.08	Not Felled
2810	2636B	Kindal	8.00	1.00	Not Felled
2811	2637	Kindal	5.00	0.60	Not Felled
2812	2638	Kindal	7.00	1.10	Not Felled
2813	2639	Jambo	3.00	0.56	Not Felled
2814	2640	Jambo	4.00	0.65	Not Felled
2815	2641	Kindal	5.00	0.70	Not Felled
2816	2642	Bayo	5.00	0.56	Not Felled
2817	2643	Kindal	7.00	0.90	Not Felled
2818	2644	Bibo	7.00	1.17	Not Felled
2819	2645A	Kindal	6.00	0.83	Not Felled
2820	2645B	Kindal	6.00	0.73	Not Felled
2821	2645C	Kindal	6.00	0.65	Not Felled
2822	2646	Bhedas	7.00	0.90	Not Felled
2823	2647A	Ghotting	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
2824	2647B	Ghotting	4.00	0.57	Not Felled
2825	2647C	Ghotting	4.00	0.49	Not Felled
2826	2648	Kasam	4.00	0.45	Not Felled
2827	2649	Bhedas	5.00	0.68	Not Felled
2828	2650	Bibo	4.00	0.70	Not Felled
2829	2651	Bibo	5.00	0.80	Not Felled
2830	2652	Kindal	6.00	0.95	Not Felled
2831	2653A	Kindal	4.00	0.60	Not Felled
2832	2653B	Kindal	4.00	0.30	Not Felled
2833	2654	Kumbyo	7.00	1.90	Not Felled
2834	2655	Kasam	7.00	1.80	Not Felled
2835	2656	Bibo	6.00	0.90	Not Felled
2836	2657	Kuda	4.00	0.65	Not Felled
2837	2658	Ghotting	7.00	1.43	Not Felled
2838	2659	Jambo	3.00	0.61	Not Felled
2839	2660	Jambo	6.00	0.92	Not Felled

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

2840	2661	Bibo	6.00	1.00	Not Felled
2841	2662	Shisham	6.00	0.97	Not Felled
2842	2663	Ghotting	8.00	1.97	Not Felled
2843	2664	Madat	6.00	0.87	Not Felled
2844	2665	Nano	7.00	0.98	Not Felled
2845	2666	Kindal	4.00	0.65	Not Felled
2846	2667	Kindal	4.00	0.67	Not Felled
2847	2668	Bibo	3.00	0.49	Not Felled
2848	2669	Jambo	5.00	0.60	Not Felled
2849	2670	Jambo	5.00	0.63	Not Felled

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RANGE FOREST OFFICER
Salem - GOA

MOLLEM

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ASSTT. CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
PONDA-GOA

Annexure 13

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TOWN & COUNTRY PLANNING DEPARTMENT,
TALUKA OFFICE-QUEPEM/SANGUEM/DHARBANDORA,
QUEPEM-GOA.

REF:- TPQ/ Cond-/5669/D-Sangod/24/1-A/2019/2370 DATE:- 18/10/2019

TECHNICAL CLEARANCE ORDER

Technical Clearance is hereby granted for carrying out the work of establishment of substation power plant, construction of residential units, pump house, well and Bedminton Court and amalgamation of plots as per the enclosed approved plans in the property zoned as Natural cover, No Developmentslope, paddy field as per RPG-2021 and situated at Sangod Village of Dharbandora Taluka bearing Survey no. 21/1,22/1 and 24/1-A with the following conditions:-

1. Construction shall be strictly as per the approved plans. No changes shall be effected in the approved plans/approved built spaces without the prior permission of this Authority.

2. The permission granted shall be revoked, if any information, plans, calculations, documents and any other accompaniments of the application are found incorrect or wrong at any stage after the grant of the permission and the applicant will not be entitled for any compensation.

3. The permission shall be revoked if found expedient to such an action under the provision of Section 50 of the Goa Town & Country Planning Act,1974.

4. The development permission will not entitle the applicant for making/laying any claim on water and any other connection from the Government of Goa.

5. The Developer/applicant should display a sign board of minimum size 1.00mts. x 0.50mts. with writing in black colour on a white background at the site, as required under the Regulations.

6. The applicant shall obtain Conversion Sanad under the Goa Land Revenue Code 1968, before the commencement of any development/construction as per the permission granted by this order.

7. The soak pit should not be located within a distance of 15.00meters from any existing well in the surrounding area

8. The commencement and the completion of the work shall be notified to the authority in writing in appropriate forms.

9. Completion Certificate has to be obtained from this Authority before applying for Occupancy Certificate from the licensing authority.

10. Storm water drain should be constructed along the boundary of the effected plot abutting to the road

11. Adequate Utility space for the dustbin, transformer etc. should be reserved within the plot area. In case of any cutting of sloppy land of filling of low lying land,are involved, prior permission of the Chief Town Planner shall be obtained before the commencement of the works per the provisions of Section 17(A) of the Goa Town and Country Planning Act, 1974.

12. In case of compound walls, the gates shall open inwards only and traditional access, if any passing through the property shall not be blocked.

13. The Ownership of the property shall be verified by the licensing body before issuing the licence.

14. Maximum height of a compound wall along the boundary other than abutting on a street may be permitted up to a maximum height of 1.80 mtrs, and along the boundary abutting on a street upto a height of 1.50 mtrs only and may be of closed type up to a height of 90cm. only and open type above that height

15. Along the intersections of streets no compound wall shall be raised to a height of more than 1.0 mtrs from the crown of the road for a length of 9.0 mtrs from the intersections corner of the plot, on both sides of the plot

16. In case of road intersection the construction of compound wall should be carried out in a smooth curve of 3.00 mtrs radius for roads upto 10.00 mtrs R/W and that of 5.00 mts radius for roads above 10.00mtrs R/W

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17. This order is issued based on the Certificate of Conformity with Regulations and Structural Liability Certificate produced by the owner.

18. This Order is issued based on the Affidavit submitted by the owner sworn before Notary Shri Suraj Kumar.

19. As regards to complaints, pertaining to encroachments, Judicial orders/directive and other legal issues, the same may be verified and confirmed by the concerned Municipality before issuing licence.

20. Shops shall be used for soft commercial use only.

21 Aspects as regards to quality of material used, Structural stability & soundness of the building shall be verified by the Engineer who has designed the project of the proponent, Structural Liability Certificate is submitted by Engineer Auxilio Rodrigues.

22. This Technical clearance order is issued on the basis of survey plan submitted by the applicant issued by Land Survey Department specifically with respect to boundaries of the property. Any dispute that may arise at any point of time with respect to boundaries of the property, shall be resolved by the applicant and the concerned party. This office shall not be held responsible at any point of time as the said technical clearance order is only from Planning point of view.

23 The applicant shall dispose the construction debris at his/her own level and the same shall be taken to the designated site as per the disposal plan given by the applicant in the Affidavit to be produced to the Corporation/MunicipalCouncil/Village Panchayat (as the case may be).

24. This is issued with the approval of the Government vide note of this office dtd 01/11/2018.

25. NOC from concerned authorities shall be obtained before commencement of work wherever required.

26. Permission U/S 17-A of TCP Act shall be obtained if required from the office of the Chief Town Planner (Land use)

27. NOC from the Forest Department shall be obtained if required.

28. Road shall be feasically developed on site before commencement of work.

29. Proposed construction shall not extend in NO Development Slope at any point of time.

THIS ORDER IS ISSUED WITH REFERENCE TO THE APPLICATION DATED 09/10/2018 RECEIVED FROM Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Ltd.

THIS ORDER IS VALID FOR THREE YEARS FROM THE DATE OF ISSUE OF CONSTRUCTION LICENCE PROVIDED THE CONSTRUCTION LICENCE IS ISSUED WITHIN THE PERIOD OF THREE YEARS.

17.10.19

(Manguirish N. Verenkar)
Dy.Town Planner

Note:. Pursuant to this office assessment order no. TPO/5669/Con/24/1-A/2018/1982 dtd.24/12/2018. Applicanthas paid the Goa Infrastructure tax amounting to 3,00,800/- (Rupees three lakhs eight hundred only) vide challan no. 89 dtd. 23/09/2019.

To,
The Director
Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Ltd.,
F1, Mira Corporation Suits,
Ishwarnagar, Mathura road, New Delhi,
110065

Swachcha Bharat - Nital Goen
(Clean India Clean Goa)

Copy to
The Sarpanch/Secretary
Village Panchayat Mollem
Dharbandora-Goa

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Annexure 14

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Typed copy – Resolution of VP Molem

Sr. No. 3/11

Construction license of Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Ltd.

Resolution 11/06/2020

11) A Construction License file of Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Ltd., F-1, Meera Corporation Suits, Ishwarnagar, Mathura Road, New Delhi 110065 regarding establishment of Substation Power Plant, Construction of residential units, pump house, well, and Bedminton Court and amalgamation of plots in Survey No. 21/1, 22/1 24/1-A of Sangod Village in Village Panchayat Molem Tal. Dharbandora Goa was placed before meeting and every member gone through file and after lengthy discussion it is proposed by Mr. Sushant Bhagat and seconded by Rajesh Sangodkar to keep the matter for voting and then Sarpanch kept the matter for voting as follows.

Mr. Rajesh Sangodkar inform that to issue them a Construction License as it will increase the revenue of Village Panchayat, it will increase the employment opportunity in village and as company the CSR Activity we can demand from them as per village panchayat need in benefit of our village

Mr. Sushant Bhagat inform that to issue them a Construction Licence as public of Ward No. 06 have no problem in any manner and public are inviting the project.

Miss Tanavi Kerkar inform that to issue them a Construction License as far development of village and jobs for villagers.

Mr. Sayal Kadam inform that as Sarpanch inform that the said project will be discussed in Gram Sabha. Then issue the Construction License after Gram Sabha.

Mr. Ramkrishna L.G. Dessai inform that place the said matter in Gram Sabha, there is no conversion sanad in the file for project. And if it is passed in the Gram Sabha for benefit of village and if they are ready to do CSR activity then issue the same.

Mr. Babu Shelke inform that to put the said file in coming Gram Sabha and explain it. If Gram Sabha permit to issue Construction License then issue the same.

Miss Sneha Lata R. Naik inform that to put the said file in coming Gram Sabha and explain it. If Gram Sabha permit to issue construction license then issue the same.

Annexure 15

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VILLAGE PANCHAYAT MOLEM

MOLEM, Tal. DHARBANDORA, Dist.- SOUTH-GOA, GOA

Ref. No.VPM/Dhar/Const. Licence/2020-21/435 Date:- 05/10/2020

V. P. MOLEM TAL. DHARBANDORA-GOA

CONSTRUCTION LICENCE

Licence is hereby granted for carrying out the ---

~~(a) Land Sub-division (Provisional/Final)~~

(b) Establishment of Substation Power Plant, Construction of residential units, pump house, well and Bedminton Court and amalgamation of plots in Survey No. 21/1, 22/1 and 24/1-A of Sangod village in Village Panchayat Molem, Tal. Dharbandora-Goa

~~(c) Construction of compound wall~~

~~(d) Change of use (Building/Land)____/as per the enclosed approval plan/plans in the propertyzoned as__in the ODP/CDP/RegionalPlan and situated at____Village/Town bearing Survey No.? Chalta No.____of PTS No.____/Plot No.____of approved sub-divisionreference No./Development Permission Order No.____~~

with following conditions:-

01. The applicant shall strictly comply all the conditions imposed in the Development permission/order No. TPQ/Const/5669/D-Sangod/ 24/1-A/2019/2370, dated 18.102.019 issued by the Planning and Development Authority/Technical Clearance order issued by the Town and Country Planning Department, Quepem-Goa.
02. The applicant shall notify the Panchayat for giving the alignment of the Building.
03. The construction should maintain the minimum prescribed horizontal and vertical clearance from any overhead electrical line passing adjacent to the construction.
04. All RCC/Structural works shall be designed and supervised by the Engineer who has signed the Structural Liability Certificate submitted to the Panchayat.
05. No material for construction or earth from excavation or any other construction material shall be stacked on the public roads.
06. The Building should not be occupied unless the occupancy certificate is obtained from the Panchayat.
07. The construction licence shall be revoked if the construction work is not executed as per the approved plans and the statements therein and whenever there is any false statement or misrepresentation of any material passed, approved or shown in the application on which the permit was based.
08. The applicant should construct a separate soak pit in order to derivate in the sullage water.
09. Any soak pit should be constructed at a minimum distance of 15 meters away from any well.
10. .The ventilation pipe of the septic tank should be provided with a mosquito net.
11. The applicant should connect the pipeline from their latrines/WC's to the sewerage line at their own cost, when the sewerage line is commissioned.
12. The applicant should fix a board at the prominent place whenever the construction is started, indicating the number, the date and the authority for which the licence for development work has been granted.
13. All the building material and other rubbish should be cleared from the construction site before applying for the Occupancy certificate.
14. Water storage tanks should be provided with mosquito proof lids and over flow pipes. The tanks should be provided with access ladders whenever necessary.
15. The drains surrounding the plot if any should be constructed with PCC and should be covered with removable RCC slabs of sufficient thickness.
16. The applicant should gift the road widening area to the Village Panchayat before applying for the Occupancy certificate, if the applicant has utilized the extra FAR in lieu of road widening affecting the plot.

Contd... 2.../

Certified Copy

SECRETARY
Village Panchayat Molem
Dharbandora-Goa

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182

17. The applicant should plaster and paint the building internally as well as externally before applying for Occupancy certificate. Exposed brick/laterite/concrete/stone/ashlars masonry finish to buildings will also be permitted.
18. The applicant should provide a dustbin at a convenient place accessible for the municipal vehicle for collection of garbage.
19. Road widening area shall be asphalted to the existing road level before applying for occupancy certificate.
20. Garage and parking area shown in the approved plan shall be strictly used for parking purposes only and should be easily accessible to vehicles. No commercial activities shall be allowed in these areas.
21. Access up to the entrance of the building is to be paved and is provided with drainage facilities.
22. Space for parking of vehicles is clearly demarcated on the ground.
23. No restaurants/Bars will be permitted in the shops unless a separate soak pit is provided besides confirming to the rules in force.
24. No commercial activities will be permitted in the shops unless a separate permission is obtained from the Panchayat.
25. All temporary sheds/existing buildings shown to be demolished in the plan are demolished before applying for occupancy certificate.
26. Fire escape staircases, if applicable shall be constructed as indicated in the approved plans.
27. All internal courtyards should be provided with drainage outlet.
28. The applicant should maintain all existing natural drains in the plot and should not block them at any stage.
29. No soak pit or other structures should come in the road widening area.
30. The plot boundary should be cordoned off by continuous sheet fencing either of wood or mental during the construction period.
31. The construction of compound wall if any should not obstruct any pathway or any public access. The applicant shall make necessary arrangements for smooth flow of rain water by keeping adequate openings in the compound wall for the purpose.
32. No gates shall open outwards on to the road.
33. The construction of compound wall should be as per the approved plan. The applicant shall inform this Panchayat after the completion of the compound wall.
34. Drinking water well should be 15 meters away from any soak pit.

THIS LICENCE IS VALID FOR A PERIOD OF THREE YEARS FROM THE DATE OF ISSUE OF THIS LICENSE. RENEWAL IF REQUIRED SHALL BE APPLIED WITHIN THE PERIOD OF THE VALIDITY OF THE LICENCE. APPLICANT TO APPROACH PANCHAYAT AFTER COMPLETION OF THE CONSTRUCTION FOR THE OCCUPANCY CERTIFICATE AFTER CLEARANCE FROM THE T.C.P.,QUEPEM-GOA

Received
05/10/20.

V. P. MOLEM * TAL. DHARBANDORA-GOA *

SARPANCH
Village Panchayat Molem
Dharbandora-Goa

Certified Copy

To,
The Director,
Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Ltd.,
F-1, Meera Corporation Suits,
Ishwarnagar, Mathura Road,
New Delhi 110 065

Copy to:-
1.. The Dy. Town Planner, TCP, Quepem/Sanguem/Dharbandora Taluka Office, Quepem-Goa.

Scanned by CamScanner

CS – CM has approved felling of 2670 trees
CM has approved exemption u/s 31 of PT Act.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY AT GOA

PIL WP No. /2020

Temporary No. LD-VC-CW-312-2020

GOA FOUNDATION ...Petitioner

Versus

STATE OF GOA AND ORS. ...Respondents

AFFIDAVIT IN REPLY OF THE RESPONDENT NO. 10

I, P.Krishnamurthy, major of age, Indian National, former Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister of Goa, the Respondent No. 10 herein above, having office at Office of the Advisor to the Administrator, Administration of UT of Lakshadweep, Kavaratti, Lakshadweep , do hereby on solemn affirmation state on oath as under:

1. I state that I have read and understood the contents of the said Petition and I am filing this reply in response thereto. I state that at the moment I am not dealing with each and every averment/contention raised in the petition, but only with the allegations made as against the Affiant and the contentions/averments which have not been traversed and/or denied by me may not be taken to have been admitted by me. I crave leave of this Hon'ble Court to file a detailed Affidavit, if required.

2. At the outset, I deny each and every averment set out by the Petitioner in the said petition, to the extent, the same are inconsistent with the case set out by me herein below.

3. I state that the present Public Interest Litigation has been filed by the Petitioner seeking, amongst others, an order quashing the approval dated 04/02/2019 of the Government of Goa under section 31 of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act, 1984.

4. I say that I was holding the office of the Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister from May 2017 to August 2020.

5. With respect to the contents of paragraph No. 17(1), I say that vide Note bearing No. 1/3/2018/CM/164 dated 28/02/2018 and Note bearing No. 1-2-2018/CM/165 dated 05/03/2018, Late Mr. Manohar Parrikar, the then Chief Minister of the State of Goa had authorized; the Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister i.e. the Affiant herein, and in the absence of the Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister, the Secretary to the Chief Minister; to record the decision/directions of the Chief Minister on the Government correspondence including files/notes and append their signature for disposal of Government business, during the absence of the Chief Minister. I say that the absence of the then Chief Minister at the relevant point of time was on Medical

grounds. Annexed hereto and marked as **Exhibit R-1 colly** are copies of the Notes dated 28/02/2018 and 05/03/2018.

6. I further say that vide Note bearing No. 1/3/2018/CM/183 dated 15/06/2018, Late Mr. Manohar Parrikar, the then Chief Minister of the State of Goa directed that despite his return to India, the same arrangement as directed vide Note bearing No. 1/3/2018/CM/164 dated 28/02/2018 and Note bearing No. 1-2-2018/CM/165 dated 05/03/2018 shall continue until further orders. Annexed hereto and marked as **Exhibit R-2** is a copy of the Note bearing No. 15/06/2018.

7. I further say that Vide Note bearing No. 1-3-2018/CM/ dated 31.12.2018, which was issued in furtherance of the Note bearing No. 1/3/2018/CM/164 dated 28/02/2018 and the Note bearing No. 1-2-2018/CM/165 dated 05/03/2018, photocopies of the noting sheets recording the decisions and directions of the Hon'ble Chief Minister as recorded by the Principal Secretary from 24th December, 2018 to 28th December 2018 were placed for the approval/confirmation of the Hon'ble Chief Minister. I say that the same were approved by the then Hon'ble Chief Minister. Annexed hereto and marked as **Exhibit R-3** is a copy of the Note dated 31/12/2018.

8. Additionally, I say that vide another Note bearing No. 1-3-2019/CM/ dated 13/02/2019, which was also issued in furtherance of the Note bearing No. 1/3/2018/CM/164 dated 28/02/2018, and the Note bearing No. 1-2-2018/CM/165 dated 05/03/2018, photocopies of the noting sheets recording the decisions and directions of the Hon'ble Chief Minister as recorded by the Principal Secretary from 4th February, 2019 to 10th February, 2019 were placed for the approval/confirmation of the Hon'ble Chief Minister. I say that the same were approved by the then Hon'ble Chief Minister. Annexed hereto and marked as Exhibit R-4 is a copy of the Note dated 13/02/2019.

9. With respect to the contents of paragraph No. 17(i) I say that the office of the Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister in light of the afore stated Notes issued was duly authorised by the then Chief Minister to record the decisions/directions of the Chief Minister on the Government correspondence which included files/notes. It is denied that the Affiant herein in his capacity as the Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister has taken a decision on the file. I say that in my capacity as the Principal Secretary to the then Chief Minister I have merely recorded the decision of the Chief Minister on the files/notes on the basis of

instructions to this effect from the then Chief Minister.

10. The contents of paragraph No. 17(m) of the petition are denied. It is denied that I have in my official Capacity as the Principal Secretary taken a decision on behalf of the Government of Goa. It is denied that the making of the endorsement or remark *'Chief Minister has approved'* is a totally fraudulent act on the part of the Affiant. I say that the making of the said endorsement/remark on the file noting is in consonance with the Note dated 28/02/2018 and the Note dated 05/03/2018. I reiterate that the Affiant has merely recorded the decision of the Chief Minister as is evident from the endorsement/remark itself which been made upon the file/note. I say that the said endorsement/remark is made upon the instructions to this effect from the Chief Minister and at no point of time has the Affiant expressed his own decision on the files.

11. The contents of paragraph No. 17(n) are denied. I state that the then Chief Minister had perused the file notings and thereafter communicated his decision to the Affiant. I say that the said Notes dated 28/02/2018 and 05/03/2018 pursuant to which the afore stated course of action was adopted was on account of the then Chief Ministers Medical condition. I say that the then Chief Minister was

advised to avoid physical contact with files/papers. I say that the Petitioners insinuations that the then Chief Minister was not in a medically fit condition to peruse and examine the file is ill founded and baseless.

12. I say that the then Hon'ble Chief Minister, late Mr. Manohar Parrikar, was in all senses and was taking decisions in his capacity as the Chief Minister till his unfortunate demise. I say that the then Hon'ble Chief Minister, Late Mr. Manohar Parrikar, had in fact even attended and given a speech at the inauguration of the Atal Setu on 27/01/2019.

13. I say that the decisions dated 26/12/2018 and 04/02/2019 for permission for felling of 2670 trees and granting exemption under section 31 of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act were taken by the then Hon'ble Chief Minister with full responsibility and all senses. I say that the then Chief Minister directed me to write the approvals on the file as per the authority given to me in the notes as aforesaid.

14. The contents of paragraph No. 17(o) are denied. It is denied that the Affiant, in his capacity as the Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister, has grossly abused powers or misused authority or has usurped the powers of the Government unto himself.

15. The contents of paragraph No. 17(p) are denied. It is denied that the act of the Affiant endorsing the decision of the then Chief Minister on the file pursuant to the Notes dated 28/02/2020 and 05/03/2020 is unconstitutional, unwarranted, without jurisdiction, unlawful or that the same has to be quashed and set aside.

16. It is denied that the Affiant i.e. the then Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister illegally signed and granted approval for exempting the said plot of land under section 31 of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act. I say that the Affiant in his capacity as the principal Secretary to the Chief Minister neither substituted nor took the place of the constitutional authority i.e. the Chief Minister of the State of Goa.

17. I herein reiterate that the Affiant did not exercise the jurisdiction of the Chief Minister to take a decision on the file. I say that the Affiant herein did not take a decision on behalf of the Government or the Chief Minister.

18. It is denied that the endorsement or remark '*Chief Minister has approved*' does not constitute any decision by the Government as required by law.

19. It is denied that the act of the Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister in recording the decision of the Chief Minister and appending his signature to the file/note pursuant to the Notes

dated 28/02/2020 and 05/03/2020 is unconstitutional, unwarranted, without jurisdiction and unlawful.

20. Therefore, in light of the afore stated facts and circumstances, I deny that the Petitioner is entitled to any of the reliefs prayed in the petition.

21. I say that what is stated by me in paragraphs 1 to 12, 13(part), 14(part), 15(part) and 16(part) of the Affidavit in Reply are true to my knowledge and the records maintained by me and the contents of paras 13(part), 14(part), 15(part), 16(part), 17 and 18(part) of the Affidavit in reply are legal submissions based on legal advice, which I believe to be true.

Solemnly affirmed at Kavaratti.

On this 27th day of November, 2020.

NOTARY SALEEM. P.K. Kavaratti, Lakshadweep REG. No. 17154 Expiry Date: 31/12/2024 FIVE RUPEES GOVT. OF INDIA NOTARIAL

Literate deponent personally known to me solemnly affirmed and signed before me at Kavaratti, Lakshadweep on 27th November 2020

Deponent

Identified by:

SALEEM. P.K
ADVOCATE & NOTARY
ROLL No. K/214-F/08
RAHMATH MANZIL, KAVARATTI
LAKSHADWEEP - 682 555

EXHIBIT R-1 COLLY

No. 1/3/2018/CM/164
Office of the Chief Minister,
Secretariat, Porvorim, Goa.

Dated: 28th February 2018.

NOTE

I have been advised by the doctors treating me to avoid physical contact with files for the time being on account of possibility of secondary infection as part of the ongoing treatment.

I have therefore authorised Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister and in his absence Secretary to Chief Minister to record my decision/directions on the Government correspondence including files/notes and append his signature for disposal of the same till further orders.

Parrikar.

Manohar Parrikar
Chief Minister

Chief Secretary

Copy to:

1. **Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister**
2. **Secretary to Chief Minister**

Code-O.R.-17

d/c

Code- O. R.- 17

No. 1-3-2018/CM/165
OFFICE OF CHIEF MINISTER
Secretariat, Porvorim, Goa.

Dated :- 5th March, 2018

NOTE

This is in continuation to my note No.1/3/2018/CM/164 dated 28th February, 2018, in connection with disposal of Government business.

I am travelling to Mumbai for further consultations with the doctors and treatment. Based on the medical advise I may have to go abroad for sometime for treatment.

During my absence, instructions contained in my above referred note dated 28-02-2018 shall remain in force until further orders.

Parrikar

(Manohar Parrikar)
Chief Minister

Chief Secretary

Copy to:-

1. Principal Secretary to Chief Minister
2. Secretary to Chief Minister

EXHIBIT R-2

Code:- O. R.- 17

No. 1/3/2018/CM/183
Office of the Chief Minister,
Secretariat, Porvorim-Goa.

Dated: 15th June, 2018

NOTE

Reference: i) Note No.1/3/2018/CM/164 dated 28/02/2018

ii) Note No.1-3-2018/CM/165 dated 05/03/2018

Vide above mentioned notes, I had issued directions authorizing the Principal Secretary to Chief Minister and in his absence Secretary to Chief Minister to record my decision/directions on the Government correspondence including files/notes and append their signature for disposal of Government business, during my absence on medical grounds.

On my return to India (on 14th June, 2018), I direct that the same arrangements shall continue until further orders, as I have been medically advised to avoid physical contacts with the files/papers as far as possible for some time. However, I might sign some important files/papers myself depending on the necessity/requirement.

Parrikar.

(Manohar Parrikar)
Chief Minister

Chief Secretary:

Copy to:-

1. The Principal Secretary to Chief Minister, Secretariat, Porvorim
2. The Secretary to CM, Secretariat, Porvorim.

Exhibit R-3

No-1-3-2018/CM/
Office of Chief Minister,
Secretariat, Porvorim,Goa

Dated: 31th December, 2018

NOTE

Vide Note no. 1/3/2018/CM/164 dated 28/02/2018 and vide Note No. 1-3-2018/CM/165 dated 05/03/2018, the arrangements were made by which decision / approval of the Chief Minister was to be communicated by Principal Secretary to Chief Minister and in his absence Secretary to Chief Minister by recording the decisions / directions on the Government correspondence including files / notes until further orders.

Accordingly, a daily summary of files along with the notes wherever required are emailed to a dedicated NIC email account of the Hon'ble Chief Minister. Hard copy of the daily summery was also delivered at private residence of Hon,ble Chief Minister through a special messenger.

Based on oral / written instructions received from Hon'ble Chief Minister, Principal Secretary and in his absence Secretary to Chief Minister have recorded the decision / directions of Hon'ble Chief Minister.

1st CM appr is 26/12

Photo copies of noting sheets recording decisions and directions of Hon'ble Chief Minister from 24th December, 2018 to 28th December, 2018 are placed at page 1 to page 306 for confirmation / approval of Hon'ble Chief Minister.

Show approval?

(Bhushan Savaikar)
Under Secretary to Chief Minister

Secretary to Chief Minister 1/1/19

Pr. Secretary to Chief Minister 3/1/19

Where is the confirmation/ approval of CM to the recording of the decisions/approval

Chief Minister Savaikar 3/1

Pr. Sec(CM) 8/1/19 US to CM

Exhibit R-4

No-1-3-2019/CM/
Office of Chief Minister,
Secretariat, Porvorim,Goa

Dated: 13th February, 2019

NOTE

Vide Note no. 1/3/2018/CM/164 dated 28/02/2018 and vide Note No. 1-3-2018/CM/165 dated 05/03/2018, the arrangements were made by which decision / approval of the Chief Minister was to be communicated by Principal Secretary to Chief Minister and in his absence Secretary to Chief Minister by recording the decisions / directions on the Government correspondence including files / notes until further orders.

Accordingly, a daily summary of files along with the notes wherever required are emailed to a dedicated NIC email account of the Hon'ble Chief Minister. Hard copy of the daily summery was also delivered at private residence of Hon,ble Chief Minister through a special messenger.

Based on oral / written instructions received from Hon'ble Chief Minister, Principal Secretary and in his absence Secretary to Chief Minister have recorded the decision / directions of Hon'ble Chief Minister.

CM approved 4/2/19.

Photo copies of noting sheets recording decisions and directions of Hon'ble Chief Minister from 4th February, 2019 to 10th February, 2019 are placed at page 1 to page 726 for confirmation / approval of Hon'ble Chief Minister.

(Bhushan Savaikar) 13/2
Joint Secretary to Chief Minister

Secretary to Chief Minister 14/2/19

Where is the confirmation?

Pr. Secretary to Chief Minister 25/2/19

28.2.2019 **Chief Minister** Parrikar

JS to CM

NOTARY Adv. Raksha R. Hedge GOVT. OF GOA

Substance of Affidavit

1) DCF denies that Sy No 21/1 is pvt forest either per record of Forest Indentif Com or as per its own assessment — para 15, 16

2)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY AT GOA

PIL WP No. /2020

Temporary No. LD-VC-CW-312-2020

GOA FOUNDATION

...Petitioner

Versus

STATE OF GOA AND ORS.

...Respondents

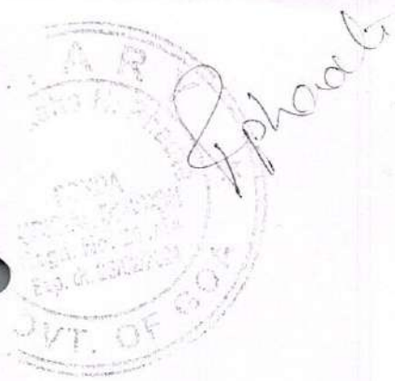
AFFIDAVIT IN REPLY OF THE RESPONDENT NO.2

I, Shri Anisha Kalkoor, M., major of age, Indian National, the Deputy Conservator of Forests, North Goa Forest Division, Government of Goa, the Respondent No. 2herein above, having office at Ponda-Goa, do hereby on solemn affirmation state on oath as under:

1. I say that I am presently working as the Deputy Conservator of Forests, North Goa Forest Division, Government of Goa, the Respondent No. 2, and I am authorized to file the present Affidavit on behalf on

Respondent No 1, 2 and 3. I state that I am filing the present affidavit based on the records available with my office and I am able to depose thereto.

2. I state that I have read and understood the contents of the said Petition and I am filing this reply in response thereto. I say that I am conversant with the facts and circumstances of the issues involved in the present petition. I state that at the moment I am not dealing with each and every averment/contention raised in the petition, but only with the allegations made as against the Affiants office and the contentions/averments which have not been traversed and/or denied by me may not be taken to have been admitted by me. I crave leave of this Hon'ble Court to file a detailed Affidavit, if required.



3. At the outset, I deny each and every averment set out by the Petitioner in the said petition, to the extent, the same are inconsistent with the case set out by me herein below.

4. I state that the present Public Interest Litigation has been filed by the Petitioner seeking, amongst others,

an order quashing the approval of the Government of Goa under section 31 of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act, 1984.

5. It is denied that the action of the Respondent Authorities in allowing the felling of the trees that were standing on the plot bearing survey No. 21/1, of village Sangod is malafide or that the same is in violation of the law in force.

6. The contents of paragraph Nos. 2, 3, 4, 10 and 4, are denied to the extent of the allegations levelled therein.

7. With respect to the contents of paragraph Nos. 13 to 17, I say that the Respondent No 9 vide letter dated 09/10/2018 applied under the Goa Daman and Diu Preservation of Trees Act, 1984 (*hereinafter referred to as the Goa Preservation of Trees Act*) to the Tree Officer, Deputy Conservator of Forests, North Goa Forest Division in the prescribed Form B for permission for felling of trees, spread in approximately 10.0 Ha area, under Sy. No. 21/1, of Sangod village.

8. I say that as per section 9 (3) of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act, '*no permission shall be granted to any person from the same area on more than two occasions during the same year subject to a maximum area of one hectare at a time.*'

9. I say that the Application dated 09/10/2018 of the Respondent No. 9 was returned in light of sub section 3 of section 9 of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act, in furtherance to which the Respondent No.9 vide letter dated 17/10/2018 informed that for the purpose of the project they require a minimum area of 13.00 Ha and are unable to reduce the said area requirement on the ground that the same is mandated by the Electricity Act and Rules for the purpose of maintenance of adequate safety at the sub-station installations.

10. I say that vide letter dated 01/11/2018 the Tree officer also asked the Respondent No. 9 to examine alternative lands in response to which the Respondent No.9 vide letter dated 05.11.2018 expressed its inability for getting an alternative site.

11.I say that the Goa Preservation of Trees Act restricts felling of trees in an area more than one hectare in a year and the area required for the public utility project by the Respondent No.9 was more than one hectare. Therefore, as per provisions of section 9 of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act permission for felling of the trees, spread over an area of 10.30 Ha, could not be granted.

12.I say that Section (31) of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act provides that "*Government may exempt subject to such conditions, if any, as may be imposed, if it considers it necessary so to do in the public interest, by notification, any area or any species of the trees from all or any of the provisions of this Act*". I say that since the project is a Public interest project on non-forest private land the case was processed as per section 31 of the Goa Daman Diu (Tree Preservation) Act, 1984 for exemption of the provisions of the section 9 of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act. It is highlighted that exemption was sought upon considering only one parameter i.e. the area, because as per the provision of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act permission for felling of trees above one hectare cannot be allowed in

This is the crux of the reason for large scale felling

one year and the area required for the proposed public utility project was more than one hectare. I say that all other provisions of the Goa Daman Diu (Tree Preservation) Act, 1984 like planting of adequate number of trees in lieu of trees felled, transit of felled material and others provisions of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act were followed in letter and spirit.

13.I say that at the time of submission of application for felling of trees spread over an area of 10.03 Ha, the Respondent No.9 has not informed about conversion of this area. I say that as on date no NOC has been granted by the Respondent No. 2 for any Conversion of the land bearing survey No. 21/1 of Sangod Village. I say that conversion cases, for NOC, as and when received by the Respondent No.2 are being processed as per the directions of the Hon'ble Apex Court dated 04th February, 2015 and in terms of the law in force.

Seconding appeal

14.I say that the Hon'ble Apex Court vide its Order dated 04th February, 2015 passed in Civil Appeal No. 37942/2014 has directed that "*In the meanwhile, we direct that the respondents herein will not issue any 'No Objection Certificate(s)' for the conversion of any*

plot that has natural vegetation with tree canopy density in excess of 0.1 and an area above one hectare".

15.I most respectfully submit that the Hon'ble Apex Court vide order dated 04/02/2015 has restricted conversion of land alone; it has not restricted felling of trees on private non forest land above one hectare in area. As stated hereinabove the plot bearing survey number 21/1 is neither a Government forest nor has it been identified as a private forest by any of the committees constituted for the purpose of identification of Private Forest. Further, it also does not satisfy the criteria adopted by the Goa Government for identification of private forest.

Third aspect

16.I say that, it is denied that the plot acquired by the Respondent No. 9 has natural vegetation with canopy density of over 80% or that almost all of the tree species found on the plot were forest species. It is unknown as to on what basis the petitioner has arrived at the conclusion that the canopy density of the plot acquired by the Respondent No. 9 is over 80%. In the list of trees provided, it is very much evident that more

Fourth aspect

than 1,200 trees were distributed over an area of about 10 ha and the said trees had a 50 cms or less Girth at Breast Height (GBH).

17. It is denied that the Forest Department set into motion an unprecedented elaborate approval process in order to bypass both the Forest Conservation Act, 1980 as well as the Goa Preservation of Trees Act. I submit that the Provisions of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act, 1984 have been strictly complied with in the present case. I say that no attempt has been made by the Forest Department to circumvent the provisions of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act, 1984.

18. I submit that the Goa Preservation of Trees Act itself empowers the Government to exempt any area or any species of trees from all or any of the provisions of the said Act. I say that the plot bearing survey No. 21/1 of Village Sangod has been exempted from the Application of the provisions of section (9) of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act.

19. With respect to the contents of paragraph Nos. 17(d) & (e), I say that the property bearing survey No. 21/1 of

village Sangod has not been identified as a Private Forest either by the Sawant Committee or the Karapurkar Committee as the said property did not meet the criteria as laid down by the State of Goa for identification of Private Forest.

20. I say that the petitioners have erroneously placed reliance upon the report of the North Goa Forest Division Committee which is at Annexure 9 of the present petition and tried to mislead this Hon'ble Court that survey number 21/1 has been identified as a private forest by the North Goa Forest Division Committee. I say that the property bearing survey No 21/1 of Sangod has not been identified as a private forest by any expert committees, including the North Goa Forest Committee.

21. I submit that the process of identification and demarcation of the private Forest area as identified by the Sawant and Karapurkar Committee was being monitored by the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal, in Original Application No.479/2018 (Earlier O.A. No. 18/2013(THC)(WZ)) wherein the Petitioners herein were the Applicants therein. I say that in pursuance to

the directions of the Hon'ble NGT, the Forest Department submitted periodic progress reports to the Hon'ble NGT. I say that the Report at Annexure 9 of the present petition is one such report. In the said report also there is no specific mention of Survey No 21/1 but it is stated is 'parts of Survey Numbers 21…' and not survey No. 21/1 as is allegedly claimed to be identified as private forest.

22. I say that vide Judgment and Order dated 18/08/2020 passed in the Original Application No.479/2018 (Earlier O.A. No. 18/2013(THC)(WZ)) the report of the Sharma Committee which has finally demarcated the private forests as identified by the Sawant and Karapurkar Committee has been accepted in totality.

23. Further review of private forest areas identified by the Thomas and Auraujo committees is under progress by the committee headed by the Chief Conservator of Forests. I say that the Petitioners herein are the Original Applicants in the said Original Application bearing No.479/2018 (Earlier O.A. No. 18/2013(THC)(WZ)) before the Hon'ble NGT. I therefore respectfully submit that despite being aware

of the Judgment and Order dated 18/08/2020 passed by the Hon'ble NGT in Original Application No.479/2018 (Earlier O.A. No. 18/2013(THC)(WZ)) the Petitioners have sought to mislead this Hon'ble Court by placing reliance upon the interim progress report.

24. With respect to the contents of paragraph No. 17(f), I say that pursuant to the directions of this Hon'ble Court as well as the Hon'ble Supreme Court to locate, identify and demarcate private forest areas, the State of Goa has undertaken the exercise of demarcation of forest area on private land. I say that in January 1997 the First Committee i.e. the Sawant Committee was constituted for the purpose of identification of Private Forests in the State of Goa. I say that thereafter, at different points in time, three other Committees came to be constituted to complete the task of identification of Private Forests in the State of Goa; namely the Karapurkar Committee, Thomas Committee and the Araujo Committee. I say that thereafter 2 review Committees were constituted to review the findings of the Sawant and Karapurkar Committee and a new Committee has been constituted to review the findings of the Thomas and Araujo Committee. I say that the

plot of land in question has not been identified by any of these Committees as a Private Forest. It is most respectfully denied that the Hon'ble Apex Court vide Order dated 04/02/2015 has laid down the criteria for identification of private forest.

25. With respect to the contents of paragraph No. 17(h) I say that in the ordinary course of activities of the Forest Department description of trees is ordinarily done with reference to the girth of the trees. It is denied that the said documents have been tampered with.

26. With respect to the contents of paragraph No.17 (k) it is denied that section 31 of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act cannot apply to Private Land and is only applicable to Government Land. Firstly, I say that section 31 of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act, 1984 in clear and unambiguous terms provides as follows;

'*Section 31.**Power of the Government to exempt.**— Subject to such conditions, if any, as may be imposed, the Government may, if it considers it necessary so to do in the public interest, by notification, exempt any*

area *or any species of trees from all or any of the provisions of this Act.'*

I say that the word 'any area' as found in section 31 makes it abundantly clear that the exemption under section 31 can be claimed qua a private land as well.

27. Secondly, I submit that section 30 of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act reads as follows;

'Section 30- ***Act not to apply to certain areas.***— *Nothing in this Act shall apply to the Government, a Government forest under the control of the Forest Department, a forest or forest land notified under the Indian Forest Act1927.'*

Therefore, is submit that the allegation that section 31 of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act is not applicable to private land but only to Government Land is ill founded, as the provisions of the Preservation of Trees Act in any event do not apply to the Government, a Government Forest or an area notified as a forest under the Indian Forest Act.

28. Thirdly, I submit that even if it is assumed without admitting that the Circular dated 15/11/1991 provides that section 31 of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act is

not applicable to private lands, I submit that a Circular cannot override the statutory provisions. I further reiterate that the land bearing survey No. 21/1 is neither a Government Forest area nor any other forest area, hence neither are the provisions of clause 3 of the said Circular dated 15/11/1991 attracted to the present case.

29. With respect to the contents of paragraph No. 17. (q) I say that the Notification under section 31 of the Goa Preservation of Trees Act has been issued. Annexed hereto and marked as **Exhibit R-1** is a copy of the said Notification.

30. It is denied that the Order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court has been subverted and sabotaged.

31. I say that Section (10) Goa Daman Diu (Preservation of Trees) Act 1984 provides an obligation to plant trees by the person who is granted permission to fell tree under the Act. I say that accordingly, the Respondent No. 2 asked the Respondent No. 9 to plant 8,010 trees of miscellaneous species. I say that accordingly, the Respondent No. 9 has undertaken

plantation of 8,010 saplings in lieu of felling of 2,670 trees. Annexed hereto and marked as **Exhibit R-2** is a copy of the photographs of the said plantation carried out by the Respondent No. 9. I say that the Respondent No. 2 has verified the plantation of the 8,010 saplings undertaken by the Respondent No. 9.

32. It is denied that the Forest Department was duty bound to refer the file to the MoEF&CC for clearance under the provisions of the Forest Conservation Act, 1980. I say that an application was made under the Goa Preservation of Trees Act, 1984 as the land in question was private non forest land and the said plot has not been notified as a private forest area by any committees. Further, it also does not satisfy the criteria adopted by the Goa Government for identification of private forest. Hence, it is denied that illegal diversion of the plot has occurred in violation of the provisions of the Forest Conservation Act, 1980.

33. I say that the plot of land in question bearing Sy No. 21/1 has not been identified by any of the expert Committees as a Private Forest. I submit that the Committees constituted of experts in the said field. I

say that the Judgment and order of the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal has finalized the identification and demarcation of private forest land in Goa as identified by the Sawant and the Karapurkar Committees. Further, review of private forest areas identified by Thomas and Araujo committees is under progress by a committee headed by the Chief Conservator of Forests. However, the plot bearing survey No. 21/1 has neither been identified as a Private forest by the Thomas or the Aurajo committee. I respectfully submit that the Petitioner seeks to indirectly challenge/review/modify the Judgment and Order dated 18/08/2020 of the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal passed in Original Application bearing No.479/2018 (Earlier O.A. No. 18/2013(THC)(WZ))before this Hon'ble Court vide the present petition. I submit that the same is not permissible in law and is a clear abuse of the process of the law. Annexed hereto and marked as **Exhibit R-3** is a copy of the Judgment and Order dated 18/08/2020.

34. Therefore, in light of the above stated facts and circumstances, I deny that the Petitioner is entitled to any of the reliefs prayed in the petition.

35.I say that what is stated by me in paragraphs 1 to 4, 5(part), 6 to 16, 17(part), 18(part), 19 to 25, 29 to 31, 32(part) and 33(part) of the Affidavit in Reply are true to my knowledge and based on the records maintained by my office to which I have access and the contents of paras 5(part), 17(part), 18(part), 26 to 28, 32(part), 33(part) and 34 of the Affidavit in reply are legal submissions based on legal advice, which I believe to be true.

Solemnly affirmed at ~~Panaji~~ Ponda, Goa.

On this 08th day of January, 2021

Deponent

NOTARIAL NOTARIAL NOTARIAL

NOTARIAL NOTARIAL NOTARIAL

Solemnly affirmed before me
by Shri Anish Kalkoor
[illegible] me by
Jadhar No 5724 1427 959
[illegible] known to me
Date: 08/01/2021
Place: Ponda, Goa.
Reg. No.: 8918/2021

ADV. RAKSHA H. PHADTE
NOTARY PONDA
STATE OF GOA
[illegible] Centre,
[illegible]
Place: Ponda, Goa
Date 08/01/2021 Reg. No. 8918/20

Exhibit R-1

Government of Goa,
Forest Department
Secretariat, Porvorim – 403 521
Tel Nos: (0832) 2419443/2419792/2419697 e-mail: usforest-sect.goa@nic.in

No. DCFN/CLM-10/2020-21/4773 Dated: 06/01/2021

NOTIFICATION

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 31 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Preservation of Trees Act, 1984 (Act No 6 of 1984) (hereinafter referred to as the "Said Act"), the Government of Goa considering it necessary so to do in the public interest, hereby exempts the area surveyed under Survey. No.21/1 of village Sangod of Dharbandora Taluka, District South Goa, State of Goa, under the management and control of Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Ltd., from provisions of section 9 of the said Act, subject to the following condition, namely:-

(i) That an intimation shall be sent to the concerned Tree Officer at least a fortnight before felling of any tree in the said area along with the details of the species-wise number of trees which are to be felled, their age and size;

(ii) The tree felled shall not be removed from the said area until an inspection is carried out by Tree Officer and permission is granted by him for transportation of felled material;

(iii) The Goa Tamnar Transmission Project Ltd. shall plant trees as directed by the Tree Officer in such vacant spaces allotted by the Tree Officer and under his supervision.

This Notification shall come into force with immediate effect.

By order and in the name of
the Governor of Goa.

(Punnet Kumar Goel)
Principal Secretary (Forests)

To,

The Director, Printing and Stationery, Government Printing Press, Panaji – Goa for publication in the Official Gazette and supply 2 copies of the same to this office for record.

Copy for information to:

1) Principal Chief Conservator of Forests, Forest Department, Panaji, Goa.
2) Guard File.
3) O/C.

Exhibit R-2

USGOAN SITE

CORDAR SITE

SANGOD SITE

Exhibit R-3

BEFORE THE NATIONAL GREEN TRIBUNAL
(WESTERN ZONE BENCH)
PUNE
(Video Conferencing)
****

Original Application No. 479/2018
(Earlier O. A. No. 18/2013 (THC) (WZ)
(I.A. No. 531/2019, I.A. No. 155/2019, I.A. No. 156/2019, I.A. No. 157/2019, I.A. No. 240/2020 & I.A. No. 254/2020)

IN THE MATTER OF:

1. **GOA FOUNDATION**
   a Society registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1960 through its Secretary, Dr. Claude Alvares and having its registered office at Room 7 above Mapusa Clinic, Mapusa, Goa **...APPLICANT**

Verses

1. **STATE OF GOA**
   Through its Chief Secretary,
   Government of Goa, Secretary
   Porvorim, Goa

2. **Forest Department**
   Through the Chief Conservator of Forests
   Panaji, Goa

3. **The Collector, North Goa, Panaji, Goa**

4. **The Collector, South Goa, Margao, Goa**

5. **The Task Force on Regional Plan 2021**
   Through its Member-Secretary, Old GMC Complex, Panaji, Goa

6. **The Secretary, Ministry of Environment & Forests, Paryavaran Bhavan, C.G.O Complex, Lodi Road, New Delhi 110003**

7. **Crisna Nanu Naik**
   Nanu House, Varde Valaulikar Rd,
   Margao. Goa

Mr. Abhishek Bharti, Advocate for Applicant in I.A. No. 155/2019

Mr. Shivan Desai alongwith Mr. Shivshankar Swaminathan, Advocates for Intervenor

Counsel for Respondent(s):

Mr. Nalin Kohli, Ms. Ruchira Gupta and Mr. Harsha Peechara, Advocates for R- 1 & 2

Mr. Dhruv Mehta. Sr. Advocate alongwith Mr. Ninad Laud, Mr. Ivo D'Costa and Mr. Keith Varghese, Advocates for R- 7 & 8

JUDGMENT

PRESENT:

HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE SHEO KUMAR SINGH (JUDICIAL MEMBER)
HON'BLE DR. SATYAWAN SINGH GARBYAL (EXPERT MEMBER)

Reserved on: 11.08.2020
Uploaded on: 18.08.2020

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1. Whether the judgment is allowed to be published on the net?
2. Whether the judgment is allowed to be published in the NGT Reporter?

SHEO KUMAR SINGH J.

1. This case was originally filed as Writ Petition No. 673/2008 in the High Court of Judicature Bombay Goa Bench at Panaji on 15.10.2008 challenging the consolidated report of the Goa Forest Department regarding demarcated private forests of Goa. The relief sought in the Writ Petition were as follows:

> *"a. For a writ or order setting aside the consolidated demarcation report (Annexure D/Annexure K), wholly or in part.*
>
> *b. For an order or writ directing the Respondents to file a fresh report indicating demarcation of non-forest area from forest area solely in respect of survey numbers partially identified as forest that are listed in the Sawant and Karapurkar Committee Reports*

e. Pending hearing and final disposal of this petition, for an order restraining the Respondent no. 5 from acting on the letter dated 08.07.2008 of the Forest Department.

f. for Costs of this Petition;

g. for any other reliefs this Hon'ble Court may be please to grant."

2. The Hon'ble High Court transferred this matter to the National Green Tribunal vide their order dated 17.10.2013 which reads as under:

"Considering the reliefs sought and the averments in the petitions, we are of the view that the petitions should be transferred to the National Green Tribunal constituted under the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010. The Registrar (Judicial) is requested to take necessary steps to implement this order."

3. Thereafter, the case was listed as O.A No. 18(THC) of 2013 at Western Zonal Bench on 30.10.2013. The applicant in the present application has raised "substantial questions relating to the environment" connected with implementation of the Forest Conservation Act, 1980 in the State of Goa and enforcement of the directives of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the *Godavarman* matter. This application is being filed to challenge the consolidated report of the Goa Forest Department which purports to show the demarcated private forest of Goa in terms of the directions given in the order of the High Court dated 02.07.2003 in MCA No. 350/2003 in Writ Petition No. 286/2003. The applicant in their application has submitted as follows:

"4. In January 1997, the Government of Goa set up the Sawant Committee comprising forest officials and other experts to implement the directions of the apex court dated 12.12.1996 in Writ Petition No. 202/1995 (Godavarman Thirumulkpad Vs. UOI) in respect of identification of forest areas in the state. The Committee submitted its report on 08.12.1999.

5. The State Government was thereafter prevailed upon by certain

Petition No. 181/2001 is hereto annexed to this petition as Annexure A

6. Pursuant to the said order, the Karapurkar Committee restricted its work to identification of additional areas only. A total of 67 sq km was identified by both these committees and these reports are now in the record of the Supreme Court of India in Writ Petition No. 202/1995. Nothing in these reports can be modified without the express approval of the Supreme Court of India.

7. The Petition filed in the apex court was thereafter disposed of by order dated 10.02.2006 which is hereby annexed to this petition as Annexure B. Pursuant to the said order, writ petition No. 334/2006 has been filed by the applicant and is pending adjudication before the Hon'ble High Court.

8. As the State Government was not accepting any of the two Expert Committee reports, this applicant filed application No. 350/2003 in a pending wrt petition No. 286/2003. WP NO. 286/2003 challenges development on a plot of land identified as forest by the Karapurkar Committee. The application was filed on the grounds that permissions are continuously being given for development of land despite the areas being identified as forest by the Sawant or Karapurkar Committee. In the light of the allegation of the applicants, the Hon'ble High Court directed a freeze on any approval for further development or change of zoning in survey numbers identified as forest by the Karapurkar and Sawant Committees. The order dated 02.07.2003, the Hon'ble Court directed the State of Goa to demarcate the non-forest areas from the forest areas based on the Sawant and Karapurkar Committee reports and submit the same to the court within six months. Eventually, the Department took more than five years. The Consolidated final report was submitted to the Hon'ble High Court annexed to an affidavit dated 30.06.2008 of the Chief Conservator of Forest. Copy of the affidavit and consolidated report (hereinafter referred to as the "impugned report") is annexed to this petition as annexure D. It is this report which is sought to be challenged in this application.

9. The impugned report was taken on record by the Hon'ble Court by its order dated 07.07.2008. On that day itself, the applicant expressed alarm over the gross discrepancy between the forest land demarcated now by the ground survey team and the area identified as forest by the Sawant and Karapurkar Committees (hereinafter, "expert committees".

10. Thereupon, applicant amended its writ petition and also filed a detailed affidavit objecting to parts of the impugned report. By its orders dated 22.09.2008/23.09.2008, the Hon'ble Court permitted this applicant to file a fresh, substantive petition in which the report of demarcation of forests could be taken up independently of the challenges posed to development of a few survey numbers."

c. Issues an order directing the respodnents to file a separate report in respect of additional or new survey numbers identified as forest by the Forest Department while conducting the demarcation exercise. This report to be filed within an urgent time-frame.

d. Any other reliefs this Hon'ble Tribunal may be pleased to grant.

5. The Hon'ble Supreme Court in the Writ Petition (Civil) No. 181/2001 had ordered on 04.05.2001 that no action be taken contrary to the final report of Sawant Committee. Thereafter, the Hon'ble Supreme Court while deciding the Writ Petition (Civil) No. 181/2001 on 10.02.2006 had ordered as below:

"This petition was filed in the year 2001 primarily challenging the appointment of Karapurkar Committee. I.A. No. 3 has been filed, inter alila, contending that despite two Committee Reports (Sawant Committee and Karapurkar Committee), bulk of private forest in the State of Goa still remains to be identified and the same is being sacrificed in collusion with developers and vested interest persons and no action has been taken by the State Government to set up a fresh Committee that will bring a finality to the survey of private forests in the State of Goa in compliance with the order dated 12th December, 1996, passed in Writ Petition (c) No. 202 of 1995. In substance, the prayer in the application is for appointment of another Committee or for consideration of the issue by the Central Empowered Committee to identify the private forests. These issues, we are afraid, do not arise out of the writ petition which has become infructuous on Karapurkar Committee and Sawant Committee having submitted their Reports. In case, the petitioner has any further relief to seek, it may, in accordance with law, file a fresh substantive petition before an appropriate forum which would be considered on its own merits. The writ petition is disposed of, it having become infructuous. I.A No. 3 is also disposed of accordingly. "

6. The process of identification of private forest in the State of Goa was started in the Year 1997, with constitution of S.M. Sawant Committee on 24.01.1997, pursuant to the Hon'ble Supreme Court's order dated 12.12.1996 in Writ Petition (Civil) No. 202/1995, T.N. Godavarman Thirumalpad Vs. Union of India and others. Vide this order Hon'ble Supreme Court had directed that each State Government should constitute within one month an Expert

iii) Identify areas covered by plantation trees belonging to the Government and those belonging to private persons."

7. Since there was no record of private forests in the State of Goa, the Sawant Committee was governed by the criteria adopted by State of Goa in 1991 based on High Court of Bombay judgment in Writ Petition No. 162/1987, Shivanand Salgaonkar Vs. Tree Officer & others. The criteria was as follows:

"i) 75 % of the tree Composition of such lands should be of Forestry species;

ii) The area should be either contiguous to the Government Forest lands or if in insolation, the minimum area identified should be 5 ha; and

iii) Canopy density should not be less than 0.4."

8. The Sawant Committee submitted its final report on 10.12.1999, identifying 46.60 sq km area as private forest. However, the Committee itself clarified in its report that the report is an approximation and that before finalizing, the State Government would have to carry out actual ground verification to determine the extent of Private Forests (Fulfilling the above three criteria) existing. Also it was clarified that the area identified by them is not exhaustive and still more areas might have remained unidentified.

9. Upon examination of the Sawant Committee report, the State Government decided that the work is not complete and many more areas were yet to be identified. The State Government, therefore, decided to constitute another Committee vide order No. 10/40/(PART-I)/FE/96 dated 04.09.2000 under the chairmanship of Dr. Hemant Karapurkar to demarcate and delimit all those private properties having natural forests standing thereon and to

gave assurance to the Apex Court that Karapurkar Committee was working towards identification of the additional areas, so as to complete the task that remained uncompleted by Sawant Committee. Subsequently, the Hon'ble Supreme Court appreciated the additional work done by the Committee and directed to submit report by January, 2003. Since Considerable time was lapsed due to this PIL, the Karapurkar Committee could resume its works only in February, 2002 and the Committee could not go beyond identification of survey numbers. The Karapurkar Committee submitted its report, identifying 20.52 sq km of additional Private Forest areas in the State on 16.12.2002.

10. Thus the total area of Private Forests identified by both the Committees was 67.12 sq km. Both the Committees had identified the Private Forest areas based on approximation and had suggested an exhaustive survey to find out the actual extent. While the State Government was contemplating the required action on above mentioned two reports, the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay at Goa passed an Order dated 02.07.2003 in MCA No. 350/2003 in Writ Petition No. 286/2003 directing the State Government to demarcate the non-Forest areas from Forest areas on the basis of Sawant and Karapurkar Committee reports.

11. It is worthwhile to mention that on 02.07.2003 Hon'ble High Court of Bombay at Goa in Writ Petition No. 286/2003 had, *inter alia*, directed the State Government as under:

> *"3) ....To demarcate the non-forest areas from the forest areas based on either Sawant Committee or Karapurkar Committee reports and submit the same to this Court within six months from today."*

12. Pursuant to the 07.07.2003 order of Hon'ble High Court of Bombay at

demarcation report was challenged before the Hon'ble High Court in Writ Petition No. 673/2008 by the present applicant, namely, Goa Foundation stating that there is a reduction in the private forest area from area identified and demarcated by both Sawant Committee and Karapurkar Committee.

13. When this matter came up before the National Green Tribunal at Western Zonal Bench on 07.01.2016 following directions were passed:

> *''We are constrained, therefore, to direct that the above Government authorities and the higher authorities in the State Department such as Secretary of the Forest Department, Secretary of the Revenue Department and DLSR would constitute a committee within four (04) weeks and evolve internal mechanism to demarcate it private forest areas in each of the land which is recognised as full and private forest by Karapurkar Sawant Committee. The aforesaid committees need not wait for any further directions, in this context, of the Apex Court in as much as even if the issue is decided by the Apex Court, in any manner, the final outcome of demarcation may not impact rights of the parties because the private owners may seek remeasurement to the extent of the private lands for delineation of the private forests, seeking exclusion of the excessive lands for which the liberty is granted. In the above circumstances, Stand Over to 11th March, 2016"*

14. In pursuance of this order of National Green Tribunal dated 07.01.2016, the Government of Goa constituted a new Committee (Sharma Committee) to review the private forest area identified by the earlier Sawant and Karapurkar Committee and the final results of the review Committee are as follows:

> *"5.1 The Sawant Committee identified 46.60 sq km area as private forest. The Karapurkar Committee identified 20.52 sq km of additional Private Forest area in the State. Thus the Total area of Private Forests identified by both the Committees was 67.12 sq km. Both the Committees had identified the Private Forest areas based on approximation and had suggested an exhaustive survey tofind out the actual extent. As per the demarcation report of earlier demarcation team of Forest Department the actually surveyed and demarcated*

Map/Classified image of year 2003, an area of 9.72 sq km out total 34.28 sq km area, was found to be qualifying the canopy density criteria, however on ground verification for 75 % species composition criteria, out of this 9.72 sq km area, an area of 4.91 sq. km was found to be qualifying all the three criteria of Private Forest. The Taluka wise detail of this 4.91 sq km area is as follows:

Sr No	Taluka	Total Private forest area on review (ha)
1	Pernem	9.31
2	Bardez	40.53
3	Tiswadi	144.80
4	Bicholim	1.90
5	Sattari	41.55
6	Ponda	37.31
7	Dharbandora	46.38
8	Sanguem	93.21
9	Marmugao	29.05
10	Salcete	9.61
11	Quepem	9.36
12	Cancona	28.06
	Total	491.09 ha Or 4.91 sq km

5.3 After field verification and analysis of field data with respect to Forest Cover Map/Classified image of Year 2003, out of total 92 villages of 12 talukas under review, in 52 villages, an additional area of 4.91 sq km has been found to be qualifying all three private forest criteria by the Review Committee. Therefore out of total 67.12 sq km referred area by Sawant and Karapurkar Committee, the Review Committee has identified an area of 46.11 sq km as Private Forest of Goa."

15. The Principal Chief Conservator of Forest, State of Goa- Respondent no. 1 and 2 in compliance of our order dated 04.03.2020 filed a status report. It has been submitted in the status report that considering the principles of natural justices, the State of Goa vide notification dated 23.08.2019 constituted another Committee under the Chairmanship of Joint Secretary, (Revenue) to finalise a report on private forest submitted by the Private Forest

Committee) submitted its complete final report on 13.03.2020. As per the report of JS (Revenue) Committee, the abstract of review of private forest areas identified by earlier Sawant and Karapurkar Committees is as below:

A-	Private forest area identified by Sawant and Karapurkar Committees by ocular survey.	67.12 sq kms
B-	Private forest area demarcated by forest department from 67.12 sq kms from 2003-2008	41.20 sq kms
C-	Differences in areas identified by both Committees and demarcated by Forest Department	25.92 sq kms
D-	Area identified by Review Committee out of 25.92 sq kms	4.91 sq kms

Work carried by the JS (Revenue) Committee is as under:

SL no.	I	II	Remarks
I)	Area in which none filed objections before the JS (Revenue) Committee	2.90 sq kms	Taken as Private Forests.
II)	Area in which objections received by JS (Revenue) Committee out of 4.91 sq kms	2.01 sq kms	
III)	Area found qualifying the criteria for private forests by JS (Revenue) Committee	0.97 sq kms	Taken as Private forest.
IV)	Area found not qualifying the criteria for private forests by JS (Revenue) Committee	1.04 sq kms	
V)	Total Area found qualifying the criteria of private forests in respect of Sawant and Karapurkar Committees	41.20 + 2.90 + 0.97 =45.07 sq. kms	

16. It has been stated in the JS (Revenue) Committee (D'Souza Committee) report that no objections were received for an area of 2.90 sq km out of 4.91 sq

17. It has been stated in the JS (Revenue) Committee's Report that the issue of identification of land as private forest can be done only if the entire survey holding of the affected party is demarcated and taken up for tree count. Doing the work in patches as done by the Review Committee may be suitable to complete the work, however, it is not fair to the land owner who may be affected due to identification of his or her land as private forest. The Committee was of the opinion that private forest had to be identified rationally keeping in mind the directives of the Hon'ble Apex Court. However, while implementing the directives of the Hon'ble Apex Court designating any person's land having a dwelling house/structure used for residential or commercial purpose or land falling under settlement zone with land conversion certificate as Private Forest land is not desirable. There should be no scope for any ocular identification of Private Forest or identification by patch sample method in residential, settlement areas, etc. Each and every property identified as Private Forest in such areas due to which development activity may have been barred might eventually have to be taken up for payment of compensation either monetary or by providing alternate land to the affected land owners.

18. On perusal of a report of the various Committees i.e, Sawant Committee, Karapurkar Committee, Private Forest Review Committee and Joint Secretary (Revenue) Committee and after the submissions made by the parties at both sides we are of the considered opinion that total of 46.11 sq kms i.e., (41.20 sq km of the forest area demarcated by the Forest Department out of 67.12 sq km identified by Sawant Committee and Karapurkar Committee + 4.91 sq km private forest area identified by the Review Committee) is the private forest area in the State of Goa.

respondent to challenge the report to the extent that it concerns its property in appropriate legal proceedings. The applicant has annexed a copy of the letter dated 07.12.2005 and dated 23.06.2014, copy of the order dated 07.01.2016 passed by this Tribunal, copy of the letter dated 06.06.2019 from the answering respondent to the Review Committee, copy of the GIS Map superimposed on the State survey report letter of objection dated 10.09.2019, letter dated 30.09.2019, Written Submission dated 09.10.2019 placed by the answering respondent before the Committee constituted to finalized the private forest, additional written submission dated 11.10.2019 placed by the answering respondent before the Committee, copy of the letter dated 12.02.2020 from the answering respondent before the Committee, copy of the letter dated 13.06.2001 and 19.06.2008 from the answering respondent to the State of Goa. The perusal of all records reveals that the applicant is agitating the matter from 2008 till yet and was part of the proceedings and has moved an application, objection, reply, written submission and was given opportunity of hearing at every stage either before the State Government or before the Committees. His applications/ objections and documents placed before the Committee or State was duly considered and was heard and decided thus he cannot say that he was not given opportunity of hearing. As narrated in the paragraph 5 of the application, the detail discussion with regard to the property of the respondent has been discussed by the Committee. It is further narrated that in 2005, a representative of the State Government visited the Respondent's property and intimated them that the State Government would be surveying the property for designation either private forest and consequently the answering respondent on 07.12.2005 addressed a letter to the Deputy

reveals that every stage of proceedings, the applicant participated in the matter and filed objection and his objection and reply was duly considered by the Committee thus application for further hearing when this Tribunal is at the stage of finalizing the matter which is pending from the decades is not maintainable. Thus the application is disposed of accordingly.

20. Another application I.A No. 254/2020 was filed by Lucindo D.A. De Faria on 05.08.2020 with the prayer that the Respondent no. 1 and 2 be directed to further inspect and demarcate its land individually with regard to the plot mentioned in the application. The perusal of record reveals that the matter has contested in separate application and also the SLP has been filed before the Hon'ble Supreme Court. Learned Counsel for the State had submitted that the matter is pending from the decades and for 4 times the Committees was constituted i) Karapurkar Committee, ii) Sawant Committee, iii) Sharma Committee and iv) D'Souza Committee and now matter should be taken at rest and be finalized and any person aggrieved after the notification of the State may approach the Competent Authority for redressal of his grievances. From the perusal of report of the Review Committee headed by Ms. Deepshikha Sharma (herein after called 'Sharma Committee') which was submitted to the Government of Goa on 21.06.2019 and D'Souza Committee headed by Shri Anthony D'Souza (herein after called D'Souza Committee) it appears that there is only an area of 1.04 sq kms from Sawant and Karapurkar Committee which is a matter of discrepancy between the Sharma and D'Souza Committee. The Sharma Committee recorded it as Private Forest, the D'Souza Committee concludes it is not forest. This is only one of the issues which are dealt here.

21. It is necessary and to decide the matter finally which has been pending

which took more than two years from 2005 to 2008 to complete the task. It was found that the demarcation exercise dramatically reduce the original forest area identified by Sawant and Karapurkar Committee, it immediately was challenged by filing the writ petition in 2008. The perusal of the report reveals that none of the three demarcation Committee first Forest Department second Sharma Committee and third D'Souza Committee have found the total original area of 67.12 sq km identified by Sawant and Karapurkar Committee to qualify as forest based on the three criteria adopted by the Forest Department for the purpose, namely, the plot should be minimum 5 ha area, have minimum 75 % forest species and minimum 0.4/40 % canopy density. Hence, the 67.12 sq km that was identified as a private forest between the Year 1997 to 2002 have been reduced by all the demarcation Committee by around 20 sq km. It is further that the matter has been raised before the Hon'ble Apex Court and Hon'ble Supreme Court has, however, passed an interim order restraining grant of any conversion permission for any wooded line with canopy density above 0.1 (10%) and having area above 1 ha. It is agreed between the parties that the matter which is pending before the Hon'ble Supreme Court, will be governed by the decision passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court. It is further submitted that D'Souza Committee has accepted 2.90 sq km identified by the Sharma Committee as forest and since as per report submitted by the Principal Chief Conservator of Forest notice has been issued and no objection has been submitted thus this is also finalized and to be added as a private forest. It is to be noted that Sharma Committee was constituted in accordance with the direction issued by this Tribunal and was constituted by the State Government which comprised Senior Forest Officials chaired by Deputy Conservator of

disclosed its methodology to this Tribunal and interim report filed by the Committee was submitted to the Government which was neither denied nor rejected and pending for final disposal. For finalization of this matter the State Government, infact deployed a total of 100 Executive Staff comprising 12 Range Forest Officials, 12 Round Foresters, 71 Forest Guards, 4 Surveyors from DSLR with 22 Vehicle for movement and this Team was visited 113 Villages in 12 Talukas of Goa across an affected area of 32.85 sq km. It is further argued that this ground verification came after the Sharma Committee on the basis of digitization of the private forest area identified and superimposition of the digitised data on satellite imaginaries obtained from Forest Survey of India, Dehradun, an interpretation of the Forest Cover Data based on canopy, density classification. A copy of the Civil Appeal No. 37942/2014 in the matter of Goa Foundation Vs. State of Goa and others order dated 04.02.2015 whereby there was a direction *"in the meanwhile, we direct that the respondents herein will not issue any no objection certificate for the conversion of any plot that the natural vegetation with tree canopy density in excess of 0.1 and an area above 1 ha"* have been passed.

22. With reference to the application I.A 254/2020 filed by the applicant, the forestry status of the plot as submitted has been decided and conform and after detail hearing given to the parties it has been finally heard and decided. The Judgment resolved and determined all the issues now sought to be re-agitated by Lucindo D.A. De Faria in the matter, this Tribunal determined that 12.61 ha of the applicant property is forest and demarcated by the Forest Department. The Applicant has not disclosed these facts in his application. The copy of the order passed by this Tribunal in application no. 22(THC)/2013

survey numbers of Mapusa town which is claimed to be forest in nature, without any order for diversion of forest under the provisions of Forest Conservation Act, 1980.

2. Brief facts of stated in the Application are as follows: The land in question, (hereinafter called "the plot"), comprising of S.Nos. Chalta No.20 of PT Sheet No.47, Chalta No.38 of PT Sheet No.47, Chalta No.49 of PT Sheet No.48, Chalta No.29 of PT Sheet No.47, Chalta No.8 of PT Sheet No.47, Chalta No.6 of PT Sheet No.47, Chalta No.10 of PT Sheet No.47 and Chalta of PT Sheet No.47 is located at Xelpem and is within the jurisdiction of Mapusa Municipal Council. The Applicants submit that the Sawant and Karapurkar Committees which were formed to identify the private forest areas of State of Goa, have already submitted their Reports and these reports are before the Hon'ble Apex Court. The Applicants claim that the Karapurkar Committee Report identifies the above survey numbers as Forests and therefore, no further development activities can be permitted in the said plot without prior approval under the Forest Conservation Act. The Applicants allege that during the year 2000, the Respondent Nos.9 to 11 were able to secure several permissions to fell trees on the plot and the trees were felled under cause of "re-plantation". The Applicants, therefore, requested the Chief Conservator of Forest Goa, to enforce the provisions of Forest Conservator Act, 1980 on the said survey numbers as they had been identified as "forest" by Karapurkar Committee. Considering the above facts, the Applicants have prayed for:

> " an order or order in the nature of a writ directing the Respondent Nos.2,3,5,7,8,9 to 11 jointly and severally to restore survey Chalta No.20 of PT sheet No.47, Chalta No.38 of PT Sheet No.47, Chalta No.49 of PT Sheet No.48, Chalta No.29 of PT sheet No.47, Chalta No.8 of PT Sheet No.47, Chalta No.6 of PT Sheet No.47, Chalta No.10 of PT Sheet No.47, and Chalta No.11 of PT Sheet No.47 of Xelpem, Mapusa to its original state by removing development works including roads and electricity poles, compound walls and buildings and to replace and replant the area with appropriate indigenous forestry species."

3. This Application was dealt by Hon'ble High Court of Bombay through its several interim orders and on 2nd July 2003, the Hon'ble High Court noted that two (2) survey numbers identified under PT Sheet Nos.47 and 48 are prima facie covered by the Report of Karapurkar Committee showing some part of land as forest land and some part of land is non forest land. The Hon'ble High Court further directed the Respondents not to proceed to develop the property based on development permissions granted on the plot in question till further orders. The Hon'ble High Court on the same day further issued directions in M.A. No.350/2003 in W.P. No.286/2003 which are reproduced

Conservation Act, it will be open to such party to develop the land, provided it has other necessary permissions to carry out the development.

(3) The First Respondent if it has not already done, to demarcate the non-forest areas from the forest areas based on either Sawant Committee or Karapurkar Committee reports and submit the same to this Court within six months from today.

4. *The Revenue Department-Government of Goa- Respondent No.1 filed an Affidavit on 24-2-2004 and informed that the State Government has presently taking a decision that Reports of Sawant and Karapurkar Committees would be placed with the Deputy Collector, so that the forest areas mentioned therein are known to authorities, based on which the appropriate decision could be taken in any matter relating to conversion of such land.*

5. *It is observed from the records that Forest Department filed Regular Affidavit along with the progress report mentioning the names of the villages and survey numbers which were surveyed for identification and demarcation of forest in compliance with the directions of the Hon'ble High Court. Such nine (9) Reports were filed up to 30-06-2008. The Affidavit of Mr. J.L. Singh, Chief Conservator of Forest, Department of Forest, Government of Goa dated 26-6-2006 (page 162) indicates that in Xelpem village of Mapusa city, total 12.61 Hectare of forest land has been identified and demarcated in P.T. Sheet Nos. 47(P), 48(P), 65(P), 66(P), 70(P) and 71(P). The Progress Reports of 30-6-2008 mentions that though State Level Expert Committee (SLEC) tentatively identified 28 ha of private forest area in S. Nos. i.e. 44, 45, 47(P), 48(P), 49, 64, 65(P) and 66(P), however, during the survey, the private forest is only 2.84 ha. comprising plot No.1 of 1.27 ha. and plot 2 of 1.57 ha. was identified and demarcated.*

6. *Subsequently, Dr. Shashi Kumar, Chief Conservator of Forest filed another Affidavit on 11-12-2009 wherein he submitted that there were certain errors while transferring the data and submitted that in Xelpem village the land in question i.e. P.T. Sheet Nos. 44, 45, 47(P), 48(P), 49, 64, 65(P), 66(P), 70(P) and 71(P) where the SLEC had tentatively identified 28 Hectares of forest, however, on actual identification demarcation exercise, total 12.61 hectare of private forest is identified and demarcated. It is also mentioned that this block comprises of P.T.S. Nos. 47, 48, 65 and 66 of Xelpem village.*

7. *Respondent Nos.9, 10 and 11 submitted their counter Affidavit in the Tribunal on 24-4-2014, though the original Writ Petition is of 2003. They had not submitted reply in the High Court. The Respondents submit that they are the co-owners of the said property since long from about 1905. The description certificate of the property clearly establish that the said property was having number of houses, thus giving the land in question a character of a Residential property to the said property. There are 117 houses*

were identified as private forest area by Karapurkar Committee. The Respondents claim that they engaged service of M/s. Alpha Agritech Consultants Pvt. Ltd. headed by Forest Experts and Consultants have carried out full exhaustive studies through field visits to study the plot area, in view of three (3) criteria of Forest Identification adopted by Karapurkar Committee. The Consultants submitted their Report in Oct, 2005 concluding that the entire area of 28 Hectare of said property does not qualify as Forest. The Respondents also challenged the Karapurkar Committee Report on the ground that no field visits were done by the Committee. They also claim that the finding of the Karapurkar Committee are not final and subject to detailed ground survey. It is the claim of the Respondents that though the Hon'ble High Court had stayed said development on the identified property, the Hon'ble High Court permitted the development in non-forest area as identified by the Forest Department. The Respondents claim that the Forest Department in its Affidavit dated 30-6- 2008 categorically mentions identification and demarcation of only 2.84 hectares as part of forest area from PT Sheet No.47 and 48. The Respondents, therefore, relied on the Report of the Expert Consultants and further submit that they have made an enquiry under R.T.I. Act regarding an inspection report or the map of identified in the subject property prepared by the Forest Department while arriving at a conclusion that 12.61 hectare is a Forest land. This R.T.I. inquiry was dated 15th January, 2014 and the reply was given on 30th January 2014.

8. The Respondents relied on the plan provided with R.T.I. inquiry which indicates only two patches i.e. plot Nos.1 and 2 admeasuring 1.27 hectare and 1.57 hectare respectively, as identified forest from the PT sheet Nos. 47, 48, 65 and 67. Considering these documents along with the Expert Consultant Report, the Respondents claim that both these documents are matching in terms of the area, location and the extent of forest patches and further state that they are willing to maintain the said area in its natural status as recommended by the Expert Consultants. The Respondents further submit that they are qualified in agricultural activities and have successfully carried out the agricultural plantation business. Respondents also submit that some trees were ought to be felled for various reasons and the same were felled after taking necessary permission from Authorities and also conducting re-plantation. The Respondents claim that the Karapurkar Committee Report is so far not accepted by the State Government or Hon'ble Supreme Court and further identified patches of 2.94 hectares also, do not meet the three (3) criteria for forest identification adopted by Karapurkar Committee. The Respondents, therefore, resisted the Application.

9. Considering submissions of the parties and the documents on record, the only limited question which has to be answered is :

"Whether the land in question or any part thereof is a

adopted three (3) criteria for identification of forest which are as under:

(a) 75% of tree composition should be the forestry species,

(b) The area should be contiguous to the Govt. forest and if in isolation, the minimum area should be 5 Ha,

(c) Canopy density should not be less than 0.4.

11. *It is an admitted fact that Karapurkar Committee has identified some PTS Nos. in Xelpem village in their Report and PTS Nos. 44, 45, 47, 48, 49, 64, 65 and 66 were listed in the Report with the total 28 hectares of identified private forest area. The Committee has also recorded the observation that part of the forest area has been cleared for construction of roads for the purpose of developing the same into residential colonies. The same is required to be stopped forthwith. Lower slopes and the plain land down below are having plantation crop and paddy fields and few munkarial houses. Upper slopes of the dongar consist of natural vegetation while the lower parts are already developed. Developed area can be separated from the natural forest by carrying out detailed ground survey.*

12. *The Forest Department carried out the ground survey for actual identification and demarcation of private forest area as per the orders of the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay, at Goa. The Forest Department filed an Affidavit on 26-6-2006 mentioning that the Xelpem area has been investigated and 12.61 Ha of private forest has been identified and demarcated. It is a matter of record that the Forest Department submitted progress report of the work of identification and demarcation of private forest before the Hon'ble High Court and in Affidavit dated 30-6-2008 recorded that the said identified private forest land by SLEC about 28 Ha has actually 2.84 Ha of private forest. Subsequently, the Forest Department filed another Affidavit on 11-12-2009 mentioning that there was an error which was committed in the transfer of data and accordingly it is submitted that Xelpem area has 12.61 Ha of private forest and this block comprise of PTS Nos. 47, 48, 65 and 66 of Xelpem village.*

13. *Looking into this controversy and also the fact that there is clear mention of term "demarcation", this Tribunal asked the Forest Department about availability of such map of demarcation which was responded in affirmative and therefore, on 14-8-2014 the Forest Department was directed to submit the authentic copy of such map prepared by Forest Department, identifying and demarcating 12.61 Ha area as private forest out of the land in question. The Forest Department submitted this map on record through affidavit dated 27th September 2014. The Affidavit states that the land in question under PTS Nos. 47, 48, 65, 66 and 70 of Mapusa city was visited by survey team of the Forest Department*

Shetgaonkar, S.D.F.O. and Dy. Conservator of Forest, North Goa Division. The map also indicates the boundary of private forest identified, extent of private forest and also the Chalta Nos. involved in the petition. The map also indicates that the identified forest area is in "C" shape and also indicates habitation surrounding this identified forest area. The Affidavit also refers to the survey report prepared by the Team of "Eight Officers" dated 12-5-2005 which also indicates that the identified area is demarcated by pegs from Nos.1 to 27.

15. *In the above context, Mr. Rafique Dada, Learned Senior Advocate for Respondent Nos.9 to 11, submits that there is total confusion and lack of clarity in the submissions made by the Forest Department. The Forest Department has listed different PTS Nos. in different progress reports and therefore, the submissions made by the Forest Department cannot be relied upon. It is his contention that 12.61 Ha land is shown to be the forest area in PTS Nos. 47, 48, 65 and 66 and not only in 47 and 48. He also refers to the Affidavit of the Forest Department dated 30-6-2008 where only 2.84 Ha land is shown as the forest area which is more or less matching with the Expert Consultants engaged by the Respondents. He also claims that Karapurkar Committee has never visited the area and the findings are solely based on the information collected from secondary data. He also relied on the reports of Expert Consultants which factually refutes the allegations that the said area is forest by substantiating the findings in terms of the three (3) criterias of forest identification adopted by Karapurkar Committee. He also relied on the map produced by the Forest Department in the Criminal Case filed against the Respondents for felling of the trees where only two (2) plots of total 2.84 ha area, are shown as forest area. It is his submission that when enquired under R.T.I. Act, the Forest Department has submitted that there are no survey reports or maps for the said identification and demarcation of 12.61 Ha of private forest area.*

16 *Countering this, learned Advocate for the Applicants, Mrs. Norma Alvares submits that though she has prayed for declaring entire area of 28 Hectares as forest, she is willing to accept the findings of the Forest Department, identifying and demarcating 12.61ha private forest, as an exceptional case without prejudice to other cases. She contends that the Writ Petition was filed in the year 2003. Subsequently, there was interim stay granted by the Hon'ble High Court. The Forest Department has filed progress reports from time to time, particularly, in 2006 and 2009 where it is clearly recorded that total 12.61 ha of land in question has been identified and demarcated as private forest. She submits that in spite of being a party to this Writ Petition, the Respondents have neither filed any Affidavit nor any say before the Hon'ble High Court. They have now come with a report allegedly prepared by Expert Consultants in October. November 2005. This fact was never*

was also then prepared. The statement of Shankarrao Fadtare dated 4-5-2012 also record that the illegal cutting of 467 number of trees and damages caused to standing 217 number of trees due to fire in identified and demarcated private forest area under PTS sheet Nos. 47, 48, 65 and 71. Further the statement of Mr. Lucindo Faria i.e. Respondent No.9 dated 4-5-2012 also records the identified and demarcated private forest area. It is her contention that the Respondents were fully aware that the area has been identified and demarcated as private forest and therefore, in order to exclude this area from covering under the 3 criteria adopted for private forest identification, such illegal tree cutting was practiced. It is her contention that the map which is relied upon by the Respondents is a matter of record in the criminal case only, which clearly shows that the two (2) plots have been the present forest patches as were found present in 2012. She also draws attention to the boundary of such plot which exactly resembles the original map of demarcation prepared by Forest Department in the year 2005. She also contends that this map do not have the signatures of SLEC or team of forest officials and is only support document in criminal case. As far as R.T.I. inquiry is concerned, she pleads that in case the Respondents are aggrieved by non supply of the material and documents by the Forest Department, they can take suitable action under R.T.I. Act against the officials. She pleads that, however, non providing information and documents by the government department cannot negate the existence of the official documents.

17. *In view of the above contentions, we have perused both the maps, one submitted by Forest Department in its Affidavit dated 27-4-2014 and also by the Respondents which was received through Respondent No.1 (page 209). It is clearly evident from the survey report dated 12-5-2005 that the area of 12.61 Ha was identified and demarcated by placing pegs on ground in PTS Nos. 66, 70, 47, 48 and 65. The map also clearly shows the boundary of the private forest and the extent of the private forest. The various Google images produced by the Applicants as well as Respondents clearly indicate that the terrain and its description match with the observations of Karapurkar Committee. It is a matter of record that the Petitioner originally moved to the Hon'ble High Court for restoration of certain plots to its original state by removing the development work, claiming that the said land is a private forest. The Hon'ble High Court has expanded the scope of petition and subsequently transferred the matter to this Tribunal. The reports of the Sawant and Karapurkar Committees are before the Apex Court and this Tribunal has also dealt on this issue in Application No.14 and 16 of 2013 which was decided on 30-07-2014.*

18. *Considering above discussion, we are of the considered opinion that there is no substantial reason for interfering in the findings of the Forest Department regarding identification and demarcation of 12.61 Ha of private forest land in village Xelpem. The forest*

repeated directions and orders of the Hon'ble High Court, as well as this Tribunal, is resulting into massive tree cutting and destruction. This is happening only due to lack of serious lack of proper approach and apathy of the Forest Department. Such activities may lead to drastic reduction of forest areas, particularly in the areas where such demarcation work is still not completed. Any further delay will cause further loss of forest areas, as is evident from the present case, where SLEC identified 28 Ha of private forest in year 2000, and the Forest department could demarcate only 12.61 Ha of forest in year 2005. We also share the concern raised by Mrs. Norma Alvares, learned counsel that even in the identified and demarcated private forest, the offence of tree cuttings are dealt under Prevention of Trees Act and not, under the stringent Forest Conservator Act. We, therefore, direct Chief Secretary to issue necessary instructions to the Forest Department.

20. *The Application is, therefore, partly allowed declaring 12.61 ha. of the land in question, as identified and demarcated by the Forest Department, as a private forest. The Forest department is directed to take all necessary steps immediately to preserve and protect this forest land as per the Law. Any construction on said land if so done be demolished within eight (8) weeks by the Collector, North Goa.*

21. *We also make it clear that the directions issued by Hon'ble High Court of Bombay at Goa in M.A. No.350/2003 in W.P. No.286/2003 on 2/7/2003 as referred in Para 3 above will continue to remain in force till entire demarcation work of private forest is completed in the State.*

The Application is disposed of. No costs."

23. Above facts narrated in the judgment and the facts as narrated in the application reveals that the applicant was given opportunity of hearing at every stage and the applicant has contested the matter at every forum on this ground the application is not maintainable.

24. The evidence on record, copy of the judgment and the narration in the application reveals that the applicants regularly contested the matter before every platform and they were heard and matter has been finally decided, and they cannot be given an opportunity of hearing for indefinite period or till the matter is decided in their favour. It needs no restatement

and not of the person who is delaying the proceedings. Public interest is an undoubtly is a paramount consideration in exercising the course discretion wherever conferred upon it by the relevant statutes. Pursuing stale claims and multiplicity proceedings in a no manner sub-serves public interest. Public interest demands that the state or the persons involve in it as the case may be should not be allowed to indulged in any act to unsettle the settled legal rights accrued in law by resorting to avoidable litigation unless the claimants are guilty of deriving benefit to rich they are otherwise not entitled, in any fraudulent manner or pending the litigation for time immemorial. Dragging the matter to courts of law years after years, would not serve any public interest. Settled matters cannot be lightly interfered by the unending litigations.

25. Accordingly, since the matter is pending since long and the matter has been surveyed identified and demarcated by more than 4 times by the Forest Department by the Committee as mentioned above and there was litigation pending before the Hon'ble Apex Court and Hon'ble High Court and issue was heard and decided by National Green Tribunal Bench at Pune, we are of the view that matter should come to end and the report submitted by the Sharma Committee be accepted intoto. Accordingly, both the I.A No. 240/2020 and I.A No. 254/2020 are rejected.

26. After considering the above, we direct as follows:

i) 41.20 sq km area demarcated by Forest Department and 4.91 sq km identified by the Sharma Committee totaling 46.11 sq km is confirmed and accepted as private forest.

iii) We appreciate the efforts by Goa Foundation through its Secretary Dr. Claude Alvares and Ms. Norma Alvares, Learned Sr. Counsel for agitating the matter and finalizing it which was to be done by the State of Goa and by means of filing the application and contesting it at this stage has taken efforts to finalizing it which is a matter to be taken on record. In light of above facts the Goa Foundation should be paid the amount of fees paid while filing this application and also cost of litigation to be decided by the State of Goa and to be reasonably compensated. We leave it on the State of Goa to decide the amount of cost of litigation which should be accepted by the applicant without any contest.

27. Accordingly the Original application is finally decided.

28. A copy of the order be sent to the Chief Secretary of the State of Goa, Chief Conservator of Forest, Goa and Secretary to Goa Foundation for information and compliance.

29. In view of the above, Original Application No. 479 of 2018 and I.A. No. 531/2019, I.A. No. 155/2019, I.A. No. 156/2019, I.A. No. 157/2019, I.A. No. 240/2020& I.A. No. 254/2020 stand disposed of with no orders as to cost.

Sheo Kumar Singh, JM